



## DAILY JOURNAL.

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THURSDAY, OCT. 6, 1892.

REPUBLICAN TICKET.  
NATIONAL.  
For President,  
BENJAMIN HARRISON, of Indiana.

For Vice-President,  
WHITFLAW REID, of New York.

This Date in History Oct. 6.  
1752—Jean Louis Henriette Genest (Mme. Campan) born in Paris, France.  
1770—Louis Philippe, the Orleans born in Paris "Citizen King" from 1830 to 1848 died 1850.

1830—Harriet Hosmer, sculptor, born in Watertown, Mass.

1833—Albert Dean Richardson, journalist and author, born in Franklin, Mass.; marr. Mme. Campan, died in 1900.

1880—Memorial at Gettysburg dedicated by survivors of the Fifty-seventh New York volunteers.

1890—The Count of Paris paid a formal visit to the tomb of General McClellan at Trenton; he served on McClellan's staff in 1861-2. President Wilford Woodruff of the Mormon church issued a formal "Plural marriage" polygamy was first openly avowed by the Mormons in September, 1852, though the date of the alleged "revelation" is July 12, 1844.

1860—King Karl of Wurtemberg died; Right Hon. William Henry Smith, Conservative leader in the house of commons, died.

BROOKSHIRE AND WOOL.  
Mr. Brookshire gives as his reason for voting to put wool on the free list that we cannot raise wool in this country of the kinds our manufacturers require. Our climate and soil, it is asserted, are not adapted to the growth of either very fine or very coarse wool. But all this bosh is completely dissipated by the great wool merchants of Philadelphia, Messrs. Justice, Bateman & Company. In speaking of this Democratic argument, they say:

"These statements are not correct in any particular. The finest and soundest wool ever raised in any part of the world has been raised from Saxon sheep in the section of the country where the rivers flow towards and into the Ohio Valley."

And Hon. Jerre M. Rusk, Secretary of Agriculture, has shown that plenty of coarse carpet wool can be produced in this country if we give it adequate protection. Mr. Brookshire's claim is false, and is made only with the hope of catching some votes from the wool manufacturers.

THE Lodge election law, which it suits the policy of the Democrats to dub the "force bill," was merely an extension and elaboration of the present law governing Congressional elections. On October 5, 1888, just a month before the presidential election at which he was a candidate, Hon. Grover Cleveland, then President of the United States, sent the following letter to Attorney General Garland:

"You are hereby requested to take general charge and direction of the execution of the statutes of the United States touching the appointments of Supervisors of Elections and special Deputy Marshals, and the performance of their duties and their compensation so far as these subjects are by the Constitution and laws under the supervision and control of the executive branch of the Government."

Our Ragged Reuben and Swallowtail friends who are howling themselves hoarse over the application of Republicans for Supervisors in this county should put the above morsel in their pipes and smoke it. In compliance with the instructions of Mr. Cleveland, John A. Boo and other good Democrats asked for Supervisors in this county in 1888.

The venerable David Dudley Field contributes to the October Forum an article showing that whatever methods of political reform may be discussed or tried, the primary election must be the pivot for all effective work. He proposes that a nomination be made by every man when he registers.

AFTER October 9 a change of a voter's residence from one precinct to another will cost him his vote. If he has to move he should do so before next Sunday, or wait until after the election. This point is important and any one knowing of voters contemplating a change of residence should report the

same to the Republican Central Committee.

DAVID A. COUTLER, of the Ninth District, has tendered his resignation as elector for that district, for the reason that he is cashier and director in the Farmers' Bank of Frankfort. Because of his position in the bank he withdrew from the ticket. The District committee took immediate action and appointed W. R. Hines, of Frankfort, to supply the vacancy.

MR. BROOKSHIRE is "between the devil and the deep sea" on the sugar question. No amount of persuasion can induce him to say whether he will vote to restore the sugar tariff or vote to leave it on the free list. If he votes to leave it on the free list, he will thereby endorse a Republican measure, and if he votes to restore the sugar tariff he knows he will surely defeat himself thereby. Hence nothing can induce him to open his mouth on the subject. Come, brother Brookshire, don't act the coward any longer on the subject. Let the people where you stand.

### SOUTHERN FRANKNESS.

Some Sample Sayings by People Who Speak for the Democrats.

