THE REVIEW

CIRCULATION - - - - - - 2000

Arrival and Departure of Mails at the Post Office in Crawfordsville.

THORNTOWN, by Hack arrives Mondays and Fridays.....7 P. M.
" Departs Tuesdays & Saturdays.....11 A. M.
ALAMO, by hack arrives Wednesdays and Saturdays.....10 A. M.
" departs same days at.....1 P. M.
ROCKVILLE, by hack, arrives Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays....4½ P. M
" departs Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays.....8½ A. M.
NEWTOWN, by carrier arrives Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays....12 M.
" departs same days at.....1 P. M.

ADDRESS

Of the Democratic Members of Congress to the People of the United States

The Alarming Strides Towards the Centralization of Power by the Radical Leaders.

The True Issues Involved in the Presidential Canvas of 1872.

The Position of the Democracy on the Fourteenth and Fifteenth Amendments to the Constitution.

A General Indictement of the Radical Conduct of Public Affairs.

WASHINGTON, April 20.—The Democrats in congress have just issued the following address to the people of the United states:

Our presence and official duties at Washington have enabled us to become fully acquainted with the actions and designs of those who control the Radical party, and we feel called upon to utter a few words of warning against the alarming strides they have made toward the centralization, of power in the hands of Congress and the Executive. The time and attention of the Radical leaders have been almost wholly directed to divising such legislation as will in their view, best preserve their ascendency, and no regard the wise restrains imposed by the Constitution has checked their reckless career. The President of the United States has formerly been announced as a candidate for re-election; the declaration of his selfish supporters have been re-echoed by a subsidized press, and the discipline of party has already made adhesion to his personal fortunes the supreme test of political fealty.

The partisan legislation to which we refer was decreed and shaped in secret caucus, where the extremest councils always dominated, and was accepted by a subsequent majority, if not with the intent, certainly with the effect, to place in the hands of the President the power to command his own renomination, and to employ the army, navy and militia, at his sole discretion, as means of subserving his personal ambition.

When the sad experience of the past two years, so disappointing to the hopes and generous confidences of the country, is considered, in connection with the violent utterances and rash purposes of those who control the President's policy, it is not surprising that the gravest apprehensions for the future peace of the nation should be entertained. At a time when labor is depressed and every mutual interest is palsied by oppressive taxation, public officers have been multiplied beyond all precedent to serve as instruments in the perpetuation of power. Partnership is the only test offered to distribute this vast patronage; honesty, fitness and moral worth are openly discarded in favor of truckling submition and dishonorable compliance. Hence enormous defalcations and wide spread corruption have followed, as natural consequences of this pernicious system.

By the official report of the Secretary of the Treasury, it appears that after the deduction of all proper credits, many millions of dollars remained due from ex-Collectors of Internal Revenue, and no proper diligence has ever been used to collect them.

Reforms in the revenue and fiscal system, which all experience demonstrates to be necessary, a frugal administration of Government, as well as a measure of relief to an overburdened people, have been presistently postponed or willfully neglected. Congress now adjourns without even attempting to reduce taxation or repeal glaring imposition by which industry is crushed and impoverished. The Treasury is overflowing; an excess of eighty millions of revenue is admitted, and yet in some measure of present relief a barren and delusive resolution is passed by the Senate to consider a tariff and excise systems hereafter, as if the history of broken pledges and unapplied remedies furnished any better assurance for the future legislation than experience has done in the past.

Ship-building and the carrying trade, once sources of national pride, and prosperity, now languish under a crushing load of taxation, and nearly every other business interest is struggling without profit to maintain itself. Our agriculturalists, while paying heavy taxes on all they consume, either to Government or to monopolists, find the prices of their products so reduced that honest labor is denied its just reward, and honest industry is prostrated by invidious discrimination. Nearly 200,000,000 acres of public lands, which should have been reserved for the benefit of the people have been voted away to great corporations, neglecting our soldiers, and enriching a handful of greedy speculators and lobbyists, who were thereby enabled to exercise the most dangerous and corrupting influences over State and Federal legislation. If the career of these conspirators be not checked, the downfall of free government is inevitable, and with it the elevation of a military dictatorship on the ruins of the republic.

