Republican Progress.

BLOOMINGTON, IND.

W. A. GABE, - Editor and Publisher.

1893 FEBRUARY. 1893

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FULL OF FRESH FACTS,

ALL RELATING TO PEOPLE AND THINGS OF THE WORLD.

Judge Hanchett of Michigan, to Succeed Judge Jackson—Canadians Want to Annex—Lake Shore Wreck—Big Failure—He Rose from the Dead.

JUDGE HANCHETT.

He Succeeds Judge Jackson On the Circuit Bench.

The President has nominated Benton Hanchett of Michigan, to succeed Judge Jackson in the Sixth Judicial District. Mr. Hanchett lives in Saginaw, Mich., and has long been recognized as one of the leading attorneys of the State. He was known to the President and the Attorney-General by reputation but neither of them enjoyed his personal acquaintance. Although he has frequently been named in connection with offices of various character, Mr. Hanchett has steadily declined political preferment, his only position of this sort being that of a Republican presidential elector in 1876. When Mr. Stockbridge was making a campaign for renomination to the Senate, Mr. Hanchett was brought forward by the opposition, but withdrew by the time Mr. Stockbridge's case began to grow doubtful. He also declined a proffered appointment to the Supreme Court of Michigan, which was tendered him by Governor Luce.

Navies of the World.

Norfolk (Va.) special: The rendezvous of the navies of the world in Hampton Roads in April and May has stirred the people of this vicinity deeper than any event since the war. They appreciate the act of Congress giving them such a display as the assemblage of so many ships of war will make. Regattas, balls, pyrotechnic displays, trades parades, and numerous other attractions are being arranged for. The transportation companies throughout the country will make reduced rates and ample accommodations will be made for hundreds of thousands of visitors.

He Rose from the Dead.

Peter Johnson, an aged colored man, died a few days ago at Elkton, Tenn. One of the women who were watching the corpse, procured a towel and some cold water and began to bathe the brow of the supposed dead man. She was startled to see signs of returning life and all the colored people were thrown into a state of terror by the negro raising his head from his coffin pillow and exclaiming:

"What in the debble is you doin', honey?"

The aged negro was taken from the coffin and is rapidly regaining health.

Want to Annex!

Ottawa (Ont.) special: Mr. Tarte caused a stir in parliament by declaring that two-thirds of the counties of Quebec would vote for annexation to the United States if the vote was taken now. This sentiment is attributed to the unsatisfactory condition of the country, and he said it is not confined to the French speaking population, but is widespread among the English population, in the eastern townships. He denied that he is anxious himself, but said his ears are not closed to the demands for a change.

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Suicide in Roman Style.

Victor Thourard, a Frenchman of a melancholy and nervous temperament killed himself at Brooklyn, N. Y., in a highly sensational manner. He pierced himself through the heart with an old army sword. From the position of the body it was evident that the man had stood the weapon on the floor point upward and steadying it with his hand, had evidently fallen deliberately on the point after the ancient Roman fashion of committing self sacrifice.

Rufus Hatch Dead.

Rufus Hatch, formerly a prominent Wall street man and closely connected with the Panama Railroad Company, died at his home in New York. Hatch failed twice, once for $160,000 and again for $600,000. Later he amassed a fabulous fortune. He again paid up all his debts, and at the time of his death was one of the few men who have been engaged in stock transactions who could honestly say, "I owe no man a cent."

An Embezzler.

Grayling (Mich.) special: Charles M. Jackson, ex-Treasurer of Crawford County, has been arrested on the complaint of the supervisors, charged with the embezzlement of county funds during his term of office. It is said the shortage will amount to over $13,000. Jackson had a preliminary hearing, and was remanded until March 8.

Lake Shore Wreck.

The Lake Shore special train ran into a "light" engine at Wickliff, Ohio, killing Engineer James Gill, of the extra. He was pinioned in the cab, with the lever through his body, and was otherwise horribly mangled. His fireman has not yet been found.

Big Failure.

Beaupre, Keogh & Davis of St. Paul, the oldest wholesale grocery house in the Northwest, having been established in 1862, have failed. The liabilities are $400,000 and the assets will foot up but little over $200,000.

Fell on a Stove.

Miss Fannie Smith of Crawfordsville, Ind., fainted and fell over on a gas stove near which she stood. Her face and neck were badly burned.

CRIME AND CASUALTY.

—Two freight trains bound east on the Fitchburg Railroad collided near Athol, Mass. The locomotive of the second telescoped the caboose of the first train on a steep down-grade. George Taylor and Joseph Martin were instantly killed and Conductor Seely was badly hurt.

