OHIO & MISSISSIPPI RAILWAY.

4 Solid Daily Trains (each way) between *CINCINNATI AND ST. LOUIS.*

3 Solid Daily Trains (each way) between *CINCINNATI AND LOUISVILLE.*

2 Solid Daily Trains (each way) between *ST. LOUIS AND LOUISVILLE.*

NO Change of Cars for ANY Class of Passengers.

First Class, Second Class and Emigrant Passengers, all carried on Fast Express Trains, consisting of Palace Sleeping Cars, elegant Parlor Coaches and comfortable Day Coaches, all running THROUGH WITHOUT CHANGE.

Only 10 Hours Time

Between Cincinnati and St. Louis, or St. Louis and Louisville.

But Four Hours

Between Cincinnati and Louisville.

The Ohio & Mississippi R'way
—is the only Line between—
St. Louis and Cincinnati

Under one management, running all its trains through "SOLID," and in consequence is the only recognized first class route between those cities, its

Easy Grades, Its Splendid Motive Power, Steel Rails, Straight Track, and Solid Road Bed

Enable the O. & M. to make faster average time than any other Western Road.

Ask for Tickets via O. & M. R'y.

For sale by Agents of connecting lines East, West, North and South.

W. W. PEABODY, President and Gen. M'g'r.
W. R. SHATTUC, Gen. Pass. Agt.
CINCINNATI, OHIO.

MONON ROUTE

CHICAGO, INDIANAPOLIS & LOUISVILLE R.R.

Two Daily Fast Express Trains in Each Direction Between

Chicago and Louisville,

Connecting closely with the night and day trains out of Chicago on the Great Through Trunk Lines West and Northwest, and with the morning and evening through trains out of Louisville on the Great Southern and Southwestern Lines.

This Popular Route now runs the most comfortable coaches and Parlor Cars on day trains, and Pullman Sleepers on night trains, and has only one change of cars to all the principal towns and cities in the North, South, East, or West.

Sell Through Tickets over all the various crossing and connecting railroad lines, and check baggage through to passengers' destination, avoiding the disagreeable annoyance of rechecking, the danger of missing direct connections, and the expense and worry of tiresome lay-over on the journey.

Low-rate Land Explorers', and round-trip Winter and Summer Tourist Excursion Tickets on sale in their respective seasons.

Will cheerfully give travelers full information in regard to the best connections, the fewest and easiest changes, and the most comfortable and pleasant routes; and will furnish Railway Maps, Time-Tables and folders, containing much useful information to travelers, on application to

WM. S. BALDWIN, Gen. Pass. Agent, Chicago, Ill. CARTER PERRING, District Pass. Agent, Bloomington, Ind.

ORCHARD HOUSE!

S. M. Orchard & Son

PROPRIETORS.

Opposite the Depot, Bloomington, Ind.

Mr. Jr. Paine will be spared to accommodate the travelling public.

Resident Dentist.

Dr. J. W. CRAIN.

Office in the New Block, up-stairs, over Coyle's Book Store. All work warranted.

CRANKS AND LOVERS.

The Trouble They Cause Policemen at the National Capitol.

Cranks are drawn to the Capitol like birds about a beacon-light. There is an officer placed on duty up in the dome expressly to keep them from jumping off. Not a day passes while Congress is in session that they are not at the Capitol. Cranks, newly-married folks, and lovers tend naturally toward the dome, with a view probably of getting nearer to Heaven. There is a turn in the stairs that is known as the kissing corner. It is proverbial that lovers never pass up to the dome without stopping there to—take breath. It is said that a properly constituted girl always gets tired when she reaches that point, and a young man was never known to object. The turn is so situated that two persons standing there can be seen from neither above nor below. It offers a great temptation to rest. The whispering gallery has become so well known that young folks who don't want their secrets carried to the other side of the dome and made public property of by the echoes keep very quiet when they reach that elevation.

Cranks, if they are recognized as such, are not allowed to go on the dome, but they are always hanging around for an opportunity to slip up. Several attempts have been made by these adventurers to step out into space in pursuit of eternity, but as yet only one has been successful. One man was caught by the tail of his coat just as he stood ready for a plunge forward.