Under pretense of passing laws for the enforcement of the Fourteenth Amendment, and for other purposes, Congress has conferred the most despotic powers upon the Executive, and provided an official machinery by which the liberties of the people are menaced, and the sacred rights of self-governments of the States ignored, if not tyranically overthrown. Modeled up to the sedition laws, so odious in history, they are at variance with all the sanctified theories of our institutions, and the construction given by these Radical interpretators of the Fourteenth Amendment, is, to use the language of an eminent Senator (Trumbull, of Illinois), an annihilation of the States.

Under the last enforcement bill the Executive may, in his discretion, thrust aside the government of any State, suspend the writ of *habeas corpus*, arrest its governor, imprison or disperse its legislature, silence its judges, and trample down its people under the armed heel of his troops. Nothing is left to the citizens or State which can any longer be called a right. All is changed into mere sufferance.

Our hopes for redress are in the calm, good sense, the sober second thought of the American people. We call upon them to be true to themselves, and to their posts, and disregard party names and minor differences, to insist upon a decent equalization of power, the restriction of Federal authority within its just and proper limits, leaving to the States that control over their domestic affairs which is essential to their happiness, tranquility and good government.

Everything that malicious ingenuity could suggest has been done to irritate the people of the Middle and Southern States. Gross and exaggerated charges of disorder and violence owe their origin to the mischievious minds of the political managers in the Senate and House of Representatives, to which the Executive has, we regret to say, lent his aid, and thus helped to influence the popular feeling.

In all this course of hostile legislation and harsh resentment no word of conciliation, of kind encouragement and fraternal fellowship has ever been spoken by the President or by Congress to the people of the Southern States. They have been addressed only in the language of proscription. We earnestly entreat our fellow citizens in all parts of the Union to spare no efforts to maintain peace and order, to carefully protect the rights of every citizen, to preserve kindly relations among all men, and discourage any violations of the rights of any portion of the people secured under the constitution or any of its amendments.

Let us, in conclusion, earnestly beg of you not to aid the present attempts of radical partizans to stir up strife in the land, to renew the issues of the war, or to obstruct the return of peace and prosperity to the Southern States because it is thus that they seek to divert the attention of the country from the corruption and extravagance of their administration of public offices and the dangerous and profligate attempts they are making towards the creation of the centralized military Government.

In five years of peace, following the war, the Radical Administration have expended $1,200,000,000 for ordinary purposes alone, being within $200,000,000 of the aggregate amount spent for the same purposes in war and in peace, during the seventy-one years preceding June 30, 1861, not including in either case the sum paid upon the principal or interest of the public debt.

It is trifling with the intelligence of the people for the Radical leaders to pretend that this vast sum has been honestly expended. The expenditures of Government for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1861, were only $62,000,000, while for precisely the same purposes the civil list, army, navy, pensions and Indians, $163,000,000 were expended during the fiscal year ending June 4, 1870.

No indignation can be too stern, and no scorn too severe, for assertions by unscrupulous Radical leaders that the great Democratic and Conservative party of the Union has, or can have, sympathy with disorders or violence in any part of the country, or in the deprivation of any man of his rights under the Constitution. It is to protect and perpetuate the right which every freeman cherishes, to revive in all hearts the feeling friendship, affection, and harmony, which are the best guarantees of law and order, and to throw around the humblest citizen, wherever he may be, the protection of these safeguards of personal safety which the fundamental law of the land assures, that we invoke the aid of all good men in the work of peace and reconciliation. We invite their generous co-operation, irrespective of all former difference of opinion, so that the harsh voice of discord may be relieved; that a new and dangerous sectional agitation may be checked; that the burdens of taxation, direct or indirect, may be reduced to the lowest point consistent with good faith to every just national obligation, and with the strictly economical administration of the Government, and that the States may restored in their integrity and relations to our Federal Union. [Here follows the signatures of all Democratic Senators and most of of the Representatives.]

A TRAVELING ACQUAINTANCE.

What Happened to a Man Who Made Friends with Strangers.

From the Detroit Free Press, April 15.