—Samuel J. Inman, Police Court Clerk, at Denver, Colo., committed suicide. He was harassed by creditors and could not meet his obligations. He left a note to his daughter saying that he had not a cent in the world. He was ruined by gambling.

—At St. Louis, while the mail was being transferred from a St. Louis and San Francisco Railroad train to the mail car on the St. Louis, Keokuk and North western Road at the depot a pouch containing the registered mail was ripped open and the contents stolen. The value of the stolen property is unknown, but probably will amount to several thousand dollars. There is no clue.

—In attempting to drive across the track of the Ohio Southern Railroad near Fruitdale, O., Capt. James Crawford and his son William, aged 17, were run down and instantly killed.

—Train No. 5 on the West Shore was wrecked at Palmyra, N. Y., Tuesday morning. The train usually consists of two coaches, two sleepers and a baggage car. No sleeping-car passengers were killed, but the two day coaches were full of passengers. Engineer Pearsall was badly hurt. The West Shore Superintendent sent to Rochester from Palmyra for three or four doctors.

—Henry Brewer, a Rapid City, S. D., cowboy employed by the Holcombs at their home ranch on the Belle Fourche, has been missing for two weeks. Fears are entertained that he has been murdered by wandering Indians. A searching party is looking for him.

—At Boston, thirty workmen attempted to move a big 125-foot staging in the trainhouse of the Boston and Providence Railroad, when the staging collapsed, and the heavy planks fell with a crash, burying all the workmen in the debris. The entire number were more or less injured, and some of them will probably die.

THE FIRE RECORD.

—Buckstaff's vitrified paving brick works at Lincoln, Neb., were burned. Loss, $200,000.

—The National Wall Paper Company's factory at New York, consisting of six floors packed with stock, was burned to the ground. The loss on the stock is estimated at $150,000 and on the building at $50,000. The damage to surrounding buildings by falling walls is about $2,000. No one was injured.

—A letter has been received at Seattle, Wash., from New Metankanta, Alaska, known as "Father Dunkan Mission," giving particulars of the fire there Feb 7, in which twenty-eight houses were destroyed in two hours. The people are suffering for want of clothing and shelter. The fire destroyed about a quarter of the town, entailing a loss of $12,000. Requests for aid have resulted in $300 being subscribed in Seattle so far, and more will be forthcoming.

—The loss by the fire at West Newton, Pa., amounts to $40,000.

—The factory of the Harry Weissenger Tobacco Company on Floyd street, Louisville, Ky., was completely destroyed by fire Tuesday afternoon. The loss is estimated at from $325,000 to $250,000, with an insurance of about $145,000. The fire originated in the drying room on the third floor and was caused by steam pipes overheating the woodwork. Two employes, one on the third and one on the fourth floor, had to be rescued by a hook and ladder company. The fire secured a good start, the heavy snow preventing the ten engines called to the fire from responding promptly.

—Fire at Montreal destroyed property worth $200,000. The principal losers are Richard Smardens, boot and shoe factory; J. E. Mullin & Co., boot and shoe factory; Keegan, Milne & Co., electrical supplies; Doyle & Anderson, wholesale teas.

PERSONAL MENTION.

—Pierre Gustave Toutant Beauregard, the last survivor of the Confederate military leaders who attained the full rank of General, died at New Orleans Monday night of heart failure. Since the close of the civil war Gen. Beauregard had made his home in New Orleans. He had been for years past a commissioner to supervise the drawings of the Louisiana State Lottery Company, and for his services in this capacity received a princely salary, estimated at $30,000 a year. He was a member of all of the leading clubs and a liberal patron of the arts and the opera. In 1888 he yielded to the popular demand for reform in the municipal government and consented to become a candidate for the office of Commissioner of Public Works. He was elected by a large majority, but resigned the office after a tenure of a month. He also served as an engineering expert in a number of important cases in recent years.

—Probably the only will ever offered for probate in which the testator announces that he has no property to bequeath was that of Dr. Walter Hay, a leading Annapolis (Md.) physician. The testator says: "In order to avoid any litigation after my death, I publish this statement. I do not own, directly or indirectly, any estate or property of any kind or description whatever, nor do I owe any debt or obligation." Dr. Hay died recently at Milwaukee, in Brantley, aged 78.—At Washington, ex-United States Senator George E. Spencer.—At San Francisco, Judge S. C. Hastings, aged 78.—At Beatrice, Neb., Capt. Nathaniel Herron, aged 50.—At Lancaster, Pa., Major H. A. Hambright, U. S. A., retired, aged 74.—At Pittsburg, Senator John G. Neeb, aged 42.—At Greensburg, Pa., Col. J. W. Moore, aged 55.—At Berlin, Baron von Bleichroeder, the financier.

