

Republican Progress

Wm. A. Gable, Editor and Proprietor

For President,
The Man Nominated at Minneapolis
in June, 1892.

REPUBLICAN CONVENTION

To appoint delegates to the District Convention, to be held at Indianapolis, March 30, to select two delegates and two alternates to the Republican National Convention.

Also to appoint 8 delegates to the State Convention, to be held at Indianapolis, March 30, to select four delegates-at-large and four alternates for the State of Indiana to the Republican National Convention, at Minneapolis, June 14, 1892.

On Saturday the Republicans of Monroe county met in convention at the court house, according to the call, and Hon. H. C. Duncan was unanimously chosen for chairman. After the organization had been completed, it was moved that a committee of five be appointed to select delegates to two conventions at Indianapolis. The committee chosen by the chair was W. Bradstreet, Thos. Mawzy, Simp. Sharp, C. D. McLaughlin and Thos. Eller. While the committee was out Hon. W. P. Rogers was called upon and made a telling speech. The committee came in with the following list:

CONVENTION OF MARCH 30.

Delegates—W. P. Rogers, Enoch Fuller, L. V. Bakirk, H. C. Duncan, G. K. Perry, Simp. Sharp, H. P. Dillman, W. H. Adams, J. T. Woodward, John Nance, S. Grimes, L. A. Clark, W. Bradstreet, J. G. McPherson, Geo. Thornton, R. Smith, Alternates—Thos. Mawzy, Dr. Geo. Mawzy, Geo. Welch, John A. Reeves, Thos. Haines, Thos. Barnhill, Henry Mattingly, Geo. Walker.

CONVENTION OF MARCH 10TH.

Delegates—J. B. Mulky, J. G. Eller, J. A. Allen, Harry Ince, Roger Kerr, John Fowler, Jas. F. Mawzy, W. M. May, Alternates—Wm. Fox, Fletcher McConnell, Geo. Ead, Jas. Robinson, Wm. Neeld, Joe Lindsey, R. K. Stewart, W. M. Smith. Resolutions were then offered and adopted as follows:

By W. P. Rogers—Resolved, That we, the Republicans of Monroe county, in mass convention assembled, do cordially endorse and approve the administration of President Harrison, as honorable, honest, patriotic, and to the best interests of the whole Nation.

Resolved, That his re-nomination for the second term which he now fills would mean our hearty support and we would most confidently exert our greatest endeavors.

By James F. Morgan—Resolved, That we, the Republicans of Monroe county, in convention assembled, do endorse the administration of President Harrison, as being wise, patriotic and to the best interests of our American institutions, and we favor his re-nomination at Indianapolis.

2. That we endorse the present tariff law and reciprocity, as being consistent with the best interests of the American people.

3. That we endorse the acts of the 51st Congress as wise, just, and in accordance with the constitution.

By W. Bradstreet—

Inasmuch as Nat. U. Hill is suggested as a suitable candidate for a district delegate to the coming National Republican Convention to be held at Minneapolis, June next,

Resolved, That it is the desire of the Republicans of Monroe county that he be a candidate for that position, and that the delegates selected the day to the district convention be instructed to use all their influence and power to elect him to that position, as a man best suited to advocate the re-nomination of General Harrison.

By Maj. Mulky—

Resolved, That the Republicans of Monroe county have a Grand Rally on Saturday, November 5th, 1892, to which every citizen in Monroe and the adjoining counties is invited.

Maj. Mulky was called upon and made some pertinent remarks, and was followed by Mr. Wilson, a student, after which the convention adjourned.

Trustee Todd's Books.

The Board of County Commissioners were in session last week looking over the books of Elijah Todd, deceased, Trustee of Polk township. After a careful investigation of all the books and papers the board made the following record of said township since the date of the last settlement, Aug. 3d, 1891:

	Expenses	Receipts	Balance
Road Fund,	68.72	2.89	65.83
Township Fund,	189.20	137.75	51.45
County School Fund,	240.71	106.95	133.76
Police Fund,	143.81	306.00	162.19
Dog Fund,	107.00	5.00	102.00
Total,	2,167.84	619.59	1,548.25

Of the above balance \$1,538.45 there was on deposit in the First National Bank \$792.06. From the above statement it will be seen that the sum of \$746.39 is yet due the township from the deceased Trustee and his bondsmen, the collection of which has been referred to the County Attorney.