A few days ago the police picked up a man near the central station who was acting in a curious way, and he proved to be as mad as a March hare. Getting to the station he was afraid of every one, and, though suffering severely for want of a drink, could not for some time be prevailed upon to touch water. The man could not give his name, but a search of his papers proved that he was an emigrant bound for Chicago. He had his railway tickets with him, but no money, and could not tell anything concerning himself. He passed a very restless night at the station, groaning and suffering much pain with his head, and the next morning was taken to the county insane asylum.

A night or two since, as already published, a lady living several miles out of the city on the Chicago road, brought in a bundle of clothing and traps which had been found near her house in a vacant field, and these were identified as belonging to the crazy man. It was also found that he had been sleeping in a barn near where the clothes were found, and had been seen jumping and running about in the field where his bundle was found. Yesterday morning, the Superintendent of the asylum brought Coleman into the city, almost fully recovered of his illness, and the man proceeded to the station and identified his things. He said that he was an emigrant, bound through to Chicago, and from thence to California, and left Port Huron in company with several acquaintences. Soon after leaving that place he was accosted by a stranger, who was very inquisitive as to the financial standing of Coleman, and hearing that his ultimate destination was California, was probably led to believe that he had considerable money with him. The scoundrel stuck to Coleman until the Grand Trunk Junction was reached and then asked him to get off the train and get a drink. Coleman's friends warned him against the man, but he thought he might give offense by refusing, and therefore accompanied the man to a saloon. The stranger called for a liquor which was not to be had, and induced the emigrant to accompany him to another. They walked up the track apiece and then Coleman became alarmed and would go no further. The fellow then stated that he had a pocket-flask of liquor, and the emigrant took a small sip. The two then started back for the train, when the victim felt his head swim, his throat burn, and had no definite idea of what followed until coming to his right mind at the County Asylum. He remembered lying on the ground with the man searching him, and seeing the train go off through the darkness, and feeling a powerful desire to get up and run away, and there came several days of indistinct recollection and pain. The human hyena who drugged him evidently thought the bundle contained nothing of value, and he got but a few shillings in money from his victim's pockets, as Coleman was to get his money in Chicago. For two or thee day Coleman was wandering about the fields, knowing nothing, and traveling which ever way his mad fancy led him, and in this way found his road into the city. The pain in his head was not all gone yesterday, and his mind was not quite right, but he at length took the train. It may be days before the victim returns to his sound reason. The rascal who fixed the dose for him cared not a bit whether the victim recovered or not, and was, no doubt, of that class which will at any time put a man's life in jeopardy for the smallest hope of gain.

DOES THE EARTH'S CRUST VIBRATE?

The Attraction of the Sun and Moon Sets up Waves in our Firm set Ball—an Ingenious Marylander's Mode of Accounting for Earthquakes and other Disturbances.

Mr. William T. Steiger, of Maryland, has communicated in letters to Hon. Charles Mason and Professor A. R. Roessler, of Washington, the results of some ingenious experiments upon the changes in the direction of gravity and his conclusions from them. The latter gentleman, who is United States Geologist, referred the letters to the Literal Club, where they were read the other night, but have not yet been discussed. Mr. Steiger's general conclusions are as follows:

A—That there is a general vibratory movement or elongation of the whole crust of the earth, which movement is necessarily slow, and depends upon the aggregate action of our planetary system.

B—That in addition to this movement there is another, due to the direct action of the sun and moon, the power of the former being derived from the immensely superior size, and that of the latter from its proximity to our globe.

C—That these regular elongations are accompained by irregular disturbances, attributable to local causes, chiefly changes of atmospheric pressure, and gradual accretions and sudden diminutions of the internal matter of the crust.

Careful observations upon bullets suspended by silk fibre to poles firmly fixed in the ground, shaded from the wind, and swinging freely, as well as upon accurately adjusted dipping needles first suggested to this observer's mind that the earth is a plastic body, yielding to external forces, and changing its contour constantly in obedience to their attractions. That independently of the tides of the ocean there are also three or more tides of the whole crust in twenty-four hours, which tides are themselves insensible earthquakes and rise to a height, and occur at times, depending upon the relative position of the sun, moon, and planets. If these points can be demonstrated by further observations the following important consequences of his hypothesis are thrown out by the author:

1. It confirms the netular theory and the liquified condition of our planet.

2. It will throw light upon the causes of earthquakes or violent undulations of the crust; these, in accordance with the true pathological theory, being only prolongations of the mild disturbances which normally take place.

