[illegible] to [illegible] You trade [illegible] products often [illegible] greater figure than [illegible] they sell. You [illegible] eggs for groceries to the [illegible] friend" nor can you ask him to "charge it" when your purchase is made. His wrath against the middle man is appeased only by your cash. When a stranger undertakes to demonstrate to you that your merchants are a set of rascals; that they charge you too large a profit; that their goods are not up to the demands of the trade; that you are being daily deceived and swindled, you watch the stranger. He is always the rascal.

[illegible] of the [illegible] the [illegible] Judge Banta of the [illegible] was selected to [illegible] the oration on Monday [illegible] a week, and the speech of Mr. Banta was followed by a reception at the residence of Dr. Maxwell to the faculty and some invited guests. Dr. Jordan introduced the orator of the evening at College Chapel as follows:

"On the 20th day of January, 1820, the Governor of Indiana, at the capital city of Corydon signed the bill accepting the National grant of a township of land to be devoted to the purposes of higher education in Indiana. In pursuance of this act the college of the State was located in the township of Perry, near the village of Bloomington. Four years later in May, 1824, the college or State Seminary was opened to the public in a very small way with a very small equipment. Since that day for sixty-five years, with varying fortune and varying success, learned men have striven to make this school useful to the State and efficient as an agency toward right thinking and right living. Colleges grow slowly, especially among pioneers, and for the whole sixty-nine years of its life the University of Indiana has been subject to those vicissitudes peculiar to infancy. It has always had the character of a young college, and to-day when it has nearly reached the middle of its second half century, we can only say that it is a vigorous and promising youth. For while more than ever before in its history we feel sure of its abundant vitality and its power of growth, it is proper for us to look backward over its early life. No man and no institution can afford to part with his early history. The line which joins us to the future is a continuous chain going back to the past. It is fitting that at least once a year, on the anniversary of the University's birthday, we should take a backward glance over the struggles and triumphs of the past. Now can so worthily tell the story of their early times as one who for nearly forty years, in one way or another, has been part of this history—the President of our board of trustees, David D. Banta, of the class of 1885."

—Gov. Hovey has appointed Thomas Tislow, of Petersburg, to be state mine inspector. Mr. Tislow is a practical miner of many years experience and was recommended for the place by a large number of miners and other citizens of southern Indiana. He was the captain of a company in Gen. Hovey's old regiment, 24th Indiana, and is well known by the governor. The governor also appointed Maj. Joseph P. Pope, of Indianapolis, to be quartermaster general.

—Three children of John Jenkins, of Martinsville, were eating parched corn one day last week, when the little boy aged four, accidentally got a grain in his windpipe. A physician was hastily summoned and he had just succeeded in dislodging the grain of corn when the little fellow died.

STRINGHALT.—Please tell us what causes the trouble known as stringhalt in horses. Will hard work aggravate the trouble, and does it grow worse with increasing age? J. C. J.

Stringhalt is an involuntary convulsive motion of the muscles, generally those of one or both hind legs. It is classed among the nervous diseases, the great sciatic nerve situated on the hip is the one most involved, the disease is incurable and should be viewed as untoward; it becomes worse as age advances and is aggravated by hard work.—Indiana Farmer.

—Orleans Herald: A couple of fellows from Toledo, O., representing the Farmer's Wholesale Grocery have been doing our good people. They sold a lot of inferior geranium, spices, etc., at rates fully thirty per cent. higher than our merchants retail like articles of a far better grade and quality. The goods were shipped here by freight at a cost of $6.45. To each bill sold there was added the subscriber's share of freight and the total amount collected for that item was at least twenty dollars. Three hundred per cent. profit on a freight bill ought to satisfy anybody. This question of doing away with the middle-man has vexed our agricultural friends for a great many years; and various devices have been tried to avoid the toll taxed at the way station. But experience has shown that only the gate-keeper has been changed—the tax is still paid. The consignee of the manufacturer cannot work for fun, and he who proposes to deliver goods at your door for manufacturer's prices is himself a fraud. He is the middle man to be done away with. The product of your business may pay easy to agents. They are not contemptible; said taken as an ordinary one often represented by the minus sign. It were better to trust those that go courting the [illegible] bargains of strangers.

