

THE DAILY JOURNAL.

VOLUME VI—NO. 21

CRAWFORDSVILLE, INDIANA, THURSDAY, OCTOBER 2, 1890

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Is done principally at our store. If we name a price for any article you will have the goods to compare with it. A good round 100 cents worth for every dollar you spend with us or your money refunded. Better we can not offer you. Our Fall Goods are coming in now and we would like to have you see them. Come and see us.

It is not too early to look around for Fall and Winter Wraps.

I have just received my stock of Cloaks, Jackets, Reefers and Children's Cloaks.

A full line of Plushes.

D. W. ROUNTREE

Indianapolis Business University

Old Bryant & Stratton School, North Pennsylvania St., When Block, Opposite Post Office.
THE DEMAND FOR ITS GRADUATES IS GREATER THAN THE SUPPLY.
It stands at the head of Commercial Education. Its graduates are sought by all the leading business houses. Its graduates are sought by all the leading business houses. Its graduates are sought by all the leading business houses.

DO YOUR LAMP CHIMNEYS BREAK?

YOU GET THE CHEAPEST, BEST, AND MOST DURABLE.
ARE CALLED PEARL TOP AND ARE
Made only by GEO. A. MACBETH & CO., PITTSBURGH, PA.

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me."
H. A. ANCHER, M. D.,
111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Assignee's Closing Out Sale

FOR THE
NEXT 30 DAYS
Hardware
AT
LESS THAN COST!

Five dozen axes, 85 cents apiece; former price \$1. Other goods in proportion at the Fowler, Ashley & Co. room on North Washington Street.

W. T. BRUSH, Assignee.

VACANT SEATS.

Legislative Halls at Washington Lose Their Occupants.

FINAL ADJOURNMENT OF CONGRESS.

Closing Scene of the Session in the Senate and House—Postmaster's Seat Ousted—The Tariff Bill Becomes a Law.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 2.—In the Senate, after the journal had been approved, Senator Sherman (O.) offered a resolution for the appointment of a committee of two Senators to join a like committee of the House to wait upon the President and inform him that unless he shall have any further communication to make the two houses are now ready to adjourn.

Senator Blair (Mass.) insisted that the Senate consider the labor bill, and interposed objection to the consideration of the resolution.

Senator Edmunds (Vt.) said that the resolution would not interfere with the motion to take up the labor bill, and Senator Blair withdrew his objection.

The resolution was agreed to, and Senators Sherman and Harris were appointed the committee on the part of the Senate.

Senator Edmunds moved to proceed to executive business. Senator Blair appealed to the Senator from Vermont to withdraw his motion in order that the Senate might consider the labor bill.

Senator Edmunds said he would be most glad to join with his friend from New Hampshire in passing a suitable bill, but it would be impossible for such a bill to become a law at this time, as it would have to go back to the House of Representatives.

Senator Blair said: "I refer to the bill already passed by the House at this session providing for the reinstatement of officers for labor performed under the eight-hour law."

Senator Edmunds understood what the bill was, but said it had been amended in the Senate, or ought to be, in order not to make more gifts to the people who with a perfect understanding agreed to do a certain amount of work for a certain amount of pay and go it.

"Other people, who acted under moral or other coercion," he added, "are really entitled to consideration." After further discussion Senator Edmunds insisted upon his motion, which was agreed to, and the Senate with closed doors proceeded to consideration of executive business.

At 3:35 p. m., the tariff bill, which had been signed by Speaker Reed, was presented to the Senate by Chief Clerk of the House, Mr. McPherson. Two minutes later Vice-President Morton affixed his signature to it. The signature was announced through Chief Clerk Johnson.

The announcement was followed by the recognition of Senator Aldrich (R. I.), who returned from the committee on finance the resolution providing for the adjournment of Congress, amended so as to make the time of final adjournment 5 o'clock p. m. The resolution was agreed to.

While business was in session Mr. Blair, who had accompanied the President to the Capitol, stepped into the Senate chamber and was greeted with cordiality by J. F. Elliott, of Wisconsin, as postmaster of the House. Mr. Williams (O.) objected and Mr. Caswell withdrew his resolution.

Mr. McKinley (O.), chairman of the committee appointed to wait upon the President, announced that the President had no further communication to make, and that the House was in recess.

During the recess nearly all the members left the hall to make preparations for their departure from the city, and when the Speaker reconvened the House that official looked down upon a vast array of empty seats. He merely stated that according to the concurrent resolution he declared the first session of the Fifty-first Congress adjourned without day.