3. It will account for the so-called "neap" tides.

4. It will go far to explain the cause of storms and irregular winds, and why the storms move in curved lines, as recently ascertained.

5. The extraordinary risings and fallings of the barometer are in part due to this cause; and

6. It may go far to account for the conflicts and disagreements in those delicate astronomical observations ascribed to defective mechanical constructions of the instruments or clumsy manipulation of them.

The importance of these consequences to the progress of general science will doubtless cause this hypothesis, which seems very plausible, especially as relating to earthquakes, to be carefully inquired into by competent physicists.

"The Higher Civilization."

A military ball came off at Columbia, South Carolina, on the 1st inst., at which was a reporter of the New York *Sun*, who gives a full account of the delicate affair. The colored *ton* of the place are the Misses Rollin, of whom the reporter says:

"The Misses Rollin were accompained by the white Senator, McIntyre, of Colleton, Rollin. The Senator, who is a very small man, was attired in a full evening dress of black, and in his buttonhole bloomed a rosebud which had been plucked by Miss Lottie. The Senator was decidedly the most graceful dancer on the floor, and won unbounded admiration by the skill with which he executed some of the most difficult *pas seuls*.

* * * Miss Lottie presented a very beautiful appearance. She danced very frequently with her betrothed. She is easy and graceful on the floor, and excited the highest admiration as she floated about clasped in the arm of Senator McIntyre."

There were whites present, of one of whom the *Sun's* reporter remarks:

"Among the white ladies present, and one that attracted much attention for her beauty and elegance of attire, was Mrs. Coviesart, the wife of a Northern man, a merchant in this city. Mrs. Coviesart presented a lovely appearance. She was dressed in plain white, with flowers and no jewelry. She is also a beautiful dancer, and attracted much attention in the Varsovienne, in which she had as a partner Alderman Minort, who is equally graceful in that beautiful dance. The Alderman is a colored man, but is very fine looking and elegant in his manners. He clasped his fair partner as firmly as an iron band clasps a cotton bale, and undulated softly to the music like a ground swell on the beach."

That is what is called the "higher civilization" which the war has produced; a white man clasping the waist of a negress in the dance; a negro clasping the waist of a white woman. That sort of civilization, while it may be worse, we hope, is not as catching as the small-pox.

LOST ON THE PRAIRIE.

Two Little Girls Die from Exposure.

A most deplorable event transpired nine miles east of Council Bluffs during the wild storm of Sunday night. The *Nonpareil* thus chronicles it:

Two little girls named Robinson, aged respectively nine and eleven years, were lost on the prairie, and one, if not both, died of exposure to the storm.

They were allowed to go upon a visit to a house of a neighbor, distant about a mile. They remained there until evening, and then started to return. The storm had commenced, but no apprehension was felt as to their safety. As they journeyed on, however, they lost their way, and wandered over the country in all that terrible uproar of the elements, far into the night. At last one of them, the youngest, succumb to the cold and fatigue, and, unable to proceed, lay down and shortly died. Her sister, benumbed, and wild with grief and terror, stayed near her body for a length of time, and then, in an almost dying condition, endeavored to find the track again. She roamed about in this way several hours, until at daybreak Monday morning she found herself at home. She reached the house and told what had happened, when a party was immediately dispatched in search of the little girl's remains. They were found at a comparatively short distance and brought in. It is since reported that the eldest girl has died from the effects of the night's events.

MERCHANT TAILORS.

GERH SCHAFHAUSEN. H. HUSING.

SCHAFHAUSEN & HUSING,

MERCHANT TAILORS!

No. 6, Commercial Row,

GREEN STREET.

The Proprietors would respectfully inform the citizens of Crawfordsville and vicinity that they have opened up in the old Elliroth Room, a First-Class

TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT

and will promptly fill all orders for Clothing, manufactured from the best quality of Cloths, Cassimers, Velvet, &c.