—Snow around the hives is no detriment. It is porous and enough air can penetrate it for ventilation in winter. When it forms ice at the entrance, then it must be cleaned away. An examination during and after a thaw is very necessary. —American Bee Journal.

—Glanders has made its appearance in Miami county, and considerable apprehension is felt. Five horses of good stock, the property of Abraham Miller, and which had been ill some time, were shot last week to prevent further spread. The disease was unmistakeable, and was so pronounced by competent veterinary authority from Chicago. These cases are the only ones thus far reported. There is considerable other sickness among horses, but purely of a distemper nature, with no fatal results.

VARIOUS WAYS TO WOO SLEEP. —The most celebrated and perhaps the most efficacious method for procuring sleep that has been devised was originated by a Mr. Gardner, who, among other things, had remedies for many evils, such as for allaying thirst where no liquid element could be procured, for improving the eyesight by various ingeniously-contrived glasses, and for appeasing hunger. His sleeplessness however—resulting from a severe spinal injury in being thrown from a chaise—had been almost intolerable for years, until he discovered a means, which never afterwards failed him, of commanding sleep at will. The discovery caused some stir at the time, and many eminent persons adopted it and gave testimonials as to its efficacy. Now, however, that it has dropped almost out of existence, it may be a boon to have its formula reproduced. The sufferer who has wooed sleep in vain is, according to Mr. Gardner, to lie on his right side, with his head comfortably placed on the pillow, having the neck straight so that the respiration may not be impeded. The lips are then to be closed slightly, a rather full inspiration taken, the lungs are to be left to their own action. Attention must now be fixed upon the respiration. The person must imagine that he sees the breath passing from his nostrils in a continuous stream, and at the instant he brings his mind to conceive this apart from all other ideas, consciousness leaves him—or at least so says the receipt—and he falls asleep. If this method does not at once succeed, it is to be persevered in, and, if properly carried out is believed to be infallible. It is founded on the principle that monotony, or the influence on the mind of a single idea, induces slumber; and, as such, is but another form of different methods which are familiar to a great many

—W. B. Roseberry, a prominent stock trader of this county, died on the 17th of this month at Las Vegas, New Mexico, with consumption. The deceased had only been sick since the latter part of last July, and thinking that he might recover his health, went west. He was an active and energetic man, and exposed himself to all kinds of weather. He was born at Harmony, Monroe county, Indiana, and was about forty years of age. He and Joseph Cron were partners in the meat shop and stock business for several years. His unexpected death was due to a severe snow storm, something very uncommon in the climate of New Mexico. His remains were accompanied by his wife and N. B. Roseberry, and arrived Monday a week. The funeral sermon was preached at the Christian church, Wednesday last, by Prof. Atwater. The funeral was largely attended. The deceased leaves a wife and daughter to mourn their loss. N. R.

—The Misses Boyd, nieces of Mrs. B. F. Adams, entertained a number of their young friends very pleasantly, from 7 till 10 o'clock, on Saturday evening. Games, the chief amusement of the evening, were very much enjoyed.

—Dr. Lemuel Moss and family have removed to Minneapolis, Minnesota, where the Doctor is engaged in the publication of a religious paper.

—Nat. Rosberry says that young Stansifer of Van Buren tp., who went to Las Vegas for his health, has very much improved, has been at work all the time, and has gained thirty pounds in weight. He also reports Mrs. Norman's health as much improved at Las Vegas.

—Mrs. Lillie Boggs has been visiting her sister, Mrs. Florence Martin, in Illinois.

—Dr. Kirkwood, in a letter from Riverside, Cal. to friends here, says that recently, when invited out to dinner, himself and Mrs. K. left the door of the room they occupy unlocked. On their return it was discovered that all of Mrs. Kirkwood's money and jewelry had been taken.