SENED THE TARIFF BILL.
WASHINGTON, Oct. 2.—The President signed the tariff bill at 3:32 p. m. He was waiting at his room in the Senate wing of the Capitol to do so when the bill went to the House for Speaker Reed's autograph.

A SESSION OF ROLL-CALLS.
WASHINGTON, Oct. 2.—The session of Congress just closed has been, in the history of the House, the longest. During the session there have been 433 roll-calls, or 100 more than at any other session of Congress. This means about thirty-six solid days of roll-calling, and as it is estimated that each call of the roll costs the Government about \$2,000, it will be seen what extravagance bill-busting is.

CONFIRMED BY THE SENATE.
WASHINGTON, Oct. 2.—The Senate in executive session Wednesday afternoon confirmed the following among other nominations:

Ministers Resident and Consul-General: George B. Batcher, of New York; to Portugal; Sempronius H. Boyd, of Missouri, to Spain.

Congress: Charles H. Shepard, of Massachusetts, at Georgetown; Joseph Black, of Ohio, at Louisville; Oscar Malinos, of Minnesota, at Denver.

Smith A. Wilson, of Ohio, First Assistant Postmaster-General.

James Leslie Bell, of Pennsylvania, Second Assistant Postmaster-General.

PUBLIC DEBT STATEMENT.
WASHINGTON, Oct. 2.—The totals in the public debt statement now are:

Aggregate of interest-bearing debt, exclusive of United States bonds, \$33,038,070.

Aggregate of debt bearing no interest, \$24,654,429.

Aggregate of certificates of debt by cash in the Treasury, \$30,370,000.

Aggregate of debt including certificates, \$54,692,499.

Decrease of bonded debt during the month, \$2,810,940.

Cash in Treasury reserved, \$13,308,098.

Total cash in the Treasury, \$26,618,196.

Debt less cash in the Treasury, \$28,074,303.

August 31, 1890, \$25,266,040.

Net decrease of debt during the month, \$2,810,940.

MINORITY REPORT ON THE TARIFF.
WASHINGTON, Oct. 2.—The minority of the special house committee appointed to investigate the charges against Pension Commissioner Raum—Messrs. Lewis and Goodnight—have united in the preparation of a report. The report severely criticizes Commissioner Raum, declares that there ought to be a house-cleaning in the pension service, and says in review:

"It seems to us that the Commissioner of Pensions has not properly estimated the delicate duties and serious responsibilities of his great office, nor has he measured up to the high standard of patriotic consideration for the public service which should prevail in this department, adjudicating the disbursements of nearly one-third of the entire revenues of the Government."

HOUSE.
WASHINGTON, Oct. 2.—In his prayer the chaplain referred to the approaching end of the session and invoked the Divine blessing upon the members during the vacation.

While waiting a quorum a message from the Senate announced the agreement to the conference report on the tariff bill. The point of "no quorum" raised by Messrs. Breckinridge (Ky.)

and Kilgore (Tex.) was withdrawn and the journal was approved.

Mr. Caswell (Wis.) presented to the House a letter addressed to the Speaker by Postmaster William C. Brewster, resigning. The Speaker laid the letter before the House. Later Mr. Spooner (R. I.) from the committee on accounts submitted a report on the investigation into the conduct of the postmaster.

The report states that the charges in the Enloe resolution have been substantially proved and, although the relations between the late Postmaster of the House (Dalton) and his contractor (Culbertson) give rise to suspicion that some private arrangement existed between them whereby Dalton during the Forty-ninth and Fiftieth Congresses derived personal profits from the mail contract, no absolute proof of this has been obtained. The report is accompanied by a resolution declaring the office of postmaster of the House vacant and directing the assistant postmaster to perform the duties of the office until a postmaster shall have been elected and shall have qualified.

Mr. Hayes (In.) submitted a minority report agreeing in substance with the majority report, but dissenting from it in its reference to Postmaster Dalton. Mr. Dalton's conduct of the office had been clean, and a mere suspicion against him should not have been incorporated in the report.

Pending discussion upon the question Mr. McKinley called up the resolution for the adjournment, with an amendment fixing the hour at 5 o'clock. Agreed to.

The Wheat resolution was then agreed to.

A communication from the President was transmitted to the House in answer to a resolution concerning the enforcement of prescriptive edicts against the Jews in Russia, a report from the Secretary of State upon the subject. In his letter Secretary Blaine says that the correspondence shows that the United States Government has omitted no proper occasion of remonstrance against the application of a religious test to our citizens in Russia.