"I can tell them on sight," said the policeman to a reporter. "I can tell when they come for a jump, and I never give them a chance. There is something in their eyes and the way they look about them that reveals their purpose. But I presume any crank who got on the dome would feel it to be his duty to jump off. So we think it best not to let any cranks go up.

"No, we don't *stop* lovers," he added, in response to an intimation that this variety of crank was not dangerous. "They never have energy enough to jump off. They have to stop at every landing to rest. Sometimes they make a good deal of noise about it. The 'kissing corner?' Yes, of course, they stop there! But the real genuine article ain't satisfied with that. They stop at every turn in the stairs. Let's see now. Let's make a calculation how many kisses a real spoony couple who are visiting Washington on their bridal tour will get in on a round of the Capitol. No, they can't kiss in the elevator—that's crowded; nor in the gallery, but they look as if they'd like to. There's the tomb of Washington under the crypt; they always put their heads close together and weep over that, and never hear you tell them it's empty. This is a particularly good place, because it's dark, and there are so many narrow aisles near it. They'll score half a dozen before they finally get out. Next is the engine-room, and then the crypt. After that they get uneasy. It's all light in the library, and in the rotunda. But they make up for this on the way to the dome. Now, just count the landings and you've got it. But it ain't fair to call them cranks. It's only temporary with them."—*Washington Star.*

PRESIDENT ELIOT, of Harvard, remarks: "I recognize but one mental acquisition as an essential part of the education of a lady or gentleman—namely, an accurate and refined use of the mother tongue."

THE NEWS.

Intelligence by Wire from All the World.

FOREIGN.

—Reports come from London of shocking distress among the peasantry of Ireland. Members of Parliament who have been over the territory regard the enforcement of the eviction decree, as ordered by the Tory government, to be brutal under such circumstances.

—Zankoff and Grueff, the leaders of the revolutionary movement against Alexander of Bulgaria, have been condemned to die at Sofia.

—Advices from Athens relate the destruction by an earthquake of the village of Pyrgo, and the town of Philliatra, in the same vicinity, on the west coast of the Morea, has been almost totally destroyed. Zante, one of the Ionian islands, and other points in Greece were also visited. The entire loss of life is reported at 300.

—Prince Alexander, on reaching Sistova, was lifted from his carriage to the shoulders of the people and borne to the Greek church. Upon his arrival at Tirnova he issued a manifesto urging the people to unite in promoting the welfare of Bulgaria. He has received a telegram of congratulation from the King of Servia. Zankoff, the revolutionary leader was attacked by a mob at Sofia and nearly killed.

—The Bulgarian Cabinet has been remodeled, and is now strongly anti-Russian in sentiment. M. Nachevica, the Foreign Minister, having been the leading spirit in the movement to counteract the Zankoff plot, by which Prince Alexander was forced to abdicate.

—After distributing gifts and rewards to officials and natives on the Lena Delta, who aided the survivors of the Jeannette expedition, Lieut. Scheutze has returned to St. Petersburg, and will sail next month for the United States.

—Gen. Buller, in repressing moonlighters in Ireland proposes to establish flying patrols, to communicate with a regular system of supports. He states that he will not assist in making evictions.

—It is feared that the Bulgarian affair will result in war. It is reported that English correspondents have already started for the Balkan country.

—The statement was made in the British House of Commons that 322 policemen had been more or less injured in the riots at Belfast.

—Owing to reports that Russia intends to establish a protectorate over Corea, Chinese war ships have been dispatched to Corean waters, and Chinese soldiers have entered Seoul in disguise.

—In the English House of Commons Peter Ewelmont, Liberal member for East Aberdeenshire, Scotland, moved an amendment to the Queen's address expressing regret that the crofters' act had not removed the grievances of the crofters. The amendment was supported by Messrs. McLaren, Clark, and Mason, Gladstonians, and by all the Parnellites. Mr. Mason said that Scotland demanded home rule. Dr. Tanner, Nationalist, condemned the condition of Scotch crofters and hoped the Irish would assist in rescuing them from the vulture-like landlords. The amendment was rejected.