The Board further finds that the sum of \$114 is now due to Elijah Todd from the Township Fund for services rendered to the township for overhauling the poor, looking after the schools, etc.

The indebtedness of the Township as indicated by outstanding orders was shown to be \$1,504.49, the greater portion of which was incurred in 1889 and 1890.

The books were kept in a very poor way, and the majority of the citizens of the township had little or no positive knowledge of its financial condition.

A poll of the Democratic county central committee was taken last Saturday, showing that all were for Cleveland for President except two—they said "Hill."

CONGRESSMAN COOPER AND THE Colitic Limestone Industry.

Hon. Geo. W. Cooper has been showing up some of the shortcomings of the recent census report with reference to the colitic limestone industry of this locality. Census Bulletin No. 78, is made to show that limestone is unfit for building purposes, but advertises the granite of Maine for that purpose. Mr. Cooper very properly objects to the advertising in the census report of any industry, but more especially to selecting one material and advertising it at the expense of another. In the course of a debate and speech before the house of Representatives on Feb. 5th, Mr. Cooper, after referring at some length to the tests made of colitic limestone, proceeds as follows:

Mr. A. C. Benedict, writing on this subject in the New York Sun, says:

I shall now proceed to point out some of the errors of the Census Bulletin, starting with the statement that the correct figures were obtained by the writer while in the employ of the geological survey of Indiana and were used by that department in a report that is in press and will soon be ready for distribution. Bulletin No. 78 credits Indiana with producing 7,402,335 cubic feet of building stone, valued at \$994,343. A general average of 13 cents a cubic foot is given, all sorts of material being lumped together. The finest colitic and the poorest riprap macadam are lumped together. This classification of itself is sufficient to show the utter worthlessness of the work of the Census Department, for the colitic and the stratified have nothing in common in physical structure, and it would have been nearly as correct to have classified the colitic with the granites as with the stratified limestone.

Statistics collected by the writer show that in 1890 the colitic quarries of Indiana in 1890 the sum of \$2,388,009, employing 1,748 men and producing 5,167,000 cubic feet of stone of an average value at the quarry of 20.16 cents per cubic foot, the aggregate value of which was \$1,039,832. Mr. Rogers totally ignores this important industry in his classification and tables, and devotes about two lines, hidden in the body of an obscure paragraph, to it.

I might add that Mr. Benedict is a prominent and pronounced Republican, and a staunch supporter of the Administration, barring the census.

The freight books of the Louisville, New Albany & Chicago Railway Company show that there were shipped over that road from Bedford alone in 1889, 279,555,298 pounds and in 1890 288,643,442 pounds.

And from other quarries along the same road, viz, from Salem, Stinesville, Ellettsville, Clear Creek and Bloomington, was shipped during the year 1889 123,870,059 pounds and in 1890 137,658,119 pounds, making the grand totals for the year 1889 403,422,337 pounds and for 1890 426,331,561 pounds, for which there was paid in freight to that company alone \$664,999.38.

The stone of which I speak went into buildings where it may be found in almost every State in this Union to-day. It can be seen right here in the city of Washington. It is used in the Shoreham Hotel, in the Leitch residence, in the very handsome and artistic residence of Mr. Schneider, the architect, on the corner of 18th and Q streets, and in many other residences here.

Mr. Chairman, here is a partial list of buildings in which Indiana limestone has been used as an exterior material either in whole or in part:

Western Union building, New York; Wilkes Building, New York; Smith Building, New York; Emigrants' Saving Bank, New York; New York Times Building, New York; Germania Life Insurance Office, New York; London and Lancashire Fire Insurance Office, New York; Franklin Trust Company, Brooklyn; Associated Fine Arts Society, New York; Bank of North America, New York; Lamb and Rich block, New York; Delaware and Lackawanna Building, New York; The Stokes Building, New York; Prudential Building, Newark; Mail and Express Building, New York; Jewish Synagogue, New York; Mount Olivet Baptist church, New York; Eighth street and Second avenue church, New York; St. Andrew's church, New York; All Angels church, New York; Congregational church, New York; First Baptist church, New York; Mount Calvary church, New York; St. Michael's church, New York; Farmers' Loan and Trust Company, New York; Georgia State House, Atlanta; Algonquin Club, Boston; Ninety-third street school, New York; Sixty-eighth street school, New York; Ridge and Broome street school, New York; Fire patrol station No. 5, New York; City Hall, Chicago; State House, Indianapolis; The Savoy, New York; Olympic Theater, St. Louis; Hotel Majestic, New York; residence of Robert Gallet, Newport; residence of James J. Van Allen, Newport; residence of C. P. Huntington, New York; residence of Wm. K. Vanderbilt, New York; residence of Cornelius Vanderbilt, New York; Harlem Library, New York; Lincoln Building, New York; Colonial Club, New York; Dugro Hotel, New York; the Holland Hotel, New York, and the Auditorium in Chicago, two of the finest hotels in the world.