The Secretary further says that when it was first reported that a powerful Government was about to take measures resulting in the expulsion of vast numbers of its subjects because of their religion, the Department of State immediately telegraphed an inquiry, and Mr. George W. Wurtz, Charge d'Affaires ad interim, replied that the rumor was without foundation.

A Senate concurrent resolution was agreed to requesting the President to enter into negotiations with the Governments of Great Britain and Mexico for the prevention of the entry of Chinese laborers into the United States.

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FOR REFORM.

Annual Meeting of the Civil-Service Reform League.

MANY MEN OF PROMINENCE PRESENT.

The President, George William Curtis, Delivers His Address Before a Large Audience at Tremont Temple, Boston.

SYNOPSIS OF HIS REMARKS.

BOSTON, Oct. 2.—A public meeting preliminary to the annual meeting of the National Civil-Service Reform League, which opens to-day, was held in Tremont Temple Wednesday evening, when the president, George William Curtis, delivered his annual address to a large audience. Prominent among those in attendance were Secretary William D. Potts of the New York League; William Dudley Foulke, of Richmond, Ind.; Lucius P. Swift, of Indianapolis; Charles J. Bonaparte, of Baltimore; General W. A. Aiken, of Norwich, Conn.; Everett P. Wheeler, Judge E. O. Mason, William Endicott, Jr., Charles R. Codman, Charles Theodore Russell, George S. Hale, Moorfield Story and others.

Speaking of the ridicule and criticism to which civil-service reformers have been subjected Mr. Curtis said:

"To the cant about the Phariseism of reform there is one short and final answer. The man who is a Pharisee is a better man than the liar. The man who does not steal is a better man than the thief. The man who is a reformer is a better man than the politician."

Mr. Curtis then reviewed at great length the work of the Republicans in Congress, quoting declarations by Speaker Reed, Mr. McKinley and the New York Tribune to the effect that the party had fulfilled its pledges. Mr. Curtis entered into an elaborate analysis of the work done by the present Administration for civil-service reform, which he concluded by saying:

"It is undeniable that in the general partisan pillage of the civil service the Republican party has broken its promise."

"It is not to be denied that nothing has been done that the reform law has been either grossly violated or generally disregarded. It is only saying that the party can not honestly claim the confidence of civil-service reformers."

EDITOR'S ORGANIZATION.
Newspaper Men of Illinois and Indiana Form an Interstate Organization.

MOMENCE, Ill., Oct. 2.—About forty editors of Eastern Illinois and Western Indiana met in this city Wednesday and effected a temporary organization for an Interstate editorial association. Charles P. Huey, of the Post-Tribune, was elected temporary chairman, and Eugene Shole, of the Mifflord Herald, secretary.

D. A. Niles, of the Attica Ledger; R. W. Dennis, of the Momence Reporter, and Edwin Heard, of the Mifflord Independent, were selected to act with the temporary officers in effecting a permanent organization and in issuing a call for a convention about November 1. Danville will probably be the place of the meeting.

Election in Idaho.
BOISE CITY, Idaho, Oct. 2.—The returns received from Tuesday's election indicate a victory for the entire Republican ticket by a majority of about 2,000. Shoup's majority for Governor will probably reach 2,500. Republicans will have on all extremely conservative estimates, thirty members of the Legislature, and the Democrats nineteen, with five doubtful.

Must Be Tried as Tippecanoe.
DUNFRIE, Oct. 2.—The appeal of Messrs. Dillon and O'Brien and their fellow-accused to the High Court of Justice for a writ to prohibit the magistrates at Tippecanoe from proceeding with the conspiracy cases on the ground of bias has failed of its object. Judge Holmes decided not to grant the writ.

A \$10,000 Stillion Burned to Death.
IOWA CITY, Ia., Oct. 2.—The Wilkes 7-year-old stillion Aloyon, owned by Dr. John Wilbur, of Palmer, Mass., and valued at \$10,000, was burned in a barn near this city Tuesday night. The horse was sent here recently for breeding purposes. No insurance.

The Election in Georgia.
ATLANTA, Ga., Oct. 2.—Late returns show that the full Democratic ticket is elected by the usual heavy majority, there being practically no opposition. Both constitutional amendments have probably been carried. The General Assembly is three-fourths Alliance.

New Southern Industries.
BIRMINGHAM, Ala., Oct. 2.—The record of the last nine months shows the organization in the South of upwards of 3,000 new enterprises, including almost every line of industry, from the small saw-mill to great steel and iron-works.

WITHIN OUR BORDERS.