—Obituary: At Warsaw, Ind., Judge James S. Fraser, aged 69. At Bloomington, Ill., George W. Lechtenthaler, aged 60. A. Wurzburg, Bavaria, Peter Leak, the wealthy brewer of Toledo. At Martinsville Ind., Miss Fannie Edwards, the evangelist. At Elkhart, Ind., Joseph Abbott, aged 67. At Marshalltown, Iowa, Nathan Morley, Sr., aged 75.

FOREIGN.

—A large number of lives have been lost owing to deadly gases in the Impensada lead mines, near Cartagena, Spain. The lead mines are situated at Almazarron, about twenty miles from Cartagena, and have been worked for centuries. The work has been pushed with energy recently, and it is claimed that sufficient precautions have not been taken to prevent fatalities. Before the miners were aware of their danger they were prostrated by noxious fumes, which spread throughout the workings, and of those who were overcome twenty-seven are reported dead from suffocation. Great excitement prevails at Almazarron, and other lead mines in the vicinity are being inspected.

—Advices received by the steamer Belgic from Yokohama state that the arrival of the United States steamship Monocacy at Nanking probably prevented an anti-missionary riot Dec. 26. A Chinese mob was about to destroy the Methodist chapel, but cooled down after the arrival of the Monocacy.

—Advices from Yokohama state that a great fire occurred at Pekin Jan. 7, when 10,000 houses burned and a great number of lives were lost.

—The Colombian Government has granted to M. Mauge, representative of the Panama Canal, a temporary extension of the concession until the last of March, so that the ministry will have time to study the details.

—An explosion at the Skalis mine, in Styria, caused fifteen deaths, besides twenty miners more or less seriously injured. Six persons were drowned by the flooding of the Rudolf mine at Carlsbad, Bohemia.

—An extensive fire in Sarngeways, a suburb of Manchester, Eng., did damage to to the amount of £90,000. Three warehouses belonging to Charlton's bleaching and finishing works were destroyed.

—Portugal's ministry has resigned because the Cortes refused to approve its financial schemes.

—M. Le Royer, President of the French Senate, has resigned. His health is given as the reason, but it is said that he desires to avoid presiding over the high court of justice to try the Panama cases.

MISCELLANEOUS.

—The President has relegated all authority to the Secretary of the Treasury in the bond question. He may issue them as he sees fit. Whether he will avail himself of the opportunity and issue the promised bonds is not known, but it is believed that he will do so, although the situation was made brighter by a letter to the Secretary from a New York banker, who was to have taken $2,000,000 from the Treasury on Saturday for foreign shipment, stating that he had arranged to ship $2,000,000 worth of investment securities instead. The Secretary was more cheerful than at any time in the last month. He has been inclined to issue bonds, but although the President has given him authority to do as he sees fit, he appreciates the President's strong desire not to issue the bonds, and it is believed that he will not do so as long as there is any free gold left in the Treasury.

—"The White Squadron" will commence the second and last week of its engagement at McVicker's Theater, Chicago, March 5. It is a naval spectacle, with a tinge of romance, startling situations and equally enlivening climaxes. It teaches patriotism with force and earnestness. It is studded with rich scenery, elaborate costumes and novel electrical effects. Among the strong scenic effects in the play are the Grand Plaza in Rio de Janeiro, a pillaged monastery in the interior of South America, and the harbor of Rio. One remarkable scene is the assemblage of the "Congress of Navies" in the public square of Rio, followed by a tableau representing the departure of the United States steamship Chicago under full sail and steam. The cast is large, and embraces such well-known players as Robert Hilliard, May Wheeler and others. Joseph Arthur's popular comedy-drama, "Blue Jeans," will commence a two-weeks' engagement at McVicker's, Sunday evening, March 12, to be followed by the New York production of "The Black Crook."

—A notable divorce suit has just ended in the Common Pleas Court at Bellaire, Ohio, in which Mrs. Mary A. Parker was granted divorce from her husband, Thos. C. Parker, Jr., and allowed $1,200 alimony. This is the sixth decree of divorce which has been granted against five members of this wealthy family within the past ten years, a record unequaled by any other family in the Ohio Valley.

—Edwin Booth proposes to make a farewell tour of ten weeks next fall and will then retire permanently from the stage.

—The Treasury Department is informed of the arrest and conviction of seven Chinamen at Deming, N. M., on the 1st inst. for coming into this country from Mexico. They will be deported to China.

—A large number of negroes are arriving in Oklahoma Territory daily, nearly every one of whom carries a large card upon which is printed the following certificate:

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, WASHINGTON, D. C.