It is used in three bridges over the Ohio River at Louisville, Ky., one at Henderson, Ky., one at Cairo, Ill., and in the new bridge over the Mississippi River at St. Louis.

It is used in more than one hundred court houses and the Government has used it in the public buildings at Louisville, Ky.; St. Joseph and Hannibal, Mo.; Quincy, Ill.; Wichita, Kas.; Shreveport, La.; Birmingham, Ala.; Charlotte, N. C., and at Terre Haute and Indianapolis, Ind., and it is now being put into Government buildings at Detroit, Jackson and Bay City, Mich.; at Duluth, Minn., and Newark, N. J. I mention this range of territory to show its popularity with the Architect of the United States Treasury. When the people of Indiana determined to erect in the heart of her great central city a soldiers' and sailors' monument to commemorate the heroism and patriotism of her sons this stone was chosen for that purpose, not, as the author of this bulletin would have you believe, "on account of its accessibility or cheapness," but on account of its beauty and durability, and it is being supplied from the quarries of Stinesville, in Monroe County, in my district. And when this beautiful structure is completed it will stand, Mr. Chairman, not only as a monument to the memory of our soldiers and sailors, but as a splendid exhibition of one of the chief resources of our State; and it will remain a living and enduring witness to the gross inaccuracy and willful misrepresentation of the Eleventh Census.

At last people are awakening to the wrongs in the pension business. General Newberry of Illinois, himself a veteran of the Civil war, has introduced a bill cutting off pensions to foreigners and non-residents of the United States. Most of the foreigners came to this country to take advantage of the big pay offered for substitutes. There was no patriotism about it—no "defense of the flag." They enlisted for coin and got their pay. In an interview General Newberry said: "After the war foreigners who had come here as soldiers of fortune took advantage of the liberal pension laws and returned to their native country where they have ever since lived, rearing their families on the money paid them by the United States. It is not now or was it ever their purpose to return to this country, nor do their sons acknowledge allegiance to the United States. The pensioner or himself takes advantage of his position to abrogate himself from his duties to his home government, and lives in ease and luxury on the bounty of the United States. It is a constant source of annoyance to our consuls abroad demanding protection under our flag from the duties owing to his own government. There are several thousand such pensioners living in the kingdom of Wurtemberg, Germany, and our minister to Turkey says they are scattered all over Eastern Asia and Western Europe. We know many are living in Great Britain and Canada."

Growth of Industrial Art in America.

One after another the great industrial arts of man are attaining their highest perfection in the United States. It was supposed, not many years ago, that we could not hope to overtake the industrial centers of the old world in the manufacture of iron and steel, yet to-day American output, machinery, locomotives, railway cars, and a hundred other products of Yankee skill and ingenuity are acknowledged to be the best and most perfect products of their kinds that the mind of man has devised or human skill wrought out. Fifty years ago hardly a yard of silk was made here; now the famous looms of Lyons acknowledge our supremacy. A quarter of a century ago, to have a reliable watch, one must send to England or Switzerland. We lead the world in watch making this second year of the McKinley tariff's existence, and the watch factories of England have been all but closed by American competition. Surf boots and shoes, and, in a measure, of textiles and pottery. Every year adds to the number of industries in which we stand pre-eminent. Only a few weeks ago a contract was made with American glass-makers for the construction and erection at the world's fair of the largest telescope in the world. Hitherto the French were supposed to have a monopoly in the manufacture of the best telescope disks.