—Dr. and Mrs. James D. Maxwell, of Bloomington are guests of Major and Mrs. Vinson Carter, 656 Broadway, Indianapolis.

—John Nicholson is now a fireman on [illegible] engine [illegible] father."

[illegible] Trade Products [illegible] greater figure than [illegible] they sell. You [illegible] eggs for groceries to the [illegible] friend" nor can you ask him to "charge it" when your purchase is made. His wrath against the middle man is appeased only by your cash. When a stranger undertakes to demonstrate to you that your merchants are a set of rascals; that they charge you too large a profit; that their goods are not up to the demands of the trade; that you are being daily deceived and swindled, you watch the stranger. He is always the rascal.

Yuma from a Religious Standpoint.

J. F. G. Finley, appears to be a religious temperance man. He writes the following complimentary (?) notice of Yuma to the Los Angeles Christian Advocate:

"Yuma, as you and your readers know is an old town on the banks of the Colorado river, the Old Fort on the California side, while the town proper, with its Territorial penitentiary, is on the Arizona side. Immediately after getting safely across the river, I inquired for a feed stable, and was directed to one, and I think the only one in town. It was built after the Mexican fashion—nearly an acre of ground being inclosed by adobe walls twelve or fifteen feet high, on the inside of which were stalls for horses and rooms for human abode, etc. In one corner was a saloon, through which was the only way of ingress or egress when the large gate was locked, which was most of the time. After caring for my horse I set out to find a bath which I had to take in a room adjoining a saloon. I next inquired for a good restaurant where I could get my supper; and was directed right across the street to the "best one in town, in the rear of Bob Williams' saloon." I was getting a little tender on the saloon question by this time; so I said, "my friend, I would rather not go into a saloon to get my supper." "Oh," said the man, the "saloon and restaurant are separate, you go into the back part of the saloon building." I went and found a good supper, but the middle wall of the partition between restaurant and saloon was just sufficiently materialized to be opaque. After supper I consulted my epicurian friend where I could find respectable lodgings for the night. He pointed down the street to a brilliant light, and said, "you go down there; its a saloon, but the nicest place in town." I thought at first that I would not go to any such place to stay all night; but it was dark, and I a stranger in a strange town, where everything seemed to be done in saloons; so I went on. But my servant of Bacchus answered my inquiry by saying he was full, and that I would better go to the Railroad Hotel. I suppose he meant by being full that his rooms were occupied. I proceeded to hunt up the Railroad Hotel. This is quite a large hotel. I looked about in search of the office and clerk, and finally made inquiry. Just go to the barkeeper; he'll walk on you," said my informant. "But I don't want a drink; I want a room." "It makes no difference. You will have to go to him to get it." I registered and was assigned to a room. Before retiring I became very thirsty, and went down in search of some cool water; meeting that high dignitary, the barkeeper, in the hall, I asked him if I could have a drink of cool water. "Oh, yes," said he, in a tone which indicated that he was proud to inform me that one could get a drink of water even in Yuma. He marched me around in front of the bar, while he went behind it, and handed me a glass of ice water. I know not how other church members feel in drinking fire water in such places; I felt mean enough while drinking ice water there.

[Indianapolis News.]

What Legislature's Servants Cost.