The holder of this card will, upon the opening of the Cherokee Strip, be entitled to a claim of sixty acres of good farming land, and upon presentation at the opening of the strip the holder will be given a deed to any body of land he or she may select, providing such land is not already taken. This card must be presented within ten days after the Strip is opened. CHARLES H. CLARKE, Agent.

These deluded blacks purchased these cards of a man who traveled through Tennessee, Alabama and Mississippi several months ago and sold them at $10 each.

—The second trial of Dr. T. Thatcher Graves for the alleged murder of Mrs. Barnaby has been set for May 22, at Denver. Meanwhile the prisoner will remain in jail, refusing all offers of bail.

—A colored woman living at Laurel, Del., has been in a trance for fifteen days. The case is a most remarkable one and is greatly puzzling the medical fraternity. Local physicians take so much interest in it that they take turns in watching the woman night and day to see what the outcome will be.

—Sculptor Parke is making a bust of President Harrison, which is to be placed in the Indiana building at the World's Fair.

—At Louisville, Ky., Tuesday a snowstorm raged all day, and at 9 o'clock there was five inches of snow in the streets, severely interfering with street-car traffic. It is feared that the snow will cause a flood, as the river is very high.

—The following telegram from Minister Stevens, at Honolulu, was made public at Washington Tuesday:

HONOLULU, Feb. 8, via San Francisco.
Secretary of State, Washington, D. C. (care Secretary of the Navy):
The affairs of state continue to be hopeful. Hoisting flag in protection of this Government was expected. Subjects who were doubtful now for annexation. The natives show unexpected regard for the United States flag. Prudent conduct of Capt. Wiltse, the officers and crew of the Boston credit to the navy. Cannot send by mail. STEVENS.

—George L. Bradbury, general manager of the Lake Erie and Western, at Indianapolis, sent to Richard Henry Neff, the heroic brakeman who was nearly killed at Peru in the recent wreck, a gold watch and chain valued at $200. In addition to this gift the company will take care of Neff in a good position as soon as he is able to go back on the road. He will be presented with the medal voted to him by the Legislature.

—Spotted fever has been epidemic in Marshall County, Ky., for several weeks, and fifty deaths are reported. Dr. McCormick has ordered Dr. Frank Boyd, of Paducah, to proceed to the infected district and take the necessary measures to prevent the spread of the plague.

—The Rochester (N. Y.) Paper Company has called a meeting of its creditors. The indebtedness is placed at $300,000 and the assets at $710,000.

—The switchmen's association of Chicago is secretly preparing a petition to the railroad managers setting forth its new schedule of wages, and threatens to order a general strike if the demands are not conceded. All the plans for a strike have been made and if the advance asked for is not granted every switchman in Chicago will go out April 1. The petition of the switchmen asks $3 per day of ten hours, and for helpers 30 cents an hour overtime by day and 35 cents per hour overtime at night. The switchmen in charge ask 35 cents per hour overtime by day and 40 cents at night. The men are now getting for extra time 20 and 25 cents an hour, and they demand an increase of 10 cents all around. Should the railroads refuse to consider the proposed advance a strike will be the inevitable result. The association numbers among its members every switchman in the city. If they go out they have the power to tie up every road entering Chicago, and threaten to do so unless their petition is favorably considered.

—R. G. Dun & Co.'s weekly review of trade says:

Exports of gold for the week did not reach $6,000,000, as at one time expected, but were probably no more than $2,000,000, and the Treasury reserve, over $109,000,000, not diminished. Moreover, quite large purchases of security on foreign account are reported, which would cancel heavy adverse merchandise balances, and to that extent prevent gold shipments. The financial outlook depends largely upon the fact that exports of the principal products in January were $29,000,000 smaller than last year, while imports at New York alone were $17,000,000 larger than last year, which indicates a considerable excess of imports for the month, and explains the heavy outgo of gold. In February thus far exports from New York have been but little below last year's, though at cotton ports very much smaller, and meanwhile imports show an enormous increase—over 30 per cent. But those who dread disaster may well remember the rule—that a panic that is expected never comes. The business failures occurring throughout the country number 283 as compared with totals of 266 last week. For the corresponding week last year the figures were 290.

THE MARKETS.