The tax-payers of Monroe county put up six or eight thousand dollars every year or so for repairs on the pikes that run out in four directions from Bloomington, and the people who pay the smallest amount of taxes to keep these roads in repair, or pay none at all, use them constantly. Hence it is of the utmost importance that they should see to it that only the best care is taken of them. To assist in this object the following act was passed by the legislature, and it should be rigidly enforced right now while the roads are thawing, and are full of moisture:

It is hereby enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana, that it shall be unlawful for any person to haul over any turnpike or gravel road at any time when the same is thawing through, or is by reason of wet weather in condition to be cut up and injured by heavy hauling, a load on a narrow-tired wagon of more than twenty hundred pounds, or on a broad-tired wagon of more than twenty-five hundred pounds, and any person violating the provisions of this act shall be fined not less than five dollars nor more than fifty dollars for each load so hauled."

—Indian Farmer: Last week hogs advanced 5 to 10 cents more in Chicago market, good to choice, light and heavy mixed selling for \$4.50 to \$4.80, while heavy went to \$4.90. The rush to market is over and prices are going up, we stated they would. We repeat, farmers are too much inclined to sell at once. It would have paid to feed hogs till now and sold at the advance.

Additional Locals.

—Born, to Wm. Lease and wife, Friday night, a daughter.

—The convention last Saturday reminded one of the campaign meetings of September and October, when Republicans have donned their fighting harness and are ready for victory. The attendance was unusually large, and the enthusiasm unbounded.

—Under the new law, the county clerk will receive \$2,400, the auditor \$2,600, the recorder \$1,400, the treasurer \$2,100, the sheriff \$2,100 annually for their services, for self and deputies providing the fees are that much.

—Dr. Coulter delivered the Sunday afternoon lecture, at College Chapel.

—A "give-away" paper called "Saturday Siftings" was thrown about the streets Saturday. It is a reprint of the Ellettsville Citizen, and is printed at that town by W. B. Harris. Its object is to get advertisements.

—Mrs. Adkins is visiting her daughter, Mrs. Teter, in Noblesville.

—Isaac Walker was visiting L. D. Rogers and other friends in Evansville, last week.

—Miss Pauline Ehn was visiting friends in Newburg and Evansville, last week.

—Pierce Woolery came in last week after a successful trip through Iowa and Illinois. He reports a good business in the shoe trade.

—Born to Henry Alexander and wife, a son, No. 3—5 girls and 3 boys.

—Mr. and Mrs. Sam. Dudds left last Friday for Chattanooga, to spend several weeks with friends.

—Simp. Sharp, postmaster at Ellettsville, is one of the reliable kind of Republicans. He was unable to get a train Saturday morning, so he walked to Bloomington, and walked back in the evening after attending the convention. There is no discount on Sharp.

—Miss Nannie Duncan of Bedford, is the guest of H. C. Duncan's family.

—Judge R. W. Miers was visiting his brother-in-law, Steele Ryors, at Jefferson City, Mo., last week.

—Thos. Kilpatrick, on Monday, was notified that his arrears of disability claim had been allowed, and that the amount he will receive this week is \$1,602.38. This is good news for a worthy veteran.

—Chas. Springer was visiting friends in Rushville last week, where he was joined by Mrs. Springer who has been visiting in Greensburg. They returned Saturday.

—Transfer of Real Estate, furnished by Jas. W. Jackson, Recorder. For Deeds and Mortgages, correctly executed, call at Recorder's Office.

Hellen Pauley to P. G. Pauley, pt sec 20, Perry tp,	\$300
David Baldwin, seminary lots	1,500
Bloomington Imp Co. to Jas F McKinley, pt lot 56, Maple Hights,	50
John B Field to Lewis G Walden, 37 acres in Richmond tp,	950
John Holland to Wm Burkart, lots 18, 19, 20 and 21, Smithville,	80
P G Pauley to Nancy J Keck, lot sec 20, Perry tp,	165.66
Jas C Rogers to Pleasant Mobley, pt sec 41 and 42, Davis add,	408
May E Sely to Marion J Lentz, awq sec 20, Polk tp,	420
Wm Fowler to John F Whaley, undivided 1/4 sec 20, Van Buren tp,	120
Monroe Deerman to Alice C Rogers lot 10, Cron add,	700
Pleasant Mobley to May C Meadows lot 10, Cron add,	450
Pleasant Mobley to Wm Hunter, lot 41, Davis add,	150

—The figures that follow come from the printed list indicate the date to which subscription has been settled. For illustration: "James Horn, jr-89" means that his subscription has been paid till June 9th, 1889.