We keep on hand all kinds of Furnishing Goods, which we sell at low figures. Particular attention given to

Cutting, Fitting & Making

all kinds of Clothing, in the latest and most fashionable styles. All work guaranteed to give satisfaction. Call and see us.

Sept,3tf

E. J. BINFORD & BRO.'S COL.

SIX GREAT REMEDIES!

DR. HURLEY'S COMP.

SYRUP OF SARSAPARILLA

With Iodide of Potash.

Prepared with Scientific Accuracy from the Purest Materials.

The great alterative and blood purifier, a certain remedy and cure for Scrofula, or King's Evil, Caries of the Bones, Pimples, Boils, and all Eruptions of the Skin, arising from impure blood; Costive Habit, Kidney disease, Dyspepsia, or Indigestion, Rheumatism, Jaundice Liver Complaint, Female Irregularities, Fistula, Piles, Syphillis or Secondary Syphilis, and all disorders arising from the imprudent use of Mercury.

Read the following certificate from a mechanic, well known.—It attests its wonderful power in skin diseases.

DR. HURLEY—SIR: My children have had eruptions all over the body for many months. It was frightfully bad on the face and head, and I thought it would remain during life. What was to be done? I doctored them, and I gave them everything I heard of or could think of; but all of no account. I tried your Sarsaparilla and in less than one week I had the happiness of observing them improve in health, and the disease disappearing. It has been observed by every one about here, and it is well known your medicine was the means.—They are now, thank God, perfectly well. JOHN O'SULLIVAN,
Grayson and Seventh Streets, Louisville, Ky.

I have examined the mode of preparation of Hurley's Compound Syrup of Sarsaparilla, and do not hesitate to recommend it as decidedly the most valuable preparation of that article now in use, R. H. ALLEN, M. D.

DR. HURLEY'S

Popular Worm Candy,

Is really all it claims to be. A SPECIFIC, removing all kinds and varieties of worms from the human viscera of young and old. No harmful effects from its use. No danger of an overdose. Children love it.

LOUISVILLE, August 30, 1869.

GENTLEMEN:—In consequence of the benefit I have received from the use of Dr. Hurley's Worm Candy in my family, I send you this, hoping you will make it public for the good of other parents. My wife and self are satisfied that but for the use of Hurley's Worm Candy, at least one of our children would have died. Both of our children are now well and hearty; they passed worms seven inches long. Any one doubting this can call and see me at corner 10th and Chestnut Streets, and I will give them proof of this and more.
Yours, with respect. M. HOEY.

DR. HURLEY'S

STOMACH BITTERS,

Is the remedy par excellence, for all diseases arising from Debility, Disordered Stomach, loss of Appetite, Torpid Liver, Indigestion, and all kindred ailments where a gentle and permanent stimulent is required. It fortifies the system against the trying effects of changes of climates and seasons, and invigorates and vitalizes failing nature and is a sure preventative of Chills and Fever.

INDIANAPOLIS, IND., Feb. 7, 1869.

GENTS: About two months ago I procured a bottle of Dr. Hurley's Bitters for my wife, thinking it a pleasant tonic, but not relying much on its medicinal virtues, and it cured her of a disease she had long been under treatment for. I was afflicted in a similar way and got some for my own use, and am happy to say that it has cured me. My disease was of the bladder and kidneys. It is certainly a splendid medicine, and being pleasant to take is quite a recommendation. We and our neighbors have no use for any other now.
Very respectfully, your friend,
J. L. BROWN.

DR. HURLEY'S

AGUE TONIC.

Purely Vegetable.—We make a standing offer of $100 in Gold, for every grain of Arsenic or Mercury, or any other Poison that may be found in its composition. If taken by directions, we guarantee it to cure, without producing buzzing in the head, partial deafness, or any other distressing effect so generally experienced from taking the usual remedies—arsenic, quinine, strychnine, &c.

NEW ALBANY, IND., May 28, 1868.

Dear Sir:—I was afflicted with ague for months, over a year. I tried Your Hurley's Ague Tonic was recommended by a friend. I got a bottle immediately, and commenced to take it according to direction, and have not been troubled with a chill since. I am satisfied that if it be taken according to directions it will cure any case of the ague. I recommend it to the suffering. Yours, truly,
Capt. VINCENT KIRK.