CHICAGO.		
CATTLE—Common to Prime	$3.25	@ 6.00
HOGS—Shipping Grades	3.50	@ 5.50
SHEEP—Fair to Choice	3.00	@ 5.50
WHEAT—No. 2 Spring	.72½	@ .73½
CORN—No. 2	.40	@ .41
OATS—No. 2	.30	@ .31
RYE—No. 2	.52	@ .53
BUTTER—Choice Creamery	.27½	@ .28½
EGGS—Fresh	.24	@ .25
POTATOES—New, per bu	.75	@ .85
INDIANAPOLIS.		
CATTLE—Shipping	3.25	@ 5.50
HOGS—Choice Light	3.70	@ 5.50
SHEEP—Common to Prime	3.00	@ 5.00
WHEAT—No. 2 Red	.68	@ .68½
CORN—No. 2 White	.42	@ .42½
OATS—No. 2 White	.36	@ .37
ST. LOUIS.		
CATTLE	3.00	@ 5.00
HOGS	3.00	@ 5.50
WHEAT—No. 2 Red	.67	@ .68
CORN—No. 2	.37	@ .38
OATS—No. 2	.32	@ .32½
RYE—No. 2	.54	@ .56
CINCINNATI.		
CATTLE	3.00	@ 5.50
HOGS	3.00	@ 5.75
SHEEP	3.00	@ 5.75
WHEAT—No. 2 Red	.72	@ .73
CORN—No. 2	.44	@ .45
OATS—No. 2 Mixed	.33½	@ .34½
RYE—No. 2	.57	@ .58
DETROIT.		
CATTLE	3.00	@ 4.75
HOGS	3.00	@ 7.60
SHEEP	3.00	@ 4.50
WHEAT—No. 2 Red	.72½	@ .73½
CORN—No. 2 Yellow	.43½	@ .44½
OATS—No. 2 White	.33	@ .39
TOLEDO.		
WHEAT—No. 2	.72	@ .72½
CORN—No. 2 White	.42	@ .43
OATS—No. 2 White	.35½	@ .36½
RYE	.57	@ .59
BUFFALO.		
CATTLE—Common to Prime	3.50	@ 5.50
HOGS—Best Grades	4.00	@ 8.75
WHEAT—No. 1 Hard	.82	@ .83
No. 2 Red	.76	@ .77
MILWAUKEE.		
WHEAT—No. 2 Spring	.66	@ .67
CORN—No. 3	.41	@ .42
OATS—No 2 White	.34½	@ .35½
RYE—No. 1	.57	@ .58
BARLEY—No. 2	.62	@ .64
PORK—Mess	19.50	@20.00
NEW YORK.		
CATTLE	3.50	@ 5.50
HOGS	3.00	@ 6.00
SHEEP	3.00	@ 5.60
WHEAT—No. 2 Red	.79½	@ .80½
CORN—No. 2	.53	@ .54
OATS—Mixed Western	.39	@ .40
BUTTER—Best	.27	@ .29
PORK—New Mess	20.76	@21.00

THE WAY THINGS RUN

IN THE GREATEST OF GREAT STATES, INDIANA.

Things Which Have Lately Happened Within Its Borders—Some Pleasant and Some Sad Reading.

White Cappers Get It.

The first White Cap case ever tried in Perry County terminated very hard for the defendants at Cannelton. It will be remembered that about a year ago Lewis and Otto Faulkenborough, Ed O'Keith, and Hinton Carr visited the house of John Underhill, about midnight, with the avowed intention of whipping Underhill. Otto broke down the door with a rail, then the four men rushed in on Underhill and gave him a terrible beating. At the last November term of court Carr confessed to the Prosecuting Attorney, therefore he was made a State witness and allowed to go free, and, in consequence the defendants' bond was increased from $500 each to $1,000. The other day the two Faulkenboroughs pleaded guilty in open court. Otto tried to implicate a man by the name of Marsh Land, but the other two defendants said Land was not in the crowd. Otto got five years and a $200 fine. Sentence was suspended as to Lewis on account of he being a minor at the time of the offense, but he was ordered to pay the fine. Otto is considered one of the hardest men in Perry County. He had many enemies, few friends, and his friends only consisted of men like himself, or men who feared him.

Minor State News.

JOSEPH ABBOTT, a retired business man and prominent Freemason, died at Elkhart, aged 67.

THERE are two lawyers and two preachers among the convicts at the Northern Prison.

OWEN P. SCARFF of Madison City, has been appointed Government Guager and assigned to duty at Hammond, Ind.

C. S. COTTINGHAM, after fifteen years service as Assistant Postmaster at Kokomo, has resigned. M. S. Holman takes his place.

EDWIN STUART, manager of the Opera House, a prominent Elk and a well-known actor, died at his home in Logansport of paresis.

MUNCIE'S new city directory, which has just been completed, contains 10,722 names. The last census gives the city 19,763 population.

THE gardeners and farmers around Seymour are preparing to engage much more extensively than usual in the raising of strawberries this year.

BEDFORD has received positive assurances that the O. & M. Company will build a branch road from Mitchell to that city to tap the stone quarries.

M. S. LITTLES, Evansville, has bought 600 acres of the finest coal lands in Southern Indiana, near Petersburg. He will put 300 men to work in the spring.

