

THE WEEKLY REVIEW.



CRAWFORDSVILLE, IND.

Saturday, May 7, 1859.

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY MORNING BY CHARLES H. BOWEN.

The Crawfordville Review, furnished to subscribers at \$1.50 in advance, or \$3.00 per annum, if not paid within the year.

CIRCULATION
LARGER THAN ANY PAPER PUBLISHED IN CRAWFORDSVILLE.
Advertises call up and examine our list of SUBSCRIBERS.

S. H. PARSONS, South East corner Columbia and Main streets, Cincinnati, Ohio; is our Agent to procure advertisements.

Notice to Advertisers.
Hereafter all Legal Advertising will be charged as transient advertising—one dollar a square, or ten lines, for the first insertion; and twenty-five cents for every subsequent insertion.

C. H. BOWEN, JEROME KEENEY.

For President in 1860, STEPHEN A. DOUGLAS.

Subject to the decision of the Democratic National Convention, to be held at Charleston, South Carolina.

NEW ALBANY & SALEM RAIL ROAD.

TIME TABLE.
Trains leave the Crawfordville Depot as follows:
Going North.
Accommodation 11 A. M.; Freight 2:40 P. M.; Through Express 7 P. M.

Going South.
Through Express 5 A. M.; Freight 5:55 A. M. M.; Accommodation 4:15 P. M.

The Accommodation Train going North connects with trains for Indianapolis, Cincinnati and Chicago.

R. E. BRYANT, Agent.

ADDITIONAL BILL OF RATES.

Notice is hereby given, that from and after this date, our charges will be—
For "Yearly" or "Review"—one dollar a square for first insertion; and fifty cents for each subsequent insertion; for the same, for any advertisement, editorial or special notice, of "Circulation Company," "Chinese Jugglers," or notice of making application for "License" for the retail of Ardent Spirits. The payment to be made in advance.
These rates have been adopted for self-preservation; and from which, there will be no deviation.

JEREMIAH KEENEY.

April 16, 1859.

NOTICE TO LIQUOR SELLERS.

Those persons living in our community, knowing themselves to be lazy, trifling, and honery, can get their applications for license published in our next issue by paying us one dollar per line for the first insertion, and fifty cents for each additional insertion. The application must be made next week to be legal.

The New Country.—An effort is being made by Mr. Durham & Co., to cut off from Montgomery county the townships of Brown and Scott to form, with additions from Parke and Putnam, a new County. Durham is unquestionably trying to play what he thinks, a deep game. In order to advance his own individual ends he wishes to ruin the entire county. Brown township forms the best portion of the county and its severance would occasion a serious drawback to the interest and prosperity of the county at large. We are assured by those who know, that Durham's sharp financiering will be nipped in the bud. The citizens of Brown and Scott when they come to see through the knavery of the scheme, will repudiate the authors. We shall speak more at length in regard to this subject in our next issue.

CORPORATION OFFICERS.

The Corporation election on Monday last, resulted in the selection of the following officers:

- Trustees.**
1st Ward—Robert H. Craig.
2d " Jacob Christman,
3d " Taylor Buffington,
4th " Charles H. Bowen,
5th " Josephus Robinson.
Clerk—Thomas T. Scott.
Treasurer—Henry R. Canine.
Assessor—William P. Ramey.
Marshal—George W. Driskill.

Read the advertisement, in another column, of Wheeler and Wilson's Sewing Machines. They are without exception the best machines manufactured, and every household should purchase one now that the prices are reduced. J. B. Orvis is the agent and can be found at his office in Lafayette.

ANOTHER CHANGE.—Schults & Vandike have bought out the tobacco establishment of Augustus Nolte, Mr. Nolte leaving for Nebraska where he designs making his future home. The new firm have added largely to their stock of tobacco, cigars, snuff, &c., &c. Gentlemen who appreciate capital cigars will be sure to find them at Schults & Vandike's tobacco emporium.

We are now having lovely weather, last Thursday was a summer's day. The sun shone with unclouded brilliancy, with the thermometer ranging between eighty and ninety degrees.