—A cable dispatch from Shanghai, China, says: "Advices from Ching-Too-Foo, the chief city of the province of Se-Chuen, state that the natives of the eastern part of that province and those of Northern Cochin China have risen against the Christians and are massacring them and destroying their property. This active persecution is attributed to the imprudence of the English and American missionaries. In Cochin China alone fifty Christians have been killed, their houses burned and their farms destroyed. In Se-Chuen a general massacre of Christians is reported to be in progress, and they are killed wherever found. It is said that whole villages occupied by Christians have been destroyed and that all lands occupied by the professors of that faith are being devastated."

PERSONAL.

—Ex-President Arthur is regaining health and strength very fast.

—Judge Rufus P. Spaulding died at his home in Cleveland, Ohio, last week. He was a prominent Mason, and was active in restoring the order to its former footing after the shock it received by the mysterious disappearance of Morgan about fifty years ago.

—Thomas Sherman, a son of the retired General of the army, is to be professor of rhetoric in a Catholic college at Detroit.

—Rev. A. I. Drysdale, Episcopal bishop-elect for Eastern Maryland, died last week at Waukesha.

—Dr. O. W. Holmes and his daughter arrived at New York from Europe last week. The poet kept his state-room nearly all the way on account of asthma, and is still feeble and emaciated.

—At the opening of the Ohio State Fair, addresses were delivered by Senator Sherman, Allen G. Thurman and Governor Foraker.

—George H. Gordon, a brevet Major General of volunteers, died of heart disease at Framingham, Mass.

—Alexander Storrs, whose death at Hinsdale, N. Y., is reported, was the father of the late Emery A. Storrs, of Chicago.

—Sir Charles Dilke's baggage was seized by the mounted police on entering Northwest Territory for containing liquors. He is traveling under the name of Telfow.

—Thomas C. Manning, of Louisiana, the new Minister to Mexico, is 50 years of age, was a Lieutenant Colonel in the Confederate service, and has been Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Louisiana. He strongly resembles the late Salmon P. Chase.

FINANCIAL AND INDUSTRIAL.

—T. F. Brown & Co., furniture manufacturers at Boston, have failed for $75,000.

—Mortimer M. Mabie, boot and shoe dealer at Buffalo, has failed.

—The convention of the Knights of Labor in session at Grand Rapids, Mich., elected Charles A. Barnes, of Battle Creek, State Master Workman.

—Montana copper mines are shutting down because of the low price of the product.

—The Sugar Refining Company, of Halifax, whose works are the largest in the world, is reported in an embarrassed condition. The capital is $1,000,000. Business has for the past two months been suspended.

—There were 171 failures in the United States last week, and thirty in Canada. *Bradstreet's* reports a continuance of the favorable trade features heretofore noted, the movement of general merchandise being fully equal to that in past weeks, while the total volume for August is equal to and at many points in excess of like periods in preceding years.

—Shoenberger's nail mill at Pittsburgh, which has been closed for several weeks, resumed work this week, the employes having decided to follow the example of the Wheeling and Mingo men and go to work at the seventeen cent scale. It is quite probable that other Pittsburgh factories will follow suit.

—Keane Brothers, of San Francisco, have assigned with $280,000 liabilities.

—Hobart, Wood & Co., wholesale boot and shoe manufacturers, at San Francisco, have made an assignment, owing $183,000.

—M. Pottingill & Co., shoe-dealers at Peoria, have confessed judgment for about $50,000. They employed convict labor at Joliet and Chester, and their failure was the result of a boycott by the Knights of Labor.

—A large crowd assembled at Wheeling to witness the lighting for the first time of the natural gas as it escaped from a stand-pipe twelve feet high.

—A circular was issued by the Treasury Department last week, that $10,000,000 of the three per cents would cease to bear interest September 15, and that the department was ready to redeem the same.