There is no "watch-dog of the Treasury" among the Democratic members of the General Assembly at this session. They are all solidly for appropriations of every kind. They have been particularly generous in giving employment to persons who want to be on the General Assembly pay rolls, and there are more clerks, pages and doorkeepers in the two Houses than there have been at any previous session. All of them are drawing the full limit of pay allowed by the statutes, which is $5 a day, except the pages who are paid $2 per day. The force of employes in the Senate comprises twenty-eight doorkeepers, eight assistants for the Secretary, nine clerks for the Assistant Secretary, eight committee clerks and eight pages. In the house the doorkeepers number twenty-nine, the force of the Clerk thirteen, of the Assistant Clerk nine, committee clerks five, and the pages seven. The total number of employes on the pay rolls at the present time is 197. The daily cost of these employes is as follows:

Doorkeepers	$286
House Clerk's force	70
Assistant Clerk's force	36
Committee Clerks	20
Seven pages of House	14
Secretary of Senate and Clerks	40
Assistant Sec'y of Senate and clerks	50
Senate committee clerks	40
Eight Senate pages	16
Total,	$565

According to these figures, which are the most reliable that can be obtained, the cost for the employes of the General Assembly during the regular session will be about $35,000, or only about a thousand dollars less than the aggregate per diem of the 150 members of the Legislature.

—Chicago News: "Col. Watson, late Democratic candidate for Governor of Indiana, is chairman of the House committee on invalid pensions and is authorized to appoint a clerk to that committee, who gets a salary of $2,000 a year. The duties of a clerkship are about as arduous as those attached to any office of the House during the first session of a Congress, but during the second session it is a sinecure. Last year the place was filled by John Messler, an Indiana politician, who was an efficient man. But this year the $2,000 will be given by Reese Watson a young of 23 years, who is still [illegible] and has not been in Washington enough to take the oath of office and get the pay [illegible]. It is [illegible] necessary to say that he is [illegible] father."

College Cullings.

T. J. LOUDEN, EDITOR.

Mr. Spangler was visiting his son W. W. Spangler last week.

The Education Committee of the Senate is expected to visit the University on next Friday, February 1st.

Dr. Dabney read a paper before the Civil Service Reform Club of Indianapolis, on Wednesday last.

Board, Hal. Reed, Port and Madison attended the Beta banquet at Greencastle on Tuesday night. They report a very fine time.

Rudy was confined to his room for a few days last week with fever, but is out again.

Dr. Jordan was at Indianapolis last week working in behalf of the University.

Rev. Minton visited the University on last Thursday.

Prof. Swain gave his class in Astronomy a very entertaining stereoscopic exhibition on last Thursday.

Prof. Miter's class in Forensics is now studying Burke's speeches.

Dr. Von Jagoman is unable to hear his classes on account of sickness.

Prof. Bryan delivered a lecture at Amboy on Friday. He was compelled to leave here on Thursday to reach there in time.

Several umbrellas have been taken from the halls during recitations. This should be investigated.

Rev. Scott of Vincennes lectured at the chapel on Sunday afternoon, and on Monday visited the University.

Mrs. Reed, mother of Hal. Reed, is visiting her son.

On Sunday afternoon last Prof. Boone delivered the DePauw University Sunday afternoon lecture, in Mchatry hall.

The Phi Delta Theta boys are trying the pianos of several manufacturers and when they find one to suit them, intend to purchase.

Professor Boone will deliver the lecture next Sunday afternoon. His subject is the Relation of Protestantism to Education.

Edward Morse will take the place of S. S. Cox on the lecture course, Cox having cancelled all his engagements. Mr. Morse will take "From Monad to Man," as his subject.

The much vexed question is settled. Hubbard, Springer and Louden are members of Union Athenian but Springer can neither vote nor contest.

Miss Kinser of Harrodsburg was shown about the University on Friday by one of the dignified Seniors, who is said to be very deeply interested in the young lady. Miss Carmichael chaperoned the couple.

Milton Items in the Connersville Examiner: Miss Louella Morris and Maude Vanzandt entertained a number of the young ladies of Miss Morris' room, of Milton Public Schools, on Tuesday evening, at the home of the former.

Mr. Nicholson of Crawfordsville, Brother-in-law of P. H. Kerah was in the city last week soliciting the photographic work of the Seniors. Our home artists should receive this work, and will do it as well if not better than some of the outsiders.

On Tuesday morning last all classes reciting the second hour were excused in order that all the students might hear the lecture of Judge Banta before the class in Pedagogics, on "The Growth of the School System in Indiana."