Bromley's stock of dry goods, boots, shoes, hats and caps, is perfect. He has also just received a splendid stock of summer clothing, something new and desirable. Gentlemen call around.

THE WAR PROSPECTS IN EUROPE.

The latest indications from Europe, when duly weighed, afford no reasonable prospects of continued peace. The last Parliamentary "conversation" on the subject was, on the whole, far from reassuring. The general impression prevalent at London, as to the Italian imbroglio, at the latest dates, is probably very correctly given in the following comments of the London Times:

"If the circumstances of this debate offer slender hopes of a peaceful adjustment, and if the Ministers spoke with true forboding of the result of the proposal to Sardinia, which, as the telegraph has just informed us, has been rejected, our despair is by no means occasioned by the gravity of the matters in difference. The danger is not in the avowed grievances, but in the unwavering designs. It is the incongruous character of the declared objects of France and Russia when viewed in relation to the position of the Powers who put forward those objects that the difficulty lies. It is vain to attempt to clear away difficulties in a path in which the halting traveler has no time to proceed.

Lord Clarendon put the point epigrammatically, but justly, when he said that "one despotic Power has proposed to another despotic Power that by means of a Congress a third despotic power shall pave the way for liberal institutions in Italy." There can be no sincerity in such a course as this. The parties to such a compact cannot be sincerely tending towards the object they avow. It is this conviction which has induced a very general despair of the preservation of peace, and which prompted those earnest appeals which Ministers last night addressed from their places in Parliament to the Powers now so wantonly provoking this terrible war of principles and of passions."

LOOK OUT FOR THE ENGINE WHEN THE BELL RINGS!

American Genius Again Triumphant!

Utility, strength, novelty, neatness, and most perfect adaptation are all combined in the vehicle with which J. W. Cumberland expects to visit the farmers of Montgomery county, as far as possible, between this and next harvest. An elephant converted into a buggy horse would be no greater novelty than to see a reaper metamorphosed, first, into a pleasure carriage, then into a mover, then into a cart or log wagon, and so on alternately answering first for the one and then for the other. This wonder of the age is known as the Autman reaper, one of the large variety of reapers, mowers, self-raking reapers, one-horse reapers, and reapers and mowers combined, all of which may be seen at the agricultural ware house of Campbell Gale & Harter, No. 7 & 8, Commercial Row, Crawfordville, Ind. Mr. Cumberland with a mower converted into a carriage, proposes to visit some of the farmers, and give them ocular demonstration of the truth in the above statement. Reapers and mowers will be furnished this year at from \$100 to \$160 dollars, and warranted to perform right. The New York hand-raking reaper, the Kirby reaper (both one and two horse) and the Atkins self-raking reaper, we profess to say the world can not beat for speed, lightness of draft, and durability. Farmers will do well to remember that by getting their machines of the above house they will know where to look for satisfaction in warranting, &c.; whereas, buying from traveling agents may subject them to great inconvenience. Mr. Cumberland will see that all machines are put in working order; and, if any one should fail to do right, parties will at once know where to apply for satisfaction, without subjecting themselves to the necessity of going or sending to the manufactory, in the absence of the traveling agent. Mr. Cumberland will also be prepared to furnish a variety of the best threshers and separators, among which will be the celebrated Pitts, and Garr, & Co., machines; also grain drills, hay loaders, &c., &c.

HARMONIZING.—The editor of the Richmond Enquirer, on his return from a visit to Philadelphia, thus notices the spirit which animates the Democracy of that city:

"Indeed the Democracy of Philadelphia are now doing exactly what the Democracy of Virginia has done from the start—they have agreed to disagree on the Lecompton question. This was very evident from the tone of feeling exhibited at the late ratification mass meeting held at Jayne's Hall. When the President's Lecompton policy was approved by a speaker, the Lecompton men cheered by a good will, an expression of approval or disapproval of the same policy, when uttered by another speaker, was answered by a hearty burst of applause from the anti Lecompton men. And when the President of the meeting called three cheers, for a sentiment of ignoring all further separation and party discord about the Lecompton issue, the applause was as vociferous as the previous vote for the resolutions of ratification was unanimous."