—The New York Produce Exchange reports the visible supply of grain to be as follows: Wheat, 41,265,085 bushels; an increase of 1,464,188 bushels. Corn, 11,779,270 bushels; increase, 826,354 bushels. Oats, 4,244,879 bushels; increase, 997,703 bushels.

—The ship-building trade is flourishing at Philadelphia. Several steamers are under process of construction, and another new keel will be laid this week.

—The Iron Cliff Furnace at Negaunee, Michigan, having in its yard $350,000 worth of unsold pig-iron, has shut down for repairs.

—Nichols & Farnsworth, prominent dealers in shoe manufacturers' goods at Boston, have suspended because of the outside speculations of the junior partner.

—The following is the statement of the public debt issued on the 1st of the month:

INTEREST-BEARING DEBT.	
Bonds at 4½ per cent	$250,000,000
Bonds at 4 per cent	737,795,500
Bonds at 3 per cent	134,492,150
Refunding certificates at 4 per cent	199,950
Navy pension fund at 3 per cent	14,000,000
Pacific Railroad bonds at 6 per cent	64,623,511
Principal	$1,201,015,113
Interest	10,801,645
Total	$1,211,816,757
DEBT ON WHICH INTEREST HAS CEASED SINCE MATURITY.	
Principal	$4,773,225
Interest	194,922
Total	$4,968,148
DEBT BEARING NO INTEREST.	
Old demand and legal-tender notes	$346,778,391
Certificates of deposit	10,155,000
Gold certificates	74,768,347
Silver certificates	82,021,740
Fractional currency (less $8,575,934 estimated as lost or destroyed)	6,953,702
Principal	531,677,200
TOTAL DEBT.	
Principal	$1,737,395,537
Interest	10,996,568
Total	$1,748,392,106
Less cash items available for reduction of the debt	193,837,954
Less reserve held for redemption of U. S. notes	100,000,000
Total	$293,837,954
Total debt less available cash items	$1,451,704,141
Net cash in the Treasury	16,527,561
Debt less cash in Treasury Sept. 1, 1888	$1,378,176,580
Debt less cash in Treasury Aug 1, 1888	1,380,087,279
Decrease of debt during the month	$1,910,699
CASH IN THE TREASURY AVAILABLE FOR REDUCTION OF PUBLIC DEBT.	
Gold held for gold certificates actually outstanding	$77,698,347
Silver held for silver certificates actually outstanding	89,021,700
U. S. notes held for certificates of deposit actually outstanding	11,195,000
Cash held for matured debt and interest unpaid	5,709,[illegible]
Fractional currency	3,0[illegible]
Total available for reduction of the debt	$193,687,954
RESERVE FUND.	
Held for redemption of U. S. notes, acts Jan. 14, 1875, and July 12, 1882	$100,000,000
Unavailable for reduction of the debt—	
Fractional silver coin	527,051,931
Minor coin	3[illegible],61
Total	$88,759,[illegible]
Certificates held as cash	[illegible]
Net cash balance on hand	7,[illegible],51[illegible]
Total cash in Treasury as shown by the Treasurer's general [illegible]	$474,270,851

POLITICAL.

—John F. Swift has been nominated for Governor by the Republicans of California.

—General Mahone positively asserts that he is not a candidate for Congress from the Fourth Virginia District.

Congressional nominations: Eighth Virginia District, Samuel Griffin, Democrat; Fourth Texas, David B Culberson, Democrat; Second Arkansas, C. R. Breckinridge, Democrat; Ninth Ohio, J. C. Leavering, Democrat; Ninth Iowa, John H. Keatley, Democrat. The Illinois Prohibitionists have nominated George C. Christian in the First District, James W. Lee in the Second, J. L. Whitlock in the Third, and Dr. Gray in the Fourth.

—Henry George offers to accept a nomination for Mayor of New York, on condition that thirty thousand laboring men sign an agreement to vote for him.

—Postmaster Wilson, of Savannah, Ga., refuses to surrender his office to his successor, claiming that, as he has done nothing wrong, the President has no authority to remove him.