DR. SEABROOK'S

INFANT SOOTHING SYRUP.

Is fast becoming the indispensable remedy for the relief and cure of all pains and aches of our little ones. Thousands of mothers throughout the land are praising the inventor, and millions will yet do so when all know its intrinsic value in quieting restlessness, relieving Teething, Summer Complaint, Colic, Spasms, Irregularities of the Bowels, &c., &c.

LOUISVILLE, KY., Oct. 3, 1868.

GENTLEMEN:—We have for some time been using your Dr. Seabrook's Infant Soothing Syrup, and have given it a fair trial. For curing colic, removing pain, quieting restlessness, and relieving sick stomach, we have found it more efficacious than all other remedies we have ever used. It is very pleasant to the taste, while most remedies for colic, &c., are very nauseous. Another great merit that will commend itself to all parents is the entire absence of the stupifying effects on the child, so common in the use of Dewee's Mixture and other preparations we have used for similar diseases. We most cordially recommend it to all parents.
J. W. DAVIS, Sherriff Jefferson Co.
W. H. SETTLE.

DR. SEABROOK'S

ELIXIR OF BARK AND IRON.

This elegant combination of Calisaya, Phosphorus, Iron, Calamus, Cardamom, &c., with pure Apple Brandy, (see recipe on each bottle,) is winning "golden opinions" from Physicians and others who have used it in restoring appetite, giving color to the check, tone to the system and strength to the puny and chlorotic, invaluable in correcting Female Irregularities.

☞All prepared by the present proprietors for the trade only, at our Laboratory 41 Bellfis Street, Louisville, Ky., to whom all orders should be addressed.

J. W. SEATON & CO.

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April 71 1y Crawfordsville, Ind.

HOOFLAND'S MEDICINES.

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN MEDICINES

Hoofland's German Bitters,
Hoofland's German Tonic,
Hoofland's Podophyllin Pill,
Hoofland's Greek Oil.

Hoofland's German Bitters,

A Bitters without Alcohol or Spirits of any Kind.

Is different from all others. It is composed of the pure juices or Vital Principa. of Roots, Herbs and Barks (or as medicinally termed extracts,) the worthless or inert portions of the ingredients not being used. Therefore, in one bottle of this bitters there is contained as much medicinal virtue as will be found in several gallons of ordinary mixtures. The Roots, &c., used in this Bitters are grown in Germany their vital principles extracted in that country by a scientific Chemist and forwarded to the manufactory in this city, where they are compounded and bottled. Containing no spiritous ingredients, this Bitters is free from the objections urged against all others; no desire for stimulants can be induced from their use; they can not make drunkards, and cannot, under any circumstances, have any but a beneficial effect.

Hoofland's German Tonic

Was compounded for those not inclined to extreme bitters, and is intended for use in cases when some alcoholic stimulant is required in connection with the Tonic properties of the Bitters. Each bottle of the Tonic contains one bottle of the bitters, combined with pure Santa Cruz Rum, and flavored in such a manner that the extreme bitterness of the Bitters is overcome forming a preparation highly agreeable and pleasant to the palate, and containing the medicinal virtues of the bitters. The price of the Tonic is $1 50 per bottle, which many persons think too high. They must take into consideration that the stimulant used is guaranteed to be of a pure quality. A poor article could be furnished at a cheaper price, but is it not better to pay a little more and get a better article? A medicinal preparation should contain none but the best ingredients, and they who expect to obtain a cheap compound will most certainly be cheated.

They are the Greatest Known Remedies

For LIVER COMPLAINT, DESPEPSIA, NERVOUS DEBILITY, JAUNDICE, DISEASE OF THE KIDNEY ERUPTIONS OF THE SKIN, and all diseases arising from disordered Liver Stomach or IMPURITY OF THE BLOOD.

Read the following symptoms.