THE GREAT REPUBLIC FOR MAY.—The May number of this splendid magazine is at hand. Its contents are highly entertaining. Everybody should subscribe for the Great Republic. It can be found at Heston's.

Bromley has just received a beautiful stock of ladies' and gents' cloth, kid, and morocco gaiters and shoes, for summer wear, very cheap.

"Go TO THE FOUNTAIN WHEN YOU ARE DRY."—T. D. Brown's splendid fountain is in full blast. A grand institution for these hot days.

Ladies, call at Bromley's and look at his new illusion birtbas, just received.

Go to T. D. Brown's if you want a genuine Havana.

BAYARD TAYLOR IN THE NEW YORK MERCURY.

The exclusive engagement, by the proprietors of the New York Mercury, of the talented American tourist and author, Bayard Taylor, Esq., is among the most brilliant of the many journalistic enterprises of this journalistic age. The announcement of this arrangement has been greeted with a *furore* of mingled surprise and admiration on the part of the public, and not only has the literary world been aroused to a decided pitch of excitement, but all other circles have likewise been brought to *qui vive* of expectation and interest.

The variety and piquancy of Mr. Taylor's adventures—the romantic and interesting scenes—the thrilling incidents—among which his path has lain, and the fresh, sprightly, strictly conscientious style of his writings, will render them peculiarly appropriate to the columns of a paper that aims to be, and is, at once brilliant and chaste in tone. The general title, chosen for these contributions, is "STRAY CHAPTERS OF LIFE AND TRAVEL"—a simple but expressive head, under which, not only the characters and customs of other lands will be portrayed, but the voyager's own personal adventures, vicissitudes, and fortunes, sad and merry, tragic and comic, also.

The first of these "Chapters," which has just appeared in the Mercury for April 30th, is entitled "The First Journey I Ever made," and is all that could possibly be desired, for fascinating interest, instruction, and amusement. The author considers this first journey to have been, perhaps, the most interesting of any, and he has certainly made a glorious hit in describing it.

The recent engagement of our great American artist, Felix O. Darley, was a master-stroke of enterprise on the part of the Mercury, and indicated what their second coup-d'etat corroborates—that the Proprietors intend to employ the very best talent, in order to make the very best paper. Darley is universally acknowledged to be the most talented artist now living—whose works are engraved upon wood—England has her Gilbert and Leech; France has her Gavarni and Cham, but our own Darley combines the best qualities of all—the picturesque appreciation of Gilbert—the humor of Leech—the masterly effects and rendition of character that signalize Garvini—the love of fun and satire that have made the Paris *Charivari* what it is—all are under the control of Darley; and when two such instruments as his pencil and Bayard Taylor's pen are brought together, to enrich the columns of a paper, we may indeed wonder at the progress of weekly literature, and the enterprise of publishers.

The Proprietors of the Mercury deserve great credit for having made this acquisition to their already brilliant corps of contributors, and although the expense has unquestionably been enormous, there is not a particle of doubt that the reading public will most gladly second their efforts to give additional lustre and solidity to home reading.

As might naturally be expected, the demand for the Mercury of April 30th, containing the first of Bayard Taylor's journeys, is entirely unparalleled in newspaper history, and the rush for it, at all the book stores and news depots throughout the country, plainly attests the immense popularity of the talented traveler. A further proof in the same direction, if further proof were desired, may be found in the fact, that the subscriptions received by Messrs. Cauldwell, Southworth and Whitney, the proprietors of the Mercury, since the announcement of Bayard Taylor's engagement, amount, as we are credibly informed, to over *Five Hundred Dollars a Day*, in addition to the enormous sales of book sellers and news agents!

But this, perhaps, is hardly to be wondered at either, when we consider that the New York Mercury is acknowledged to be the largest, cheapest, and best literary journal in America, being a large quarto sheet, filled with purely original matter from first to last, for which only two dollars per annum is charged, with as liberal a reduction to clubs as is made by other papers of half its size and less than half its merit!