—The Republican State Convention of Illinois nominated John R. Tanner for Treasurer, and Richard Edwards for Superintendent of Public Instruction. The platform opposes the ownership of land by aliens, favors protection for American labor, urges the abolition of contract prison labor, arraigns the Federal administration for failing to keep its pledges, and expresses the hope that the Irish race will secure home rule.

—Judge Thomas C. Manning, of Louisiana, has been appointed Minister to Mexico, succeeding Gen. Jackson. Judge Manning has been on the Supreme bench in his State for six years. He is not a politician, but is an intimate friend of Secretary Bayard.

—Congressional nominations: Eighth Pennsylvania District, Daniel Ermentrout, Democrat; Third Ohio, E. S. Williams, Republican; Sixth Missouri, Odin Guitar, Republican; Fourteenth Illinois, J. H. Powell, Republican; Thirteenth Illinois, J. A. Connelly, Republican; Thirteenth Pennsylvania, W. F. Shepard, Democrat; Twelfth Pennsylvania, J. H. Swoyer, Democrat; Fifteenth Illinois, William Lindsay, Democrat; First Iowa, John H. Gear, Republican; Tenth Virginia, Jacob Yost, Republican; Fifth Michigan, M. H. Ford, Democrat and Greenbacker; Ninth Michigan, L. G. Mason, Democrat and Greenbacker.

GENERAL.

—Official information has reached Washington that the Commander of the American Revenue Cutter Corwin seized three British vessels for catching seals in Alaskan waters.

—The police of Chicago arrested three anarchists named Louis Juhl, Henry Batzel, and William Kloth, all residing on West Seventeenth street. They had been holding meetings at night, with their followers, in a cooper-shop. Guns and swords were found in their houses. The Cleveland anarchists held a meeting and denounced the jury that convicted their brethren in Chicago. Should the reds be executed Anarchist Saam promised 200,000 avengers would rise from their blood. A collection was taken up, amounting to $10.96, for the purpose of securing to the anarchists a new trial.

—Acting Secretary of the Treasury Fairchild has issued regulations for the enforcement of the oleomargarine law. The necessity of marks and brands is made manifest and a form of bond for exporters' use is given. Special stamps have been designed for the article.

—The American Free-Trade League has issued an address to the tariff reformers of the country, urging prompt action in the Congressional districts looking to the choice of representatives in Congress who can be depended upon to support the removal of tariff taxation from all articles of necessity.

—President Diaz has issued to the Governors of the various states of Mexico a circular ordering a detailed report to the Department of Foreign Affairs in the cases of aliens arrested for any cause, and that the trials of such persons be strictly within the limits of law.

—An English company has got possession of an old concession of a railroad from Tuxpan to the City of Mexico, and proposes to expend thereon at least $35,000,000.

—Canadian customs authorities have been requested to rigidly enforce the laws as to the coasting trade for the purpose of putting a stop, if possible, to American vessels, not properly registered, carrying cargoes between Canadian ports.

CASUALTIES.

—C. C. Snyder, a hardware merchant of Canton, Ohio, was mistaken by Policeman Brisbin for a burglar, and was fatally shot in his own yard.

—At North Bend, Neb., fire destroyed the principal business block. The fire was caused by incendiaries, and ten suspicious characters were arrested.

—The steamer Bayou Sara was fired by an incendiary at New Orleans. The loss is $110,000.

—Fire destroyed the Howard Oil Mills in Houston, Texas, causing a loss of $300,000.

—Four Italians engaged in a desperate fight on the railway track near Elmira, New York. An express train killed one and fatally injured another, and a third was captured.

—The Hudson river steamer Daniel Drew was burned to the water's edge at Kingston Point, N. Y. Loss $150,000.

—Fire at Aurora, Ind., destroyed a lumber-yard and two residences, causing a loss of $50,000.

—The Chicago steamer A. B. Booth was wrecked when abreast of Grand Portage, Lake Superior. The crew and passengers had a narrow escape.

