

Delinquent Subscribers!

THOSE of our subscribers who know themselves indebted to us for Subscription and Advertising must make some arrangements to settle off their accounts immediately. Those who are unable to pay up in full must pay what they can, and if they cannot do that they must notify us immediately of the fact as we intend to publish the name of every man, who, after the 1st of June, does not either settle or give us some assurance that he intends to pay, we shall publish his name, and place our accounts in the hands of the proper officers for collection. We have upon our Books some excellent subscribers who are always prompt in paying their subscription, while there are others, and their name is legion, who have never paid us a cent from the day we first commenced publishing, which is now over three years. These are the individuals we are now after, and if they don't face the music, we shall resort to such measures as will convince them that there is yet a God in Israel.

THE REPUBLICAN PARTY SUED BY A CO-OPED GENTLEMAN—A RACY COMPLAINT.—A suit has been commenced in the Supreme Court, New York, against Gov. King, Dana of the Tribune, Bigelow of the Post, Curtis the Lecturer, and a few dozen other prominent Republican statesmen, by T. J. Campbell, a colored individual, who claims over \$2,500 as his due for the supper given at the great Republican ball in New York in December last. Campbell's complaint is a racy document. He sets forth that the said Campbell, relying upon the high and imposing social and political standing of the defendants, embracing as they do some of the "princes, governors, judges, treasurers, counsellors, sheriffs and notables" of the land, and the said Campbell, knowing full well that the above named defendants, at the time of the said making of the said contract with the said Campbell, were prominent members of the political party commonly known as the Republican party which said party holding among other principles not well understood by said Campbell, one of excessive regard for the brotherhood of Africa, and a high resolve to elevate the said sons of Africa, in a political point of view, to an equality with said defendants themselves, entered into a contract with the said defendants to furnish, and did on the 18th day of December, so furnish and supply said defendants with a supper, composed of meats, wines, fruits, and all other articles usually supplied at a festival of the kind aforesaid, a more minute enumeration of which is found in the bill of particulars annexed to this complaint, marked A, and made part of the same, together with the attendance of sixty-three black servants to wait upon the said defendants and their friends at said feast.—*Reuter's Union*.

NATURE'S LAW AGAINST SLAVERY IN KANSAS—A gentleman from Virginia, who has just returned from a visit to Kansas, to determine for himself the practicability of introducing slaves into Kansas, has come back with the fullest conviction that it is entirely impracticable; and such is the conviction of all intelligent men from slave States in the Territory. It states to the editor of the Cincinnati Enquirer, that the country was not adapted to slave labor, as there was not fuel enough in Kansas to keep the slaves from freezing; and—in his own language—if there were five hundred negroes introduced into the Territory it would take at least two hundred and fifty of them to procure wood to keep the others warm. This is the most sensible and practicable idea we have yet heard on the subject.

The late Secretary of the Territory, Woodson, who has been the most fanatical agent of the pro-slavery party, and who has been traversing all the Southern States for aids in arms, men, and money to subdue Kansas, says, to spend further time in the attempt to make Kansas a slave State is useless; he gives it up, and tells his friends that their efforts in behalf of Atchison will be thrown away. If the free State men in the Territory had resolutely insisted upon their rights in the recent registration of voters and would go to the polls on the day of the election, their opponents would have yielded at once.

FLOWERS.—Cultivate flowers. Their sweet influence will in turn beautify your own nature. Nothing can be more pleasant than the light labors attending their growth. It costs little to have a neat flower garden, and to surround your dwelling with those simple beauties which delight the eye far more than expensive objects. If you will let the sunshines and the dew adorn your yard, they will do more for you than any artist. Nature delights in beauty. She loves to brighten the landscape and make it agreeable to the eye. She hangs the ivy around the ruin, and over the stump of a withered decayed tree twines the graceful vine. A thousand arts she practices to amuse the senses and please the mind. Follow her example, and do for yourself what she is always laboring to do for you. Beauty is a divine instrumentality. It is one of God's chosen forms of power. We never see creative energy without something beyond mere existence, and hence the whole universe is a teacher and inspirer of beauty. Every man was born to be an artist, so far as the appreciation and enjoyment of beauty are concerned, and he robes himself of one of the precious gifts of his being, if he fails to fulfil this benefit purpose of his creation.

It is a dangerous thing even to assist an envious man, for while the receiver's success makes your power and independence, and it also excites the greediness of his heart.

A schemer is one who gives up part of his own character to injure that of another.