SINGULAR DIVORCE CASE.

Quite a singular divorce case is just now agitating the good people of Butler, Pa. A. J. Rebstock sued for a divorce from his wife. The trial consumed nearly three days, and was one of interest, as the respondent is a young woman of about sixteen years of age, very beautiful, and the daughter of one of the most wealthy and respectable merchants of the place. The parties were married about two years ago, the wife then being only fourteen years of age. The libel charged her with adultery with a man by the name of John Hall, also of high standing, and the head of a large family. The jury rendered a verdict in favor of Mr. R., but the interesting point favored.

Immediately after libellant had filed his petition, it appears respondent had left and gone to Huntington, Indiana, and there applied for a divorce on the ground of desertion and ill treatment; and to the utter astonishment of libellant and his counsel, she appeared in court the day subsequent to the verdict and filed a certified copy of the record of said Huntington court divorcing her from the bonds of matrimony, as a bar to a decree upon the verdict obtained here. To this plea libellant's counsel had filed answer, and thus the matter will rest until the next sitting of court, when the question as to the validity of the Indiana decree will come before the honor.

WHERE THE EXAMPLE CAME FROM.

The Black Republicans who have lately been getting up celebrations at Boston and Washington of the birthday of JEFFERSON have but one example for their effort, and that was an ample fully equal to the imitation which has been made of it. In the year 1830 the anniversary of his birthday was celebrated by a public dinner at Washington, at which CALHOUN and others of his political class openly avowed their doctrine of nullification, and endeavored to make Mr. JEFFERSON its father by isolated quotations from his writings, just as the Black Republicans now attempt to make him the father of their sectional doctrines by ascribing to him sentiments he never uttered. This attempt of the nullifiers so disgusted the true disciples of the political school which Jefferson founded, that they never thereafter had the heart or the disposition to celebrate his birthday as it would be proper to celebrate it. It had been their design to renew these celebrations actually, but the nullifiers completely killed them off, and the memory of that eminent man has lost an honor which a grateful posterity would have paid it, and which the preservation and dissemination of his principles require to be paid.

It was from the nullifiers that the Black Republicans got the example for their late celebrations, and it will have precisely the same effect that that did thirty years ago. Both have sought to make him father principles he never entertained, and both will fail of their purpose. It is proper that the Black Republicans and the nullifiers should go hand in hand in this as they do in other respects.

BLACKWOOD'S MAGAZINE FOR APRIL.

This sterling old periodical "still holds the even tenor of its way"—always interesting, never dull. Not a number of its long series is ever taken in hand and thrown aside for want of sufficient interest to detain the reader—a rare merit, certainly, in a periodical, and one we are quite sure can be claimed for Blackwood alone.

The present number contains a continuation of "A Cruise in Japanese Waters," which increases in interest. "The Luck of Ladysmede, Part II," which promises to be one of those charming tales or novellas for which Blackwood is so famous. "A Winter Journey," lively and sportive. "The Turks in Kalafat—1854—Part II." "Christianity in India," an able review of Kaye's late work under that title, being a history of the introduction and progress of Christianity in India from the sixth century down to the present time, with sketches of the early missionaries, and of the English Bishops—Middleton, Heber, and Wilson. "Adam Bede," a commendatory review of Eliot's new religious novel—and three articles on "Parliamentary Reform," one of which contains a notice of M. Chevalier's late work on the "Fall in the Value of Gold," which the writer alleges will, of itself, silently work out a change in the elective franchise, sufficient to satisfy the most liberal of radicals.

Published by Leonard Scott & Co., 54 Gold Street, N. Y., at \$3 a year, who also publish the four leading British Reviews—Blackwood and the Four Reviews, \$10.

BLACK EMIGRATION TO HAITI.