—A thunderbolt exploded the dynamite and powder magazine of the Laflin & Rand Powder company at the intersection of Archer avenue and Forty-seventh street, Chicago. A girl was killed and many persons were injured, four of them fatally. The shock was felt all over the city and considerable damage was done to buildings.

—Seven men were killed by an explosion of fire-damp in a colliery at Scranton, Pa., and it is rumored that others are imprisoned.

—George Kratel, a butcher living near Cleveland, Ohio, attempted to take an apple from the throat of a cow and was bitten for his pains. He died from the effects of the bite, blood poisoning having set in directly after he was hurt.

—Nearly the entire business portion of South Royalton, Vt., was destroyed by fire, entailing a loss of $100,000, with insurance less than half that amount. Fire in a Baltimore furniture factory caused a loss of $30,000, without insurance.

—Twelve fishermen were drowned in a gale off Newfoundland.

—By the burning of James F. Langmaid's building at Suncook, N. H., a loss of $150,000 was sustained.

CRIMES AND CRIMINALS.

—An armed mob invaded Magnolia, La., broke open the jail, took therefrom John and Leander Nelson, colored, charged with the recent murder of a negro named Collins, and hanged them from a bridge near the town.

—At Vicksburg a negro boy of 18 killed Mrs. Davis, wife of his employer, with a hoe. He was caught by neighbors and shot to death.

—Supervisors Larkins, Carroll and Gallagher, of the Brooklyn Board of Supervisors, have been arrested on a charge of conspiring to defraud the people of Kings County.

—Three negroes were lynched near McNutt Lake, Le Flore County, Miss., for an attempted assault on some young ladies.

HERE AND THERE.

THE Indiana Republican State Convention met at Indianapolis and nominated the following ticket: Lieutenant Governor, R. S. Robertson; Secretary of State, Chas. F. Griffin; Auditor of State, Bruce Carr; Treasurer of State, James A. Lemcke; Judge of the Supreme Court, Byron K. Elliott; Attorney General, Lewis I. Michener, Clerk of the Supreme Court, William I. Noble; Superintendent of Public Instruction, Ed. LaFollette.

AT a meeting of the common council of Philadelphia a resolution was adopted without a dissenting voice for the appointment of a committee to investigate the conduct of Mayor Smith, looking to his impeachment, in case certain money transactions cannot be satisfactorily explained by him.

A DISPATCH from Sofia says that a battle took place at Radomer, Eastern Roumelia, between the regiments loyal to Prince Alexander and regiments siding with the Revolutionists, and that the latter were defeated with heavy loss.

THE recent reports on the disastrous effects of the great volume of water rushing from a newly-sunk artesian well at Belle Plaine, Iowa, have been exaggerated. The statement of the astounding force and extent of the rush of water is a fact, but it is not true that great damage has been done by inundation, or that the town is in danger, the surplus water flowing off in two channels into a natural stream.

PRINCE ALEXANDER has written a very humble letter to the Czar, conceding that he holds the Bulgarian throne at the disposal of Russia. The Czar curtly replied that he thought Alexander, after once safely getting away from Bulgaria, should have stayed away. He added that, as for himself, he should do what he thinks best when the time comes.

A NEW ORLEANS special says: Mobile and Montgomery, Ala., and Ocean Spring and Bay St. Louis, La., have proclaimed quarantine against Biloxi, Miss., where it seems to be almost conceded that yellow fever exists. This city is crowded with citizens fleeing from that place, fearful not of the fever, but of being barred out of other cities by quarantine. There is a warm dispute raging among physicians here as to the real character of the disease, and those who declare it to be only malarial fever are men entitled to considerable credence from their past experience in diagnosing the dread disease. It is not improbable that a quarantine will be declared pending a decision of the question.

BURGLARS entered the residence of Nicholas Jaeger of Sandusky, Ohio, and demanded Jaeger's money, a considerable amount of which he was supposed to have in the house. He denied having any money, and the burglars then attacked him and his wife with clubs and beat them nearly to death. The fellows then fled without securing any money.

ALL of the miners at Pittsburgh, except those employed in the Loomis & Snively mine, have struck for an advance in wages.