Constipation, Flatulence, Inward Piles, Fullness of Blood to the Head, Acidity of the Stomach, Nausea, Heart-burn, Disgust for Food, Fullness or Weight in the Stomach, Sour Eructations, Sinking or Fluttering at the Pit of the Stomach, Swimming of the Head, Hurried or Difficult Breathing, Fluttering at the Heart, Choking or Suffocating Sensation when in a Lying Posture, Dimness of Vision, Dots or Webs before the Sight, Dull Pain in the Head, Deficiency of Perspiration, Yellowness of the Skin Eyes, Pain in the Side, Back, Chest, Limbs, &c. Sudden Flushes of Heat, Burning in the Flesh, Constant imaginings of Evil, and Great Depression of Spirits. All these indicate disease of the Liver, or Digestive Organs combined with impure blood.

The use of the Bitters or Tonic will soon cause the above symptoms to disappear, and the patient will become well and healthy.

Dr. Hoofland's Greek Oil,

Lightning Cure for all kinds of Pain and Aches.

APPLIED EXTERNALLY.—It will cure all Kinds of Pains and Aches, such as Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Toothache, Chilblains, Sprains, Bruises, Frost Bites, Headache, Pain in the Back and Loins, Pains in the Joints and Limbs, Stings of Insects, Ringworms, &c.

TAKEN INTERNALLY.—It will cure Kidney Complaints, Backaches, Sick Headache, Colic, Dysentry, Diarrhoea, Cholera Infantum, Cholera Morbus, Cramps and pains in the Stomach, Fever and Ague Coughs, Colds, Asthma, etc.

Dr. Hoofland's Podophyllin,

OR SUBSTITUTE FOR MERCURY PILL.

Two Pills a Dose.

The most powerful yet innocent Vegetable Cathartic known.

It is not necessary to take a handful of these Pills to produce the desired effect; two of them act quickly and powerfully; cleansing Liver, Stomach and Bowels of all impurities. The principal ingredient is Phodophyllin, or the Alcoholic Extract of Mandrake, which is by many times more Powerful, Acting and Searching, than the Mandrake itself. The peculiar action is upon the Liver, cleaning it speedily from all obstructions, with all the power of Mercury, yet free from the injurious resul s attached to the use of that mineral.

For all diseases, in which the use of cathartic is indicated, these Pills will give entire satisfaction in every case. They never fail

In case of Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia and extreme costiveness, Dr. Hoofland's German Bitters or Tonic should be used in connection with the Pills. The tonic effect of the Bitters or Tonic builds up the system. The Bitters or Tonic purifies the Blood, strengthens the Nerves and regulates the Liver, and gives strength, energy and vigor.

Keep your bowels active with the Pills, and tone up the system with Bitters or Tonic, and no disease can retain its hold, or ever assail you.

These Medicines are sold by all Druggists and dealers in medicines everywhere.

Recollect that it is Dr. Hoofland's German Remedies, that are so universally used and recommended; do not allow the druggist to induce you to take anything else that he may say is just as good, because he makes a larger profit on it. These Remedies will be sent by express to any locality, upon application to the PRINCIPAL OFFICE, at the German Medicine Store, 631 Arch Street, Philadelphia.

CHAS. M. EVANS, Proprietor
Formerly C. M. JACKSON & CO

These Remedies are for sale by Druggists, Storekeepers, and Medicine Dealers everywhere throughout the United States and Canadas South America and the West Indies

july2 '70 1y

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Is now receiving a

New and Complete Stock of

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They are all

FIRST CLASS GOODS

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August14,1869y1.

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T. W. FRY & CO.

Have just opened a fine assortment of

Drugs, Paints,
Chemicals,
Oils, Dye Stuffs,
Toilet & Fancy
ARTICLES,
Cigars & Tobacco,

OF THE FINEST QUALITY.

☞CALL and see us, Exchange Block, Main street, 1 door West Corner Book Store.

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TO THE LADIES.

A CARD TO THE LADIES

DR. DUPONCO'S

Golden Periodical Pills,

For Females.

Infallible in Correcting Irregularities, Removing Obstructions of the Monthly Turns, from whatever Cause, and always Successful as a Preventative.