Mr. James Redpath has issued a "Proclamation" to the black people of the United States, directing them not to go to Haiti, on the invitation of President Geffard, for the present, but to wait further advice. He says:

"The country, it is true, is a terrestrial paradise; but what benefit will accrue to you from that fact if you cannot procure farms on liberal terms, or adequate protection to enable you to cultivate the lands you may acquire?"

Mr. Redpath speaks quite patronizingly of Geffard. He says:

"I like this Geffard; he appears to be a good man; he talks like a patriot; but until he gives us his solemn and official pledges of Exemption, Protection, and liberty to go or come at pleasure, you had better face the storm of Saxon prejudice and Pagan legislation here than to escape it by entering into indefinite relations with a Government whose only guaranty of stability is the popularity of its present ruler, and the uncertain allegiance of a mercenary army. There is no use, as the Haytian proverb says, in jumping out of the river into the sea."

He will let the colored people know when it is time to go, for he says:

"Before leaving Port-au-Prince, I addressed to the Secretary of State a series of interrogatories in behalf of colored emigrants intending to go to Hayti. The President Secretary promised to a friend of mine to answer my letter that I might address them on the subject."

"I expect this answer in the course of a couple of weeks. If it is not explicit, definite, satisfactory, you had better turn your faces to the snowdrifts of Canada than the sunny mornings of Hayti."

REMEDY FOR ACCIDENTAL POISONING.—A correspondent of the London Literary Gazette, alluding to the numerous cases of death from accidental poisoning, adds:

"I venture to affirm there is scarce even a cottage in this country that does not contain an invaluable, certain, and immediate remedy for such events, which is nothing more than a desert-spoonful of made mustard, mixed in a tumbler of warm water and drank immediately. It acts as an emetic, is always ready, and may be used in any case where one is required. By making known this simple antidote, you may be the means of saving many a fellow-creature from an untimely end."

On Tuesday last a man attached to Spaulding & Rodgers' Circus was found dead on the levee at Cairo, a victim of intoxication.

COME BACK TO HER NIGGER.

The Judson girl, whose elopement from Pontiac with the nigger Joe some time since caused considerable talk, is now in Canada living with him, having again deserted her home and friends. On the occasion of her former elopement her father and brother reclaimed her with great difficulty, and took her to Indiana, where a divorce was obtained. She went home with them and remained until last week, when she again left, with or without the consent of her parents, and came to Detroit. Crossing the river she found Joe, and they were speedily married for the second time, and are now living in the enjoyment of conjugal happiness, Joe having sold his horse and cart and bought some furniture with the proceeds.

The disgusting farce is at last consummated, and we have as the result the spectacle of a well educated, intelligent young woman living in the marriage relation with a lame and toothless old nigger, under the pretense of love. It is the fruit of the doctrine taught in her father's family, the same that is taught by Abolitionism in general, and so far from being repugnant to them—if we may believe the nigger, and he is the most creditable party—they were cognizant of and favored the intimacy. He says boldly that Mrs. Judson knew all about it, and we have no doubt that he tells the truth. The detestable couple are living in the negro quarter of Windsor, and are the object of much solicitude and curiosity. What renders the matter strange and unaccountable is that the girl is not an idiot, as would naturally be supposed, but that she is, as we have said before, intelligent, good-looking, and well educated. Her parents are wealthy, and she had to all appearances, a good home.—*Detroit Free Press.*

WAR IN SPITE OF CONGRESS.—The New York Commercial Advertiser is permitted to make the following extract from a private letter written by an American gentleman now on the continent of Europe, to his friends in New York, the writer being in a position, we believe, to observe correctly the current of affairs:

In spite of the Congress to be assembled, there will be no peace. Neither France nor Austria wants peace. The peace party of Europe is confined to the Derby Ministry in England, to the anti-Austrian regency party in Berlin, and to the Stock Exchange. Russia will remain neutral until Austria is attacked at home; and Russia aims at nothing but the humiliation of Austria. War is necessary even in a financial point of view. It is the only means of avoiding national bankruptcy—the only decent excuse for not paying the interest on the public debt in Austria or making a new loan in France. The war, however, may be confined to Austria and France. In no case will the Emperor of France provoke a coalition.