PARNELL has given notice that he will move the following amendment to Lord Randolph Churchill's motion: "The necessity for measures to ameliorate the condition of the people of Ireland is so urgent, that the House declines to surrender to the Government the usual facilities enjoyed by members of the House."

POSTAL INSPECTOR W. W. SIMPSON, of Atlanta, Ga., ejected A. N. Wilson from the postoffice, and placed Capt. G. W. Lamar in possession. Wilson had refused to turn over the office unless force should be used, and went out saying: "I am still postmaster of Savannah: President Cleveland had no right to suspend me under the Constitution." Wilson was suspended for offensive partisanship.

PUBLIC PRINTER BENEDICT denies that he is hostile to the Typographical Union. He says his sympathies are with the Union and with all labor organizations. He thinks his brother, the Chief Clerk, is a member of Typographical Union No. 6.

THE reduction of the public debt for the month of August was $1,910,697.02.

THE MARKETS.

NEW YORK.		
BEEVES	$5.00	@ 6.00
HOGS	4.50	@ 5.25
WHEAT—No. 1 White	.87	@ .87½
No. 2 Red	.86	@ .87
CORN—No. 2	.51	@ .51½
OATS—White	.35	@ .41
PORK—Mess	10.00	@10.50
CHICAGO.		
BEEVES—Choice to Prime Steers	5.00	@ 5.25
Good Shipping	4.25	@ 4.75
Common	3.25	@ 3.75
HOGS—Shipping Grades	4.50	@ 5.25
FLOUR—Extra Spring	4.25	@ 4.75
WHEAT—No. 2 Red	.77	@ .78
CORN—No. 2	.40	@ .41
OATS—No. 2	.25	@ .26
BUTTER—Choice Creamery	.21	@ .22
Fine Dairy	.16	@ .18
CHEESE—Full Cream, Cheddar	.06½	@ .06¾
Full Cream, new	.09½	@ .10
EGGS—Fresh	.12	@ .13
POTATOES—Early Rose, per bu	.40	@ .50
PORK—Mess	9.25	@ 9.75
MILWAUKEE.		
WHEAT—Cash	.75	@ .75½
CORN—No. 2	.40	@ .40½
OATS—No. 2	.25	@ .26
RYE—No. 1	.53	@ .54
PORK—Mess	9.25	@ 9.75
TOLEDO.		
WHEAT—No. 2	.79	@ .80
CORN—No. 2	.41	@ .42
OATS—No. 2	.27	@ .28
DETROIT.		
BEEF CATTLE	4.50	@ 5.00
HOGS	3.50	@ 4.50
SHEEP	3.25	@ 4.25
WHEAT—Michigan Red	.79	@ .80
CORN—No. 2	.44	@ .46
OATS—No. 2 White	.29	@ .31
ST. LOUIS.		
WHEAT—No. 2	.76	@ .77
CORN—Mixed	.36	@ .37
OATS—Mixed	.26	@ .26½
PORK—New Mess	10.00	@10.25
CINCINNATI.		
WHEAT—No. 2 Red	.77	@ .77½
CORN—No. 2	.43	@ .43
OATS—No. 2	.27	@ .28
PORK—Mess	9.75	@10.25
LIVE HOGS	4.50	@ 5.00
BUFFALO.		
WHEAT—No. 1 Hard	.85	@ .85½
CORN—No. 2	.45	@ .46
CATTLE	4.50	@ 5.00
INDIANAPOLIS.		
BEEF CATTLE	3.50	@ 5.00
HOGS	4.25	@ 5.00
SHEEP	3.25	@ 3.75
WHEAT—No. 2 Red	.75	@ .76
CORN—No. 2	.40	@ .40½
OATS—No. 2	.23	@ .26
EAST LIBERTY.		
CATTLE—Best	5.00	@ 5.25
Fair	4.25	@ 4.75
Common	3.25	@ 3.75
HOGS	4.75	@ 5.25
SHEEP	3.75	@ 4.25

Improvement.

When you visit or leave New York City, save baggage, expressage, and $3 carriage hire, and stop at the Grand Union Hotel, opposite Grand Central Depot.