The essays for the prize offered by the Litterary Societies are due February 26th. They will be graded according to thought and composition, delivery not being taken into consideration. The reading of the essay will occur about the first of March.

One of the most pleasant events of the season was the joint meeting of the Thetas and Kappas, at the home of Miss Grace Woodburn, on last Friday night. The first part of the evening was taken up with music, declamations, &c. Miss Clara Orchard sang a solo, Miss Edna Fields gave an instrumental piece, Misses Bitner and Orchard gave a duet, Miss Overman rendered a selection on the Guitar, and Miss Maude Lemons gave a violin solo, accompaniment being played by Miss Bliss. Declamations were given by Misses Josie Pittman, Addie Barry, Mattie Orchard and Grace McPheeters. Shortly after nine the gentlemen called and were well entertained by dancing, &c. In all there was over 100 present. The happy party departed about midnight, wishing that they might enjoy many such treats.

Prep. Penciliings.

.....Vanzandt has been elected President of the Junior class.

.....Mr. Oakins was very sick a part of last week.

.....Miss Crain visited Prep. last Wednesday.

.....Misses Keith and Barker, who have been ill some time, are getting somewhat better.

.....A Virgil examination occurred last week. The grades were generally slightly above class standing.

.....The History club held its meeting last week on account of the Quintette club concert.

.....The Geometry class is having some work in original demonstrations.

.....The warm weather saved the Derbys from snowballs.

.....Whenever a choice of essay subjects are given, a Biography is invariably chosen.

.....The Sibiors have accepted a challenge to a literary contest from the Junior and irregulars. It will occur some time in February and promises to be very interesting.

.....The subject for debate on last Friday afternoon was "Should the Missouri compromise have been repealed?" M. Ratts and Miss Porch spoke for the affr. and Howe and Miss Hawson for the neg. Three of the visitors, Messrs. Johnson, Cunningham and Stephenson, were elected for the jury. They decided in favor of the neg. The features of the occasion were the quartette by Misses Noe and Baker and Messrs. Sharp and [illegible], the essays of Miss May and Mr. Simpson and the declamation of M. Allen. The visiting attendance was good.

.....We are in receipt of a handsome program of the commencement exercises of "Lee Academy," of which J. H. Craven is teacher:

Forenoon: Music, Invocation, Music, Specimen shooting of young idea.

Noon: Pan-Hellenic Banquet.

Afternoon: Music, Oratorical Exhibition, Music, Exercises Graduating Class, Music, Benediction.

OSCAR CRAVENS, Principal.
ISAAC CHRISTGAU, Trustee.
WM. LEE, Director.

HEMP. WILSON, the fresh stock grocer, is on the corner of 6th st. and College Avenue. Goods received daily, hence they are always fresh.

Executors Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the undersigned has been appointed by the Clerk of the Circuit Court of Monroe County, State of Indiana, Executor of the estate of Perlina Wilson, late of Monroe county, deceased.

Said estate is supposed to be solvent.

JAMES D. MAXWELL JR.,
Dec 10, 1888. Executor.

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT OF ESTATE.

In the matter of the estate of Emery B. Voss, deceased.

In the Monroe Circuit Court, February Term, 1889.

Notice is hereby given, that Henry H. Voss, Executor of the estate of Emery B. Voss, deceased, has presented and filed his account and vouchers in final settlement of said estate, and that the same will come up for examination and action of said court, on the 12th day of February, 1889, at which time all persons interested in said estate are required to appear in said court and show cause, if any there be, why said account and vouchers should not be approved.

And the heirs of said estate, and all others interested therein, are also hereby required, at the time and place aforesaid, to appear and make proof of their heirship or claim to any part of said estate.

[SEAL.] ENOCH FULLER,
Clerk Monroe Circuit Court.
J. B. Mulky, Att'y.
Jan. 15, 1889.

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT OF ESTATE.

In the matter of the estate of James F. Dodds, deceased.