CHARLES CHASTEEN of Anderson, who a few days ago had a leg cut off while in the employ of the L. E. & W. railroad company, has sued for $25,000 damages.

E. F. HAWKINS, a notorious Indian doctor of Cannelton, was sentenced to five years in the penitentiary for criminally assaulting a little colored girl at Tell City.

A MAN has been fined in the Carroll County Circuit Court for violating the law requiring the owners of traction engines to send a man ahead to warn the public of its approach.

ELWOOD is excited over what is alleged to be a big oil well. One year ago a gas well was drilled there, but a few days ago it gave out. Now it has developed itself into an oil gusher.

THE farmers of Cass County have been swindled by the lightning rod agent who contracts to put the rods on their houses for $7.50, but the bill turns out to be $750 and they have to fork it over.

Stiner chilled-plow works, in South Bend, was fatally injured by the fragments of a broken emery wheel. One cheek was crushed and the right eye will have to be removed.

A BIG deal between Anderson people and Chicago and Eastern capitalists was consummated in the former city recently. They sold 200 acres of land near the city for $230,000 to the syndicate, which will erect factories on the site.

J. M. FENDER'S team ran away at Liberty, and struck a buggy in which Albert Conklin was going to town. After the collision young Conklin was fished out from under the horses more dead than alive. He is very seriously hurt.

AS A result of the recent gas explosion at Lebanon the Lebanon Light, Heat, and Power Company is made defendant in a suit by Martin Hohl for $25,000 damages; $15,000 for personal injuries and $10,000 for damage to his property.

HENRY D. LAWSHE of Somerset, Wabash County, father of A. L. Lawshe, editor of the Converse Journal, died of old age, he being over 77. He had lived in Somerset nearly forty years, and was one of the prominent citizens of the county.

DURING the funeral of Joseph Weaver at the Christian Church in Noblesville, the building was discovered to be on fire, and the alarm came near causing a panic. The fire department was called out and the fire was extinguished without material loss.

THE other morning the dead bodies of John Osterman, a farmer living ten miles east of Fort Wayne, and his wife were found in bed at their home. At first it was supposed to be a double suicide, but on investigation by Prosecutor Colerick and Coroner Kessler it developed that Osterman poisoned his wife and himself. A week ago he went to Fort Wayne and stole a steam guage, and it was found in his house. It is supposed he feared arrest, and put arsenic in the coffee at supper. The old folks, both being over seventy, were destitute. The house they lived in was a hovel and barren of furniture. During the past winter they suffered, not for fuel, but because the only stove they had was almost worthless.

THE dwelling of Flem McCray, near Brick Chapel, burned with nearly all its contents. The wife of Ellsbury O'Hair, in running to the fire, fell upon the ice and broke her leg.

THE jury in the case of the State against John Donavan, who, a month ago, assaulted and brutally beat Fisher Ferry, city editor of the Wabash Times, who had "written him up," rendered a verdict of guilty, and fined Donavan $55 and costs, amounting to $100. Judge Cowgill increased the bond to $150, and, in default, Donavan went to jail. John Ivory, who assisted in whipping the editor, got $20 and costs.

REBECCA KISER, the widow of the late Hon. Peter Kiser, died at Fort Wayne, aged 73.

PATENTS have been granted Indiana inventors as follows: Reece H. Alexander, Fort Wayne, steam generating boiler furnace; Hiram L. Craig, Wayne, sash balance; Amos C. Fell, Newville, churn; Carl Heinemann, Hammond, device for suspending scaffolding; Israel Levy, Koutz, heel pad; Montgomery C. Megis, Lafayette, excavator; William R. Mercer, Terre Haute, tilting seat for bicycles; Britton Poulson, Fort Wayne, combined chair and table; Evert M. Thompson, Indianapolis, ice-cream freezer; David N. Weathers, Leavenworth, vegetable cutter.

AN infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Ed Weesner of Sumerset, was burned to death. The little one was playing about the house, and grasping a lamp on a stand, pulled it over. The oil took fire, and, flaming up, burned the face and breast of the child. She died.

MISS MAGGIE DUGAN, daughter of John Dugan of Plainfield, who, with her sister, was injured last summer by a Vandalia train east of this place, is losing her mind. It is thought that the constant brooding over her injuries, which destroyed her handsome appearance, is the cause of her dementia. Miss Dugan was a bright, intelligent woman, and her present pitiable condition is deplored by her hosts of friends.

INDIANA LEGISLATURE.

THE House, Tuesday, ordered the co-employes' liability bill engrossed. Among the Committee reports was one from the Committee on cities and towns, recommending Mr. Rodabaugh's charter bill for Fort Wayne and another favoring his annexation bill. Both reports were approved.