Column of Fresh Intelligence from Indiana Towns.

The New Election Law.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Oct. 2.—The State Board of Elections is finding its work very laborious under the new law, and daily sessions are being held to consider the many questions that arise. A separate package has to be made up and sealed with wax bearing the stamp of the election board for each of the 13,500 precincts in the State. In each package must be twice as many ballots as there are voters in the precinct, two or three of the large sample ballots and a stamp pad, and a bottle of ink for each booth at the precinct. An exact record of all the material purchased and an itemized account of the distribution has to be kept. The Democratic and Republican State central committees have united to have 5,000,000 copies of the State ballots printed and distributed to all the precincts as samples. They will be exactly like the official ballots, except that instead of being red they will be of some other color, probably yellow or green. These are for the purpose of familiarizing the voters with the arrangement of tickets on the ballots and the process of stamping them in voting before they enter the booths. Under the law the county sheriff must appoint two deputies for each precinct, and a total of 25,000 deputies will be on duty throughout the State on election day.

"A Foo and His Money."
EVANSVILLE, Ind., Oct. 2.—M. H. Justus, of Oakland City, Ind., who recently drew \$7,500 in a lottery, came to this city Tuesday, and, being somewhat of a sporting character himself, found agreeable society, where he succeeded in losing \$5,000. He started for home Wednesday, but on the way to the depot stepped into a saloon, where the proposition to shake dice for \$1,000 was made to him by what appeared to be an old man from the country. Thinking he had an easy victim he accepted the proposition and lost. Thinking the farmer had won by mere chance he asked him to wait a few moments until he returned with more money. Rushing to the bank Justus drew \$5,000 and proposed to his intended victim to throw dice for \$5,000, which was accepted and won by the apparent greeny. No sooner had Justus' money disappeared than it dawned upon him that he had been fleeced by sharper in disguise, and he complained to the police authorities, who arrested several well-known sporting characters, only one of whom was recognized by Justus.

A Test Case.
INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Oct. 2.—The Penn Mutual Life Insurance Company has filed a writ of habeas corpus in the circuit court of Johnson County to the Federal Court here in order to test the constitutionality of the law passed by the Legislature declaring that any company suing to foreclose a mortgage in the Federal Court should forfeit his right to do business in Indiana. This law was passed because insurance companies lending money in the State made it a common practice to foreclose all mortgages in the Federal Court instead of in the county in which the property loaned on was situated.

Think They're Here Stinted.
ROANOKE, Ind., Oct. 2.—Some weeks ago a man giving his name as Rev. J. H. Hill canvassed Roanoke and surrounding towns in the interest of a weekly religious publication at Cleveland, O., called the Gospel on Wheels, and he secured many subscribers. He also preached several sermons, and made a very agreeable impression. All the subscriptions to his paper were cash, and the subscribers naturally expected to hear from the home office at once, but so far they have not realized value received, and letters of inquiry remain unanswered.

The Boycott Was Effective.
MARTINSVILLE, Ind., Oct. 2.—Two years ago the Housewives and Farmers in about Nashville persuaded E. H. Taylor to erect a large flouring mill at great expense. When the Farmers' Alliance was organized a committee waited upon him and wanted to dictate what his tolls should be. Taylor refusing, a boycott was ordered, which has been so effective that Taylor has shut down his mill and is moving his machinery to another locality.

Balfour's Policy Denounced.
INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Oct. 2.—Two thousand Irishmen met in Tomlinson Hall Wednesday night to express their indignation at the recent arrest of Messrs. O'Brien and Dillon. Mayor Sullivan presided, and speeches were made by prominent Irish Americans. Resolutions bitterly denouncing the Balfour policy were put through with a hurrah.

Shortage of Terre Haute's Treasury.
TERRE HAUTE, Ind., Oct. 2.—The special committee appointed to investigate the accounts of ex-City Treasurer Fitzpatrick will finish their work this week. In addition to the \$18,000 originally reported, they have found a deficiency that will bring the total shortage up to \$20,000. Their report will be submitted to the council next Tuesday.

Indiana Pension Agents Arrested.
JEFFERSONVILLE, Ind., Oct. 2.—J. N. Marling and J. H. Peggs, running pension agencies at Columbus, Jeffersonville, Louisville and Knoxville, have been arrested by United States Marshal Peyton on affidavits sworn out by William Forgy, charging gross irregularities.

Put Five Bullets Into His Enemy.
MORGANVILLE, Ind., Oct. 2.—Al Hoover and Alexander Lane, of Jolietville, quarreled over money matters, when Lane shot Hoover five times, inflicting wounds that will prove fatal. Lane was arrested.