NOT MANY publications in this country equal Wide Awake in general tone and purity of composition. It is one of the oldest of the established magazines that cater to the tastes of the young people, and has reached its position by merit. The best writers of the most desirable literature only are admitted to its pages, and the illustrations in addition to being first-class are elevating in tone. A family will be better by receiving Wide Awake, because of the moral influence it will bring, and the children will be more intelligent in consequence of the lessons it teaches. D. Lathrop & Co., Boston are the publishers. Send for sample copy.

Mr. Springer's Bad Case. Paris Bros, Gentlemen: For a long time I despaired of getting any relief from my attack of rheumatism—I suffered day and night, and was only enabled to move about with the aid of crutches. Hearing of the South American Nervine you are selling, and being assured of its wonderful curative qualities by Mr. Mills, who had used it, I at once ordered two dozen bottles. To this fact I perhaps owe my life, and am so grateful to you for keeping the medicine, as I am that I need it promptly. Please send me one dozen more, as I intend to keep it in the house hereafter.

ALEX. SPRINGER
WASHINGTON, Dec 9, 1891.

LIPPINCOTT'S

Is the most popular and widely-read Magazine published. Each number contains A COMPLETE NOVEL, short stories, sketches, poems, etc. The January, 1892 number contained The Passing of Major Milgore, by Young E. Allison. The February (1892) number will contain Roy the Royalist, by William Westall. The March (1892) number will contain A Soldier's Secret, by Captain Charles King. For sale by all Booksellers and News-dealers. SINGLE COPIES, 25 CENTS. \$3.00 PER YEAR.

Vandalla Line.

The Through Line to the East and West. EAST BOUND. No. 20, 12:55 p. m. No. 2, 8:30 a. m. No. 2, 6:12 p. m. No. 12, 2:12 a. m. No. 4, 2:56 a. m. No. 4, 8:26 a. m. WEST BOUND. No. 5, 9:02 a. m. No. 1, 1:05 p. m. No. 2, 2:47 p. m. No. 9, 12:22 a. m. No. 3, 5:24 p. m. No. 4, 8:26 a. m.

Trains leave between Greensville, Cincinnati, Columbus, Pittsburg, Philadelphia, Washington, Baltimore, New York. Elegant parlor cars to Indianapolis, St. Louis, Cincinnati, without change. This line runs direct, reliable, sleeping and buffet cars on through trains with but one change to points in Missouri, Kansas, Colorado, Nebraska, Iowa, Arkansas, Louisiana, Texas, Dining cars on Trains No. 20 and 1.

Trains leaving Terre Haute for St. Joseph and intermediate points: LEAVE—A. M. P. M. Terre Haute, 6:20 12:30 4:00 Greensville, 6:18 12:28 3:58 Frankfort, 9:11 2:48 7:14 Logansport, 10:40 3:51 8:45 ARRIVE South Bend, 1:23 5:44 10:55 St. Joseph, 4:45 7:60

Close connections at all points in Michigan. Any information regarding routes, rates, etc., address CHAS. H. MIXER, Traveling Passenger Agent, Terre Haute, Ind. E. A. CHESBROUGH, Assistant General Passenger Agent, St. Louis, Mo.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Bids will be received by the Common Council in the City of Bloomington, Indiana, in the council chamber of said city, at their regular meeting to be held on TUESDAY, MARCH 15th, 1892, for the following improvement, to-wit: Grading, Gutting, Macadamizing, and constructing sidewalks on both sides of Madison street from Fourth street to the alley running east and west north of Second street.

Also constructing sidewalks on both sides of College Avenue from second street to Eleventh street, all in said city of Bloomington, Indiana. Specifications for said improvements are now on file and can be seen at the City Clerk's office.

The Common Council reserves the right to reject any or all bids. Contractors will observe the following resolution adopted by the Common Council: Resolved, That hereafter no bids will be received and acted upon by the Common Council, unless the names of the sureties who are to sign the bond of the applicant, in case he is awarded the contract, are on file with the City Clerk. ROBERT C. GREEVES, City Clerk.