CRAWFORDSVILLE MARKET.

Review Office, April 2, 1859.
Flour, 50 lbs. sack, \$5.00
Wheat, 50 lbs. sack, 4.00
Corn, 50 lbs. sack, 3.00
Oats, 50 lbs. sack, 2.00
Hay, 50 lbs. sack, 1.00
Potatoes, 50 lbs. sack, 1.25
Apples, 50 lbs. sack, 2.00
Do (dried), 50 lbs. sack, 3.00
Peaches, 50 lbs. sack, none
White Beans, 50 lbs. sack, 2.00
Turkey, 50 lbs. sack, 2.00
Chicken, 50 lbs. sack, 1.50
Coffee, 50 lbs. sack, 1.00
Sugar, 50 lbs. sack, 1.00
Butter, 50 lbs. sack, 2.00
Lard, 50 lbs. sack, 1.00
Salt, 50 lbs. sack, 1.00
CORN MEAL, 50 lbs. sack, 1.00

THE GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY.

SIR JAMES CLARKE'S Celebrated Female Pills.

PROTECTED BY ROYAL LETTERS PATENT.
Prepared from a prescription of Sir J. Clarke, M. D., Physician Extraordinary to the Queen.
This invaluable medicine is useful in the cure of all those painful and dangerous diseases to which the female system is subject. It moderates all excess and removes all obstructions, and a speedy cure may be relied on.
TO MARRIED LADIES.
It is peculiarly suited. It will, in a short time, bring on the monthly period, and prevent counterfeits.
Each bottle, price One Dollar, bears the Government Seal of Great Britain, to prevent counterfeits.
The Pills should be taken by females during the first THREE MONTHS of Pregnancy, as they are sure to bring on Miscarriage, but at any other time they are safe.
In all cases of Nervous and Spinal Affections, Pain in the Back and Limbs, Fatigue on slight exertion, Palpitation of the Heart, Headache, and White, these Pills will effect a cure when all other means have failed, and although a powerful remedy, do not contain iron, calomel, or any thing hurtful to the constitution.
All directions accompany each package.
Sole Agent for the United States and Canada, JOSEPH MOSES, (Late L. C. Baldwin & Co.) Rochester, N. Y.
N. B.—\$1.00 and 6 postage stamps enclosed to any authorized Agent, will insure a bottle of the Pills by return mail.
For sale by: MANSON & POWERS, v1022-23, Doc. 15, 1858.

WAGONS FOR SALE.

Have a couple of excellent Wagons, which I will sell at a bargain. They are both new and put in the best order. Persons wishing a bargain will please call. Shop on Washington street opposite the Crane House.
April 20, 1859. w3. JAMES RILEY.

Notice to Heirs to sell Real Estate.

STATE OF INDIANA: ss
Montgomery County, ss
NOTICE is hereby given, that Ludlow K. Thomas, administrator of the estate of William Nelson, deceased, has filed his petition with the Real Estate of the decedent, his personal being insufficient to pay his debts; and that said petition will be heard at the next term of the Court of Common Pleas of said County.

JAMES GILKER, Auditor of Montgomery County.
May 7, w3.

SUPERIOR Fresh Teas at

MANSON & POWERS.

RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES OF THE CORPORATION.

THE undersigned, the Auditor of the Corporation of the town of Crawfordville, Indiana, do hereby submit to your honorable board the following report for the year ending April 28, 1859.

RECEIPTS.
Am't Received from former Treasurer \$804 15
" of Corporation Tax, 266 87
" of Auctioneer, Show & Pedlar Licenses, 56 00
" of Kincaid, 25 00
" for Hogs Sold, 8 00
Total, \$994 72

EXPENDITURES.