Fatal Saloon Fight.
EVANSVILLE, Ind., Oct. 2.—Eugene Curry, Sr., is reported to have been fatally stabbed by Samuel Pollis, a young man formerly of Mount Sterling, in a saloon fight here Wednesday afternoon.

How's Your Liver?

Is the Oriental salutation, knowing that good health cannot exist without a healthy liver. When the liver is torpid the bowels are sluggish and constipated, the food lies in the stomach undigested, poisoning the blood; frequent headache ensues; a feeling of lassitude, despondency and nervousness indicate how the whole system is deranged. Simmonds Liver Regulator has been the means of restoring more people to health and happiness by giving them a healthy liver than any agency known on earth. It acts with extraordinary power and efficacy.

NEVER BEEN DISAPPOINTED.
As a general family remedy for Dyspepsia, Torpid Liver, Constipation, etc., it has never been disappointed in the effect produced. It seems to be almost a perfect cure for all diseases of the stomach and bowels.

W. J. McLENNAN, M.D., (Ct.)

A SUCCESS.
Over 12,000 Persons Attend the Opening of the Exposition at Spokane Falls, Wash.

Spokane Falls, Wash., Oct. 2.—The first exposition ever held in the State of Washington opened here Wednesday. Despite the strike of union carpenters, the building was completed on time, scores of leading men of the city turning out and taking the places of the strikers. The whole city made it a point to attend the opening. The exposition is not confined to Washington, including exhibits from Idaho, Montana, Oregon and British Columbia. With an hour after the door opened, 12,000 people passed into the great building, and the crush was so great that thousands were turned away unable to gain admission. W. H. Calkins, formerly of Indiana, delivered the opening address, while local and military bands from Fort Sherman and a trained chorus of 800 voices contributed music.

For Congress.
Congressional nominations were made on Wednesday as follows: Massachusetts, Fourth district, Joseph H. O'Neill (Dem.) renominated; Sixth, Henry Cabot Lodge (Rep.) renominated; Eighth, P. T. Greenhalge (Rep.) renominated; Tenth, C. B. Pratt (Dem.); Twelfth, John C. Crosby (Dem.); John J. Ascom (Pro.). New York, Twenty-fourth district, Frank B. Arnold (Rep.); Rhode Island, First district, O. L. Smith (Dem.); Second district, L. H. Richardson (Pro.); Second, Charles H. Page (Dem.); John R. Tapp (Pro.); Kentucky, Sixth district, Wedon O'Neil (Rep.); Fourth district, M. K. Gautze (Dem.); Seventh, William E. Haynes (Dem.) renominated; Michigan, First district, John L. Chapman (Dem.); Arkansas, Second district, Isham P. Langlois (Union Labor) endorsed by the Republicans.

Railroad Systems Consolidated.
PITTSBURGH, Pa., Oct. 2.—The official existence of the Pittsburgh, Cincinnati, Chicago & St. Louis railway commences Wednesday, it being the result of a consolidation of the Pittsburgh, Cincinnati & St. Louis, the Jeffersonville, Madison & Indianapolis, and the Cincinnati & Richmond railroads. This system includes 1,050 miles, branching from Pittsburgh to the West, and with the leases forms a total mileage of 1,533.

Prison Reformers Adjourn.
CINCINNATI, Oct. 2.—The National Prison congress having completed its work has adjourned to meet in Pittsburgh in October, 1891. Rev. Dr. Wines, its secretary, was re-elected, but owing to a pressure of other business he was compelled to offer his resignation, which was accepted, and Rev. J. H. Milligan, his assistant, was chosen secretary. Dr. Wines retains his interest in the association and is one of the board of directors.

Walsley Goes to Ireland.
LONDON, Oct. 2.—General Lord Walsley, accompanied by his staff, has gone to Dublin to assume command of the troops in Ireland.

Worth Hundreds of Dollars.
My wife used only two bottles of "Mother's Friend" before her third confinement. Says she would not be without it for hundreds of dollars. Had not half as much trouble as before.

DR. MILLER, Lincoln Parish La. Write the Bradford Regulator Co., Atlanta, Ga., for further particulars. For sale by Nye & Co.

Shiloh's Cure will immediately relieve Croup, Whooping Cough and Bronchitis. For sale by McRae, Morgan & Co.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

A cream of tartar baking powder; highest of all in leavening strength—U. S. Government Report, Aug. 17, 1890.