"THE COSMOPOLITAN"

is a Bright, Sparkling Magazine, the cheapest Illustrated Monthly in the world, at 25 cents a number, or \$2.40 per year. The Cosmopolitan is literally what the press universally calls it, "The Best and Cheapest Illustrated Magazine" in the world. The Cosmopolitan—the first time in magazine literature has presented a large and complete Periodical at a price hitherto deemed impossible. Try it for a year. It will be a liberal education to every member of the household. It will make the night hours pleasant. It will give you more for the money than you can obtain in any other form. Do you want a first-class Magazine, giving you a 1,300 page volume of the ablest writers of the day, as well as the most interesting and amusing articles on popular topics by leading authors, and usually fine portraits of notable persons. Considerable attention is given to the most up-to-date athletic matters, and as athletic sports are growing more popular each year this department is especially valuable. Published by J. B. Lippincott & Co., Philadelphia.

THE CENTURY now stands head and shoulders above the other magazines of the country in the matter of circulation and in the interest it has created in literary circles by reason of the articles it contains. It is the most popular of the class of our people. Rudyard Kipling has a novel running through the Century, named "The Nautilus," that grows in interest as it proceeds. Bill Nye's sketches are also of unusual interest, and the pages are filled with sketches and stories that are full of instruction and amusement to the general reader. Buy the "Century" and keep posted.

—A teaspoonful of camphor in a wide mouthed bottle, well covered with boiling water, produces a warm vapor which can be inhaled for the relief of acute head colds. Ten minutes' use three times a day will suffice.

Fifty Per Cent. Better.

Takamah, Neb., Jan. 30, 1892. I. P. Hopewell, Bloomington, Indiana. Dear Sir, I have taken four of the one-dollar bottles of the South American Nervine you had sent me from Paris Bros, and I feel at least 50 per cent. better than I did before using it. I have put the other two bottles away for a rainy day, as I was afraid I would have trouble in getting it again. It is surely a wonderful tonic.

Your Bro., B. C. HOPEWELL

Office of the Louisville, New Albany & Chicago Railway Co., No. 40 Broadway, New York, February 8th, 1892. The annual meeting of the Stockholders of the Louisville, New Albany & Chicago Railway Company will be held in the office of the Company at Indianapolis, Indiana, on WEDNESDAY, MARCH 9th, 1892, at 12 o'clock noon to elect directors, to consider and act upon a proposition to change the time of the annual meetings to the third Wednesday of September, to consider and act upon a proposition to the Chicago & Western Indiana Railroad Company with reference to additional terminal facilities at Chicago, Ill., and to transact such other business as may be brought before the meeting. Polls open from 12 o'clock noon to 1 o'clock afternoon. The transfer books will be closed from Feb. 10th, 1892, at 12 M. until March 10th, 1892, at 10 A. M. SAMUEL THOMAS, President. W. H. LEWIS, Secretary.

Executor's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the undersigned has been appointed by the Clerk of the circuit court of Monroe county, State of Indiana, Executor of the will of Lewis W. Jones, late of Monroe county, deceased. Said estate is supposed to be solvent. JAMES F. JONES, Executor. Feb. 10, '92. Polk & Corr, Attorneys.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

At the Teachers' examination in February, March, April and May, 1892, the General Review will be omitted and in lieu thereof questions will be presented on David Copperfield. For June, July, August, September, October and November, 1892, questions will be presented on Holmes' Autocrat of the Breakfast Table. This action is in accordance with a resolution passed by the last County Superintendent's Association. A. K. DOWDEN, County Supt. Feb. 10, '92.

Law Cards.

—FULK & CORR, Attorneys. Offices in Allen & McNary's new block, west stairs corner Second and Main streets. Special attention will be given to Probate business, and to prompt collection of claims. Settlement of estates a specialty.

—J. F. MORGAN, Attorney. Offices upstairs over National Bank. All business connected with Probate, and all matters in Probate business a specialty. Will practice in all courts. Headquarters for pension applicants. Give me a call.

—MCKINLEY & RICE, Attorneys, Notaries and Insurance Agents. Will practice in all the State and Federal Courts. Prompt and careful attention given to the collection of claims, to settling decedents' estates, and to all other business of a legal nature. A specialty made of Pension Office over "Current" clothing store, southwest corner public square.

—LOUDEN & ROGERS, Attorneys. Office over First National Bank. Business of a legal nature given careful attention in all courts. Real estate titles examined by aid of Louisville's abstract. A specialty made of the collection and remittance of claims of all kinds.

—HUNKER & FITCH, Attorneys. Offices in building south of Bank, on Second street, in said city. Special attention given to Probate business, the collection of claims, and to business in all the courts of this and adjoining counties.