Amount Paid Officers \$900 00
" " Judges & Clerks of Corporation Election, 10 50
" " for Printing, 6 75
" " Assessment, 80 00
" " Collecting Corporation Tax &c, 64 67
" " Office Rent, 15 00
" " Cleaning and Repairing Streets, 123 74
" " Jail Fees, 15 40
" " Attorneys Fees, 55 00
" " Night Watch, 97 28
" " Lumber, 5 00
" " Stationery & Sundries, 4 25
Total, \$780 54

Receipts, \$994 72
Expenditures, 780 54

Balance in Treasury, \$214 18
May 7, 1859. H. R. CANINE, C. T.

NOTICE.

THOSE knowing themselves indebted to the late firm of Christian & Gregg are hereby notified to call and settle immediately as our books must be closed.
The business will hereafter be conducted by Samuel H. Gregg, who will be happy at all times to furnish my old friends and the public generally with any article in the hardware line.
At No. 2, Empire Block, Main Street, Sign of the Laidock. SAMUEL H. GREGG.

CAUTION.

WHEREAS my son John A. Graybill, aged twenty years, last March, having left my house without just cause of provocation, I warn all persons from harboring or trusting him on my account as I shall pay no debts of his contracting from this date.
DANIEL GREGG, No. 41-8w.
May 7, 1859.

Tremendous Attraction!

CRAWFORDSVILLE BOOK STORE!

A LARGE AND VARIED ASSORTMENT OF

BOOKS, STATIONERY,

AND FANCY ARTICLES.

Just received, embracing every thing usually kept in a

BOOK STORE.

And which will be disposed of at Cincinnati prices.

Call in every body, at the Old Stand, north-west corner Main and Green streets, and you can be supplied with almost anything in the Book, Stationery and Fancy line.

FRANK HEATON.

YANKEE NOTIONS.

BEADS, Bracelets, Watch Chains, Fish Hooks and Lines, Tooth Picks, a fine assortment of Pocket Books, Pen-Knives and Pencils, pocket Compasses, Knives. For sale at
may 7 J. FRANK HEATON'S

GOLD PENS.

A FIRST RATE article of GOLD PENS, with 31-42 writing Desk Holders and pen-cases; also holders without pens, and pen-cases, and holders manufactured by A. Morton & Co., New York. All pens stamped as above will be warranted for 6 months. For sale cheaply
may 7 J. FRANK HEATON.

FOR TEACHERS.

SCHOOL Registers, Class Books, Geographical Maps, Globes, Mathematical instruments, chalk Crayons, "Reward of Merit" Cards, Gift Books, &c., &c., on sale by
may 7 J. FRANK HEATON.

TO PHYSICIANS.

All the standard Medical Works of the day can be had by applying to
may 7 J. FRANK HEATON.

Wall Paper! Wall Paper!!

I HAVE just received from New York, a fresh supply of plain and patterned Wall Paper and Borders, blue, green, buff and figured
may 7 J. FRANK HEATON.

WINDOW PAPERS.

Patent Curtain Frames, buff Curtain Mouldings, FIRE BOARD FRAMES, &c., &c., which will be sold CHEAP. Call in and examine samples.
may 7 J. FRANK HEATON.

TOYS! TOYS! TOYS!!

ALL kinds of Toys, consisting of Dolls, Birds, Dogs, Tin Wagons, Horses and Carts, Animals, Toy Dishies, A. R. C. Blocks, Toy Carriages, and other kinds too tedious to mention, for sale by
may 7, 59-60 42 ly. N. W. cor. of Main & Green.

SCHULTS & VANDYKE,

Importers and Manufacturers of

CIGARS, SNUFF,

AND TOBACCO,

South side Main Street, between Washington and Green Streets.

CRAWFORDSVILLE.

WOULD respectfully inform the citizens generally, that having bought the establishment of Mr. A. Nolte, and wishing to do a new business, would solicit a continuation of the liberal patronage heretofore extended to this concern. Call at the old stand, opposite Mount's Eagle Hotel, sign of the Indian Chief.

Tobacco and Cigars.

At Wholesale and Retail! The most choice brands of Tobacco and Cigars will be sold at the lowest figures.
SCHULTS & VANDYKE.
May 7, 1859-ly.