In the Monroe Circuit Court, February Term, 1889.

Notice is hereby given that Ben. F. Adams, Administrator of the estate of James F. Dodds, deceased, has presented and filed his account and vouchers in final settlement of said estate, and that the same will come up for examination and action of said circuit court, on the fourth day of February, 1889, at which time all persons interested in said estate are required to appear in said court and show cause, if any there be, why said account and vouchers should not be approved.

And the heirs of said estate, and all others interested therein, are also hereby required, at the time and place aforesaid, to appear and make proof of their heirship or claim to any part of said estate.

[SEAL] ENOCH FULLER,
Clerk Monroe Circuit Court.
Louden & Rogers, Att'ys.
Jan. 16, 1889.

ESTATE OF FELIX C. DUNN, DECEASED.

In the Monroe Circuit Court, in the State of Indiana.

All Creditors, Heirs, and Legatees of said estate are hereby notified that Ben. F. Adams, Administrator, with the will annexed, of said estate, has filed his account and vouchers in final settlement of said estate, and that the same will come up for examination and approval on the 4th day of February, 1889, the same being the first judicial day of the February term, 1889, of said court, at which time said creditors, heirs and legatees are required to appear in said court, in the court house in the city of Bloomington, and show cause, if any there be, why said account should not be approved.

Witness, my name as Clerk, and the seal of said court affixed, the 10th day of January, 1889.

[SEAL] ENOCH FULLER,
Clerk Monroe Circuit Court.
Louden & Rogers, Att'ys.
Jan. 16, 1889.

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT OF ESTATE.

In the matter of the estate of William Turner, deceased

In the Monroe Circuit Court, February Term, 1889.

Notice is hereby given, that Clara M. Strong, Administratrix of the estate of William Turner, deceased, has presented and filed her account and vouchers in final settlement of said estate, and that the same will come up for the examination and action of said circuit court, on the fourth day of February, 1889, at which time all persons interested in said estate are required to appear in said court and show cause, if any there be, why said account and vouchers should not be approved.

And the heirs of said estate, and all others interested therein, are also hereby required, at the time and place aforesaid, to appear and make proof of their heirship or claim to any part of said estate.

[SEAL] ENOCH FULLER,
Clerk Monroe Circuit Court.
Louden & Rogers, Att'ys.
Jan 16, 1889.

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT OF ESTATE.

In the matter of the estate of Mary A. Johnston, deceased.

In the Monroe Circuit Court, February Term, 1886.

Notice is hereby given, that the undersigned, as Administrator of the estate of Mary A. Johnston, deceased, has presented and filed his account and vouchers in final settlement of said estate, and that the same will come up for examination and action of said Circuit Court, on the 8th day of February, 1888, at which time all persons interested in said estate are required to appear in said court and show cause, if any there be, why said accounts and vouchers should not be approved.

And the heirs of said estate, and all others interested therein, are also hereby required, at the time and place aforesaid, to appear and make proof of their heirship or claim to any part of said estate

WM. H. JOHNSTON,
Dec. 5-'88. Administrator.

NOTICE OF INSOLVENCY.

In the matter of the estate of William Turner, deceased.

In the Monroe Circuit Court.
No. 55.

Notice is hereby given that upon petition filed in said Court by Clara M. Strong, Administratrix of said estate, setting up the insufficiency of the estate of said decedent to pay the debts and liabilities thereof, the Judge of said Court did, on the Fifth day of December, 1888, find said estate to be probably insolvent, and order the same to be settled accordingly. The editors of said estate are therefore hereby notified of such insolvency, and required to file their claims against said estate for allowance.

Witness, the Clerk and seal of said Court, at Bloomington, Indiana, this 18th day of December, 1888.

[SEAL] ENOCH FULLER, Clerk.
Louden & Rogers, Att'ys.
Dec. 26, 1888.

Treasurer's Notice.