There will be fewer long-winded speeches in the House hereafter. Mr. Ader offered a resolution, which was adopted, limiting all speeches on committee reports to five minutes, and on engrossment and third reading to ten minutes.

The Senate killed a number of unimportant bills that came up on Committee reports, and spent the balance of the day discussing the Building and Loan Association bill, which was finally ordered engrossed with a few minor amendments.

IMPORTANT action was taken by the Senate, Wednesday, in engrossing the bill incorporating loan, trust, and safety deposit companies and enabling them to act as trustees of the estates of deceased persons and as guardians of persons of unsound mind, etc. The Senate also took approving action on the bill giving minority parties the right of representation on election boards.

The House approved a resolution looking to the appointment of a special committee to investigate and report on fees and salaries.

The House struggled for several hours over the Senate bill providing for elections but once every four years in cities and towns and making present offices hold over till 1896. By a close shave the bill reached engrossment.

The general appropriation bill was introduced in the House by the Ways and Means Committee, and was made the special order for Friday at 2 p. m.

The House called up the majority and minority reports of the committee on the bill appropriating $50,000 in aid of the National Encampment, G. A. R., and the majority report, recommending an indefinite postponement, was approved by a vote of 51 to 45. This settles the question of State aid in the negative. A bill has passed the House, however, empowering the City Council to levy a special tax of $75,000 in aid of the proposed encampment.

The House passed the bill creating the office of Boiler Inspector and calling for the inspection of all steam boilers in the State.

In the Senate, Thursday, Magee's bill, making it unlawful for Warden's of prisons to let the labor of convicts to contractors at less than 65 cents a day was ordered engrossed without division. Among the bills passed in the Senate was one making it unlawful to practice pharmacy without a certificate to be issued by the Circuit Court Clerk on diploma from a college or school of pharmacy; increasing the jurisdiction of the Appelate court to cover cases involving $3,000 and enlarging its jurisdiction in misdemeanor cases, and fixing the rate of interest on Congressional and common school fund loans at 6 per cent. A bill was introduced and pushed to engrossment in the Senate which is approved by the State Board of Charities, and looks to the abolition of corporal punishment in the prisons, except in extreme cases.

THE bill extending the time of all officers of cities, towns, and corporations to 1894, and making the terms four years thereafter, was called up and pushed to its passage in the House. Evansville and Indianapolis of the cities of the State are alone exempt.

The Speaker laid before the House the majority and minority reports, the first suggesting amendments which exempted the librarian, engineer, and custodian of the Capitol Building from appointment by the Governor, while the other recommended an indefinite postponement of the whole business. Debate was cut off under the previous question, and on an yea and nay vote the Governor won by a majority of 91 to 33.

TWO IMPORTANT amendments were made to the school-book law in the Senate, Friday. One amendment permits the placing of school books contracted for in the hands of the local dealers instead of being furnished directly to the County Superintendent or Township Trustee. The dealer is prohibited from selling in advance of the contract price. Another amendment gives school commissioners the right to make changes in books, so as to bring them up to the required standard.

Senator Board, the youngest man in the Senate, introduced a bill to prevent the manufacture and sale of "hoop-skirts" in the State. The bill declares that the fashion of wearing "hoop-skirts" was revived by a combination of fashion producers and dress goods manufacturers, the hoops requiring more dress goods and creating an unnatural demand, and that women were compelled to wear them for fear of being ostracized by society in general. The penalty of violating the law was fixed at a maximum of $1,000 fine with thirty days' imprisonment.

The House took another whack at the bill allowing suits against railroad companies, which the question of insuring with the company was left optional with the employe. This is the second time the bill has been reconsidered, each time with different results.

The co-employes liability bill was passed by the House, 69 to 17, without discussion.

Consideration of the general appropriations has gone over until Monday.

THE following bills passed the Senate Monday: Authorizing the Governor to spend as much as $50,000 for the suppression or prevention of the coming or the spread of the cholera during his term of office; providing that the County Commissioners shall open to competition all public contracts; for the incorporation of loan fund and savings associations; permitting cities to take stock in water companies established by private individuals, with the power to issue bonds to fund their indebtedness; compelling gravel-road superintendents to make quarterly reports to the Board of County Commissioners; establishing boards of childrens' guardians in the counties of Vigo, Allen, and Vanderburg; concerning the duties of clerks of the Circuit Courts of the State in regard to registering fees, etc., paid out and taken in; to allow watchers, appointed by the campaign committees of Populists and Prohibitionists on election boards.

The House got into a wrangle over the patronage bill and spent most of the day debating it. It finally passed by a vote of 63 to 37. The bill to legalize Ashley, DeKalb County, passed.

The joint convention of the House and Senate went through the formality of electing Miss Ahern State Librarian.