I am for the brave Buffalo man who slapped the dirty pensioners, who are for the most part beggars, in the face. They were dirty and lousy rascals who came into this country, and who abused women, who burned homes, who stole all that was in sight, and today, with an honorable scar, are bleeding this country, and I am helping to pay for it.

Let the hired Yankees howl! I am of the south and for the south. The pension fraud is a theft, and we repeat that no man can honestly defend it. The south has been taxed to death to pay this Grand Army of rascals—those bold, scarred bums who reach in the empty palm—and when Cleveland struck the beggars in the face he did a good business job. We hope to God that he may have a chance to hit 'em again. Veterans and mendicants should be both vigorously slapped and kicked.—Duran (N. C.) Globe.

Cleveland vetoed over 250 pension bills and allowed a large number to do, by what is known as the "pocket veto."

Because of this work Cleveland was defeated four years ago, when he should have been re-elected.—Raleigh News Observer.

This drain of \$40,000,000 is exhausting the energies of the south, and, in connection with the tariff taxes, has defeated the southern farmer to a condition of actual want. The continuation of Benjamin Harrison in the presidential chair opens the way for a still further looting of the treasury. A service pension bill will be passed before long unless the people drive off the looters.—Memphis Appeal (Dem.)

The Bird That Thrives on Calamity.

The resolution of the convention in favor of bimetallism declares, I think, the true and necessary conditions of a movement that has, upon these lines, my cordial adherence and support. I am thoroughly convinced that the free coinage of silver at such a ratio to gold as will maintain the equality in their commercial uses of the two coined dollars would conduct to the prosperity of all the great producing and commercial nations.—Harrison's Letter of Acceptance.

Another "Congratulation" on Maine.

Chairman Manley, of the Maine Republicans, evidently believes in the old adage that "he laughs best who laughs last." Anyway, he is now having his "laugh." Chairman Harrity, of the Democratic committee, sent out a congratulatory address to the Democrats on the result of the Maine election without waiting for full returns. Now that the voters are all counted Mr. Manley has his turn. He says:

"The Republican state committee desire to congratulate the Republicans of Maine upon the full and complete victory achieved on Monday last. The Democratic party, with the best organization it has had for years, failed to poll as many votes by 6,000 as it gave to its candidate for governor in 1888, and did not cast as many votes as it gave its candidate for governor in 1884, in 1880 or in 1876. Complete returns show that the Republicans have elected Henry B. Cieas governor by 12,300 majority over the Democratic candidate; have returned to congress Hon. Thomas B. Reed, Hon. Nelson Dingley, Hon. Charles A. Boutell and Hon. Seth L. Milliken by large majorities; have elected thirty out of thirty-one senators, 110 out of 150 representatives to the legislature, and have elected a majority of county officers in every county in the state."

It was the Republican party, under the aggressive, progressive, wise and benignant policy of a generous tariff upon foreign imports for the protection of home labor primarily and the raising of revenue necessarily, that abolished slave labor and emancipated the American wage earner, of whatever color or condition, from the drudgery of pauper wages.

Effect of Reciprocity with Brazil.

On the 20th of June the reciprocity agreement with Brazil had been in existence fifteen months, and the statistics show that the imports from that country into the United States increased \$53,836,205, and the exports from the United States to that country \$1,784,483. The total exports to Brazil during that period amounted to \$18,044,452, being an increase of 10.84 per cent. as compared with the fifteen months ended March 31, 1890. The items of exports were as follows: Breadstuffs (almost entirely flour), \$6,328,794; cotton manufactures, \$863,777; chemicals, drugs, dyes and medicines, \$1,068,799; iron and steel and manufactures, of \$3,199,650; illuminating mineral oils, \$1,456,931; provisions (mainly bacon, hams and lard), \$1,549,912; lumber, \$1,016,288; all other articles, \$2,560,701.

## INDIANA.

Bits of News of Especial Interest to Residents of Indiana.

Moves a Dismissal.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Oct. 6.—Attorney General Smith, whom the supreme court Tuesday directed to appear for the people of the state in the suit to test the constitutionality of the acts of 1885 and 1891, Wednesday afternoon filed with the court a motion to dismiss the suit. The petition is based on the allegation that the suit is a fictitious one, and is an attempt, by a mere colorable dispute, to obtain the opinion of the court upon a question of law concerning which there is no real substantial controversy between those appearing as adverse parties. His brief is strangely partisan, the allegation being made that the decision that the law was unconstitutional was influenced by the fact that the officers of the court below, including the judge, were republicans. The attorneys who are pressing the suit are preparing their written argument in favor of the advancement of the cause, and hope that a decision may be reached by October 11, until which time republicans will nominate candidates for the legislature in districts which have been gerrymandered under the acts in question.