Treasurer's Office, Monroe Co. Ind.,
Bloomington, Jan. 16th, 1889.

NOTICE is hereby given, that I am prepared to redeem all outstanding County Warrants, other than Pike, that are dated prior to June 1st, 1887.

Interest on all orders issued prior to the above date will stop on the first day of February, 1889.

J. H. GASTON,
Treasurer Monroe Co.

Notice of Administration.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the undersigned has been appointed by the Clerk of the Circuit Court of Monroe County State of Indiana, Administrator of the estate of Ida A. Spangler, late of Monroe co., Indiana, deceased.

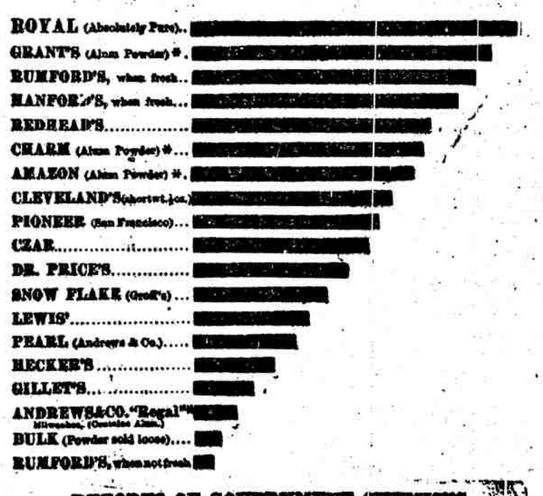
Said estate is supposed to be solvent.

J. L. POWERS,
Jan. 9, 1889. Administrator.

—Why embitter life by dragging around with lame back, diseased kidneys, dropsical swellings, female weakness, nervous debility, heart disease and rheumatic complaints, when Dr. Fenner's Kidney and Backache Cure will so quickly cure? Rev. A. J. Merchant, Presiding Elder, writes: "It gave me almost instant and entirely permanent relief." Superior to all known medicines in these diseases.

For sale by FARIS BROS., Bloomington, and S. M. MATHEWS, Clear Creek, Ind. till Feb. 22, 89.

MPARATIVE WORTH OF BAKING POW



REPORTS OF GOVERNMENT CHEMISTS

As to Purity and Wholesomeness of the Royal Baking Powder.

"I have tested a package of Royal Baking Powder, which I purchased in the open market, and find it composed of pure and wholesome ingredients. It is an cream of tartar powder of a high degree of merit, and does not contain either alum or phosphates, or other injurious substances. E. G. LOVE, Ph.D."

"It is a scientific fact that the Royal Baking Powder is absolutely pure. "H. A. MOTT, Ph.D."

"I have examined a package of Royal Baking Powder, purchased by myself in the market. I find it entirely free from alum, terra alba, or any other injurious substance. HENRY MORTON, Ph.D., President of Stevens Institute of Technology."

"I have analyzed a package of Royal Baking Powder. The materials of which it is composed are pure and wholesome. S. DANA HAYES, State Assayer, Mass."

The Royal Baking Powder received the highest award over all competitors at the Vienna World's Exposition, 1873; at the Centennial, Philadelphia, 1876; at the American Institute, New York, and at State Fairs throughout the country.

No other article of human food has ever received such high, emphatic, and universal endorsement from eminent chemists, physicians, scientists, and Boards of Health all over the world.

NOTE—The above DIAGRAM illustrates the comparative worth of various Baking Powders, as shown by Chemical Analysis and experiments made by Prof. Schedler. A pound can of each powder was taken, the total leavening power or volume in each can calculated, the result being as indicated. This practical test for worth by Prof. Schedler only proves what every observant consumer of the Royal Baking Powder knows by practical experience, that, while it costs a few cents per pound more than ordinary kinds, it is far more economical, and, besides, affords the advantage of better work. A single trial of the Royal Baking Powder will convince any fair-minded person of these facts.