Minor State Items.

COLUMBUS is to have a new hotel with 100 rooms.

WILLIAM C. LEONARD, a manufacturer of Elkhart, was found dead in bed by his wife.

CHARLES KOHLMEYER, a young farmer of Knox County, was killed by being kicked in the breast by a Texas pony.

THE barn of John Hogue, near Vincennes, was burned. Five head of horses were lost. Loss, $2,000; insurance, $1,000.

ANDREW LOSH, fireman on the Big Four, received a fractured skull by a broken driving rod near Mooreland. May die.

A LEAGUE of young ladies has been formed in Shelbyville with thirty-one signers up to date, who say they will not wear hoopskirts.

A Stupendous Bridge.

A bridge across the Firth-of-Forth, Scotland, is projected, and, indeed, is already under way, which, if finished, will be one of the most remarkable bridges in the world. The main girder will be within a few feet of a mile in length, and will rest upon cylindrical piers, each of which will weigh 16,000 tons. It will, of course, be high enough for all vessels to pass underneath, and about 42,000 tons of steel will be required in its construction. The estimated cost will be $7,500,000.

THE Asiatic breeds and also the Plymouth Rocks are too large and coarse to fry after they attain their growth. The Leghorn family, however, are different, they being better when pretty well grown than earlier. The Minorcas, Black Spanish, and Leghorns are the best breeds for eggs.

THE goose lays about twenty eggs, but at times they will reach as many as forty. Four weeks are about the time for incubation, or, rather thirty days, and the market is more favorable to geese under one year of age.

Brief and Pointed.

An English youth, recently converted from the established church to Catholicism, went down on his knees in a Protestant drawing-room, and asked a Cardinal who entered for his blessing. The magnificent old man looked ruffled, and said, in impatient tones, and without any punctuation, "God-bless-you-get-up-sir," and passed away.

If you want to become popular, say nothing about a man's dozen bad qualities, but refer as often as possible to his one good quality.

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—AND—

Stomach and Liver Cure

The Most Astonishing Medical Discovery of the Last One Hundred Years.

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This wonderful Nervine Tonic has only recently been introduced into this country by the Great South American Medicine Company, and yet its great value as a curative agent has long been known by the native inhabitants of South America, who rely almost wholly upon its great medicinal powers to cure every form of disease by which they are overtaken.

This new and valuable South American medicine possesses powers and qualities hitherto unknown to the medical profession. This medicine has completely solved the problem of the cure of Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, and diseases of the general Nervous System. It also cures all forms of failing health from whatever cause. It performs this by the Great Nervine Tonic qualities which it possesses and by its great curative powers upon the digestive organs, the stomach, the liver and the bowels. No remedy compares with this wonderfully valuable Nervine Tonic as a builder and strengthener of the life forces of the human body and as a great renewer of a broken down constitution. It is also of more real permanent value in the treatment and cure of diseases of the Lungs than any ten consumption remedies ever used on this continent. It is a marvelous cure for nervousness of females of all ages. Ladies who are approaching the critical period known as change in life, should not fail to use this great Nervine Tonic almost constantly for the space of two or three years. It will carry them safely over the danger. This great strengthener and curative is of inestimable value to the aged and infirm, because its great energizing properties will give them a new hold on life. It will add ten or fifteen years to the lives of many of those who will use a half dozen bottles of the remedy each year.

CURES

Nervousness and Nervous Prostration, Nervous Headache and Sick Headache, Female Weakness, All Diseases of Women, Nervous Chills, Paralysis, Nervous Paroxysms and Nervous Choking Hot Flashes, Palpitation of the Heart, Mental Despondency, Sleeplessness, St. Vitus's Dance, Nervousness of Females, Nervousness of Old Age, Neuralgia, Pains in the Heart, Pains in the Back, Failing Health, Broken Constitution, Debility of Old Age, Indigestion and Dyspepsia, Heartburn and Sour Stomach, Weight and Tenderness in Stomach, Loss of Appetite, Frightful Dreams, Dizziness and Ringing in the Ears, Weakness of Extremities and Fainting, Impure and Impoverished Blood, Boils and Carbuncles, Scrofula, Scrofulous Swelling and Ulcers, Consumption of the Lungs, Catarrh of the Lungs, Bronchitis and Chronic Cough, Liver Complaint, Chronic Diarrhœa, Delicate and Scrofulous Children, Summer Complaint of Infants.

All these and many other complaints cured by this wonderful Nervine Tonic.

NERVOUS DISEASES.

As a cure for every class of Nervous Diseases, no remedy has been able to compare with the Nervine Tonic, which is very pleasant and harmless in all its effects upon the youngest child or the oldest and most delic