Back to the Old Love.

JEFFERSONVILLE, Ind., Oct. 6.—Matthew and Louise Bonner, of Terre Haute, Ind., were married Wednesday.

The couple are well advanced in years and had once been husband and wife, but an estrangement took place and Mrs. Bonner procured a divorce.

In after years the old love was rekindled, and rather than give publicity to their Terre Haute friends of their intentions they eloped to this Gretna Green.

Their first marriage was solemnized by a magistrate, and after Rev. Mr. Tervis had spoken the final words the bride was very solicitous in regard to whether the nuptial knot had been securely tied.

Killed While Coupling Cars.

DETROIT, Ind., Oct. 6.—Dewey Hall, assistant civil engineer of the Monon Railroad Company, was instantly killed near here Wednesday. He was engaged as superintendent in the extension of bridge and repair work with a construction train and a large force of men. In the absence of a brakeman he attempted to make a coupling when his foot caught in a frog and he was thrown to the track, the engine and tender passing over his body. He was the son of Dr. Hall, a practicing physician of Chicago, and the remains were shipped to that city Wednesday afternoon.

Great Gas War at Kokomo, Ind.

KOKOMO, Ind., Oct. 6.—Since last May the 12,000 residents of Kokomo have been supplied with free fuel and lights, the result of a gigantic fight between rival companies.

The latest development was an official proclamation Wednesday that gas would continue to be free until January 1, 1893. The rival companies are each backed by more than \$5,000,000 of capital, the fight being between the combined Indiana gas companies on one side and the Chicago Pipe Line Company on the other. Up to date more than \$100,000 worth of gas has been donated to private consumers and factories.

Levied on Engines and Light Plants.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Oct. 6.—The fight between the Marion county tax office and the railroad companies, which are resisting the payment of their taxes under the new law, has taken a new phase. The contest heretofore has been confined to the courts. Wednesday it was transferred to the hands of deputy sheriffs, and the deputies levied on the engines and the electric light plant at the Union depot, the property of the Union Railway Company, for taxes due the city.

Col. James H. Rice Dead.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Oct. 6.—Col. James H. Rice, ex-auditor of the state of Indiana, died at the Grand hotel in this city. James Rice was one of the most widely known politicians in the country. He was elected auditor of Indiana in 1888. He also served two years as chairman of the democratic state central committee. He has been in poor health for a year and his death was the result of an attack of a gripe. He was born in New Albany, Ind., in 1843 and was a bachelor.

Notice of Private Sale of Bank and Farm Property.

Notice is hereby given that pursuant to the order of the Montgomery Circuit Court, the undersigned, as administrator of the estate of Marion L. McKinley, deceased, will sell at private auction our share of the property situated in the town of Union, Montgomery County, Union Agricultural Society, and the National Bank of the Capital, in Indianapolis, Indiana.

Bids of purchasers will be received at the office of Myers & Clark, east Main street, in the city of Indianapolis, Indiana, November 1, 1892, for the whole or any number of shares of stock sold, but the same will not be sold for less than the aggregate of the bid or equal to or exceed the best bid for the whole number of shares.

If a satisfactory bid is not received on said day, the same will be received on the next day until a satisfactory bid is received and any sale made will be subject to the approval of the court.

NOTICE OF SALE.—Cash, with a credit of six months, for amount agreed upon, and upon the purchaser giving his note with approved personal security without relief in the usual form.

MARY ANN ROUNTREE, Administrator.

Oct. 6.

NOTICE OF PRIVATE SALE OF PERSONAL PROPERTY.

Notice is hereby given that pursuant to the order of the Montgomery Circuit Court, the personal property of the estate of Marion L. McKinley, deceased, consisting of household goods and furniture, chairs, stoves, piano, buggy, etc., etc., will be sold at private auction in the town of Union, Montgomery County, Union Agricultural Society, and the National Bank of the Capital, in Indianapolis, Indiana.

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