Ladies! If Any Druggist

Offers you the DUPONCO GOLDEN PILLS in a small Red or Yellow box, refuse it. I no longer use this box. Ask for the NEW STYLE BOXES containing double quantity of Pills, and upon each box you will find the Revenue Stamp, printed from my PRIVATE DYE, upon which, lengthwise of the stamp, you will find printed the words DUPONCO'S GOLDEN PERIODICAL PILLS in white letters; without that none are genuine.

N. B. The small Red and Yellow boxes are no longer used. Every box is signed,
S. D. HOWE,
(sole proprietor) New York.

Price $1,00 per box, six boxes $5,00
Sold in Crawfordsville by

E. J. BINFORD & BRO.,
Druggists.

Sole Agents for Crawfordsville.

Ladies by sending them $1,00 through the Crawfordsville post office can have the pills sent (confidentially) by mail to any part of the country free of postage.

Sold also by Shaw & Collins, Brazil, Geo. E. Cuming & Co., Lafayette, Browning & Sloan and Stewart & Morgan, Indianapolis, Ind.

june11 '70

JEWELER.

The Old Watchmaker Come Again!

THE FIRST TIME SINCE THE

GREAT FIRE!!!

JAMES PATTERSON

IS ESTABLISHED

Where his Numerous Old Friends

AND CUSTOMERS

May Readily Obtain His Services

FOR THE REPAIRING OF

Watches, Clocks & Jewelry.

He has also just purchased a more elegant stock of New Watches, Clocks, Jewelry and Spectacles than was ever before offered in this market. Call in and see him at his new stand in the "Old Corner Book Store," with L. A. Foote.

JAMES PATTERSON.

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HOMEOPATHIST.

P. B. HOYT, M. D.

HOMEOPATHIST and SURGEON.

OFFICE and Residence on South Green Street, Crawfordsville, Indiana.

Nov19 1870y1.

GROCERIES.

NEW FIRM.

NEW GOODS.

NEW PRICES.

JOHN BRITTON & CO.,

Have purchased the

Grocery Establishment

Heretofore owned by Judge Riley,

On Washington Street,

Four doors south of the National Bank, have added to

Large Invoice of New Goods

To the stock already on hand, and have now sale a large and well selected stock of

FAMILY GROCERIES,

Of the finest qualities; which they propose to sell on as reasonable terms as any house in the city. Those wishing to buy for either

CASH OR COUNTRY PRODUCE

Will do well to call on us, as we are determined not to be undersold by any one.

Remember the place, directly oppos ite the old pump, on south Washington street

ly2 ain2

CARRIAGES and BUGGIES.

CRAWFORDSVILLE

CARRIAGE & WAGON WORKS.

Buggies,
Carriages,
Express Wagons, and
Farmers' Wagons,

Of every pattern, and of superior finish, kept on hand and

MADE to ORDER

We possess devices for the adjustment of Axletrees and Tires, which reduce the draft fully one-third. These devices are possessed by no other Carriage Factory in the United States.

We are daily in receipt of letters from persons who are using our vehicles in various parts of Indiana and Illinois, certifying that in lightness of draft these vehicles have never been equaled.

DOHERTY & DEIGHTON
CRAWFORDSVILLE, INDIANA.

☞Remember the place, Washington street opposite Center Church,
DOHERTY & DEIGHTON.

mar6'69y1oct. 16.

PLOW MANUFACTORY.

CRAWFORDSVILLE

PLOW

MANUFACTORY.

BROWER & M'GILLIS,

PROPRIETORS.

The CRAWFORDSVILLE PLOW MANUFACTORY is now in successful operation. It is supplied with all the latest

IMPROVED MACHINERY,

And the quality of work turned out is second to none in the country.

The farmers of the Northwest will find it to their advantage to purchase our plows, which consists of all the best paterns, including the

RICHMOND,

HAMILTON,

and ROVER.

None but the BEST material is used in manufacturing.

Our Plows are for sale at the

Hardware and Agricultural Stores In the City.

All orders from abroad promptly filled with Dispatch. jan 16

HOTEL.

RICHARDSON HOUSE.

Corner Washington and Market Streets,

One Square North of Court House

CRAWFORDSVILLE, INDIANA.

Z. R. RICHARDSON, Proprietor

☞Omnibus to and from all Trains.

February 20 1869y