IMPORTANT TO THE PUBLIC.—Revolutionary widows who have not received it are now entitled to a back pension from March 1, 1848, to February 2, 1853, amounting in some cases to \$400. Grand children are also entitled.

New Democratic Paper

AT WASHINGTON, D. C.—Daily, Tri-weekly and Weekly.—The undersigned will commence the publication of a National Democratic paper in the city of Washington, on the first day of April, to be called

THE STATES.

It will represent the sound constitutional principles which have ever been upheld by the National Democracy, but will not be so entirely political as to be of interest to any party, but, on the contrary, may be of interest to any party as to betray principles at the command of power, or disguise its covetousness at the suggestion of expediency.

In addition to the discussion of important political questions, its columns will be open to the current transactions of the Government, to general news and matters of interest, appertaining to literature, agriculture and commerce.

Term of Subscription.

The Daily will be mailed to subscribers at \$4 per year.

Two copies will be forwarded for \$7 per year.

The Weekly, embracing all the news which appears in the Daily, will be furnished to the subscribers at \$8 per year.

Two copies will be mailed for \$12 per year.

The Weekly—The Cheapest Paper in the South.

The Weekly will be issued in a large Double sheet form, and printed on superior paper, with handsome bold type at the following rates:

Single copies, \$1.00 per year;

Two copies, 2.00;

Five, 5.00;

Ten copies to one address and any larger number at the rate of \$1.00 per copy.

Ten copies to the address of each subscriber, and any larger number at \$1.20 each.

Any postmaster, clerk, or any other person who may send five subscribers with \$7 enclosed, will receive extra copies at the rate of \$1.00 per copy.

Postage will always be required in advance, and no paper will be forwarded until the receipt of the money.

The Weekly will contain all the important matter published during the week in the following papers:—The Washington Union, and his long newspaper experience before and since the establishment of that paper justifies him in promising the public a paper well worthy of their patronage.

The States will not be the organ of any clique or faction, but with no partial purpose to serve the paper will address itself to the honest judgment of the people, and for support will rely upon their appreciation.

J. P. HEISS, Washington, D. C.

May 30-1857.

WOOL!

CAMPBELL & CO. have a large stock of Cashmere, Satinets, Cloths and Jeans very cheap which they will exchange for Wool at the highest market price. (May 30-1857).

REMOVAL!

A. KODLITE, MANUFACTURER OF, AND

Wholesale and Retail

DEALER IN

CIGARS & TOBACCO!

Removal from Green, on Main Street, opposite the Holton House.

There can be found the largest and best selected stock of Cigars and Tobacco ever offered in this country, and in exchange for the stock, we will soon find out, that it is the very place for getting good articles at the lowest figure.

May 30-1857.

Caution.

NOTICE is hereby given that my wife Elizabeth Stevens, has left my bed and board without my just cause or provocation. I therefore warn all persons trusting or harboring her on my account, to pay no debts of her continuing after this date. AARON STEVENS.

May 15-1857.

Administrator's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that Jonathan Van Cleave, Jr., Esq., of the firm of Campbell & Co., of the Merchant's Jarret, late of Montgomery County, is now in New York, to be sold by Jonathan VAN CLEAVE, Jr., Administrator.

May 9-1857.

Spectacles!

WE have also on hand, a large assortment of Spectacles, all of which we can warrant to be of the finest Optical Glasses.

May 2-1857.

James Patterson.

Notice.

A LL who intend to do us either by note or Book account will do us a favor by calling around and paying the same, as we want to settle up the old concern immediately.

WILSON, GAYLES, & CO.

April 4, 1857.

W. H. LAYMON & CO.

May 2, 1857.

Oh! Come Along!

Right About Face.

Attention Everybody!!

THE undersigned would inform the public, that he has received a new addition to his stock, consisting of all the standard works of the day.

LARGE FAMILY BIBLES, SCRAP BOOKS, PORT FOLIOS, NOTE & DRAFT BOOKS, &c., also Cap, Letter, Legal Note and Bill Papers, by the Quire or Ream. Envelopes, Copy Books,

PORTEMONIES, Pocket Cutlery and Inks,

Pens, and Penholders,

Book and Stationery Establishment

Call around soon, examine my stock and learn my prices. Remember the place is East side of Empire Block, opposite Crawford's Holton House. FRANK M. HEATON.

May 2, 1857.

FRANK M. HEATON.

Book and Stationery Establishment

Call around soon, examine my stock and learn my prices. Remember the place is East side of Empire Block, opposite Crawford's Holton House. JAMES PATTERSON.

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