* While the diagram shows some of the alum powders to be of a higher degree of strength than other powders ranked below them, it is not to be taken as the exponent that they have any value. All alum powders, no matter how high their strength, are to be avoided as dangerous.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of a certified copy of a Decree to me directed from the Clerk's office of the Monroe Circuit Court, in a cause wherein James K. Beck is plaintiff, and Thomas W. Sparks, Henry Sparks and Lou. E. Sparks are defendants, requiring me to make the sum eleven hundred and forty-five dollars and seventy-five cents, with interest on said decree and costs, I will expose at Public Sale, to the highest bidder, on

SATURDAY, MARCH 2ND, 1889,

between the hours of 10 o'clock A. M. and 4 o'clock P. M., of said day, at the door of the court house of said Monroe county, Indiana, the rents and profits for a term not exceeding seven years, of the following Real Estate, to-wit:

A lot in the southwest quarter of the northwest quarter of section thirty-two (32), town eight (8) range two (2) west, described as follows: beginning at the northwest corner of the lot known as the Baptist church lot, and running west across street, running north and south in the town of Stanford; thence south to north street, in said town; thence east one hundred and eighty (180) feet; thence south to the lot known as the Methodist church lot; thence east to the point where the said Baptist church lot and the said Methodist church lot corner; thence north to the place of beginning.

Also lot number twenty-six (26), and the east half of lot number twenty-seven (27), in said town of Stanford, Indiana.

Also lot number twenty-three (23), twenty-four (24), and twenty-five (25) in said town of Stanford, Indiana.

Also a certain lot lying on the south side of the State road, running east and west through the town of Stanford, and adjoining said town on the east as follows: commencing at the southeast corner of lot number twenty-five (25), in said town, running thence east eighty feet (80); thence north eighty feet (80); thence west eighty feet (80), to the northeast corner of said lot twenty-five (25); thence south eighty feet (80) to the place of beginning.

If such rents and profits will not sell for a sufficient sum to satisfy said decree, interest and costs, I will, at the same time and place, expose to public sale the fee simple of said real estate, or so much thereof as may be sufficient to discharge said decree, interest and costs.

Said sale will be made without any relief whatever from valuation or appraisement laws.

THOMAS J. FARR,
Jan. 23, 1889. Sheriff Monroe County.

HUMPHREYS'

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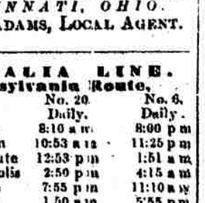

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Notice to Non-Resident [illegible]

State of Indiana, Monroe County, ss: In the Circuit Court, Monroe County, in the State of Indiana, February Term, 1889.

No. 1583.

David B. Graham vs. Sabina [illegible], Milton Graham, Edward Graham, [illegible] Graham, Zelotus Graham, William O. Graham, Minnie Graham, et al.

Be it known, that on the 8th day of October, 1888, the above named plaintiff by his attorneys, filed in the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court of said County in the State of Indiana, his complaint against the above named defendants, and on 24th day of December, 1888, said plaintiff filed in the Clerk's office his affidavit of a competent person, that said defendants, Phoebe [illegible], Zelotus Graham, Robert Graham, William O. Graham, Minnie Graham, E. Givens, James A. Graham, [illegible] J. N. Smith, J. E. Douglass, J. [illegible] lass, Wm. W. Lemon, Emma [illegible] and Sarah R. Lemon, are not residents of the State of Indiana, and said affidavit having by endorsement on said [illegible] required the defendants to appear in said Court and answer or demur thereto on the 20th day of February, 1889.

Now therefore, by order of said Court, said defendants last above named are hereby notified of the filing and pendency of said complaint against them, and that unless they appear and answer or demur thereto, at the calling of said cause on the 20th day of February, 1889, the same being the 15th judicial day of said term of said Court, to be begun and held at the Court House in the City of Bloomington, on the first Monday in March next, said complaint, and the matters and things therein contained and alleged, will be heard and determined in their absence.

ENOCH FULLER,