—DUNCAN & BATMAN, (H. C. Duncan, J. C. Bateman), Attorneys. Office over N. C. Bateson's shoe store, next side public square. Particular attention will be given to Probate cases, collections, etc. Will practice in all the courts.

—W. H. H. EAST, Attorney. Office west side public square, opposite the Hall Bros drug store, gives prompt attention to Probate business and to the collection of claims. Will also practice in all courts. Agents for only No. 1 fire insurance.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Bids will be received by the Common Council of the City of Bloomington, Indiana, in the Council Chamber, of said city at their regular meeting, to be held on TUESDAY, MARCH 15th, 1892, for completing sidewalks unfinished on Fourth street, between College Avenue and Jackson street, in said city.

Specifications for said improvement are now on file, and can be seen at the City Clerk's office.

The Common Council reserves the right to reject any or all bids. Contractors will observe the following resolution adopted by the Common Council: Resolved, That hereafter no bids will be received and acted upon by the Common Council, unless the names of the sureties who are to sign the bond of the applicant, in case he is awarded the contract, are on file with the City Clerk. ROBERT C. GREEVES, City Clerk. Feb. 17, '92.

CITY TAXES FOR 1891.

Bloomington, Ind., Jan. 20, 1892. NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, to the Tax-Payers of the City of Bloomington, Indiana, that the Tax Duplicate for said City for the year 1891 is now in my hands, on which I am ready to receive taxes.

The following table shows the rate of taxation per hundred dollars worth of property. Also Poll Tax and to which funds applied. General Levy—General Municipal, 70c; Sinking Fund, 5c; Bond, 70c; Special Taxation, 20c; Total, \$1.02. Poll—General Municipal, 50c; Bond, \$1.50; Total, \$2.00.

There is also charged to each person owning or occupying within the city one male dog, \$1.00; one female dog, \$2.00; each additional dog, \$2.00.

I have also received the street duplicate for the collection of street improvement taxes on the following streets: South Rogers, Dunn, Morton, West Second, West Eighth, West Sixth, Lincoln, Eleventh, Rogers, Third and Tenth. Failure to pay the first installment on or before the Third Monday in April, 1892, causes the whole amount to become delinquent and subject to penalty. The second installment must be paid on or before the First Monday in November, 1892.

PARTICULAR NOTICE.

All persons owing street improvement tax should so state, otherwise that item may be omitted and the person becomes delinquent and subject to penalty. Tax-payers will find it a saving of their time and more convenient to the Treasurer to pay early and thus avoid the rush incident to the last few days of tax paying.

All persons owing delinquent taxes will find it in their interest to meet payment promptly and save additional cost and trouble. Under the present law no choice of action is left the Treasurer. He is simply enjoined to make the collection and must do so even if he is unpleasant. FRANK R. WOOLLEY, Treasurer City of Bloomington, Indiana.

WM. B. BURFORD,

Lithographer, Printer, Stationer, Manufacturer of Blank Binders, Engraver and No. 21, WEST WASHINGTON ST., INDIANAPOLIS, IND.

The Saturday Edition

The Chicago Herald

1893



Is a handsome sixteen-page weekly newspaper, filled with the most entertaining and brilliant stories, well written and of great educational value, and is delivered at the lowest price of postage on day of publication.

THE CHICAGO HERALD is the foremost journalistic champion of Western interests, and believing that the protective tariff is an unconquerable opponent of a system that takes from the many to give to the few, it is in constant and unflinching democratic in politics, but it is in no sense a party paper. It stands for principle and justice. Believing that the trouble now before us is not a return to the old tariff, but a return to the old tariff, it is in constant and unflinching opposition to the tariff. It is in constant and unflinching opposition to the tariff. It is in constant and unflinching opposition to the tariff.

A special feature of THE SATURDAY EDITION OF THE HERALD, and one to which much space is devoted, is the weekly record of the progress of the world's great line illustrations. This alone makes it indispensable to those who intend to visit the fair, and is a most comprehensive description will be in next best thing to a visit to the fair itself. The HERALD contains a synopsis of the news of the week, full market reports, a household department, descriptions of the most recent fashions, and last, but not least, a complete and trustworthy list. No better investment than a year's subscription can be made.

One year, \$1.00. Six months, 50c. Three months, 25c. Single copies, 10c. (In advance.)

The Chicago Herald's New Building