453 rooms, fitted up at a cost of one million dollars, $1 and upwards per day. European plan. Elevator. Restaurant supplied with the best. Horse cars, stages, and elevated railroad to all depots. Families can live better for less money at the Grand Union Hotel than at any other first-class hotel in the city.

Perils of the City Baby.

The question arises, "What is it in cities that is so hostile to infantile life?"

The subject is a complex one, and in its analysis we must consider the varying conditions surrounding the different classes. Distinctions of rank are as definitely marked among infants as among adults. There is none of the democracy which obtains in the country. We have the infant of the aristocracy, the infant of the middle classes, the infant of the poor, the infant dependent upon charity. Each of these inherits an environment peculiar to itself; its house, its nursery, and sleeping apartment, its nurses and attendants, who solve the problems of its food and raiment. Take the matter of inheritance, not of money or lands, but of constitution. The extreme classes found in the city and not in the country, the very wealthy and the very poor, are likely to bestow on their offspring a latent tendency to disease. The ultra-fashionable mother, the self-indulgent father, hand down to their children overwrought nervous systems and weak physical powers, which result in early death, or more often a life of protracted feebleness. In the lowest classes the untoward effects upon the children of poverty, intemperance, and moral obliquity are incalculable.

The city infants belonging to the middle classes often suffer, because of the struggle of their parents to maintain a foothold in society, and to mount the steps in social life which will bring them distinction. It would be a long discussion to enter into all the questions of heredity which influence the fate of a child. They are vital questions, however, which require the utmost delicacy in handling, but which are of transcending importance to the individual and to the race. Very little of the common sense which prevails in preserving and rearing choice stock exists in relation to the human animal. If by chance the infant is well-born—that is, has the germ of a constitution which will unfold untainted by scrofula or epilepsy, or any other foul disease which will rob it of a healthy mental and physical development as life unrolls before it—such inheritance is unequalled. Dr. Ireland has shown the effects of heredity as seen in tracing through 350 years the health history of the house of Spain. The children, though born to a kingdom and crown, were cursed with an hereditary nervous taint which sometimes passed over a generation only to appear again in various forms and intensities, as epilepsy, hypochondria, melancholia, mania, and imbecility, till at length it extinguished the direct royal line.—*Dr. Grace Peckham, in Popular Science Monthly.*

Electric Strokes on Human Bodies.

Very little is known about the effects of strong currents of electricity, such as lightning stroke, or the current from an arc lighting dynamo, upon the physical organism. People who receive shocks from such a current are generally killed, as Daniel Coyle was in this city and Meyers Patterson at Lynchburg, recently; yet others almost unaccountably escape. A workman at Liverpool was handling the chain of a crane, which came in contact with an electric lamp, and the current passed through his body. He was made insensible by the shock, but soon recovered, although the intensity of the current was such that his hand was burned and the sole of his foot badly charred. His stocking was also burned, but his shoe was uninjured. There are wide differences in the conducting power of men. Those who offer much resistence suffer the most.—The Liverpool man was apparently able to conduct the current safely, and only suffered at points of imperfect connection, where the resistance was great, and the heat was thereby developed. Great differences exist also in the bodily condition of men. A shock that might be simply a severe shock to one man might instantly stop the heart-beats of another, and kill him in a moment. These are matters which should have had careful inquiry before that unwarranted verdict of "carelessness" was rendered in Coyle's case.—*Philadelphia Ledger.*

DR. J. S. KNOX, of Chicago, Ills., says that quinsy is closely related to rheumatism; that it occurs mainly in persons of rheumatic tendency, and can be cured by the same sort of treatment which is appropriate to rheumatism. We echo the thought.—*Dr. Foote's Health Monthly.*

When we Demoralize the Stomach

By excesses, or imprudence in eating, we cannot hope to escape the consequences for any great length of time. The most robust digestion must succumb to abuse of that important function. But supposing that we have been foolish enough to enfeeble the stomach, is the damage irreparable? By no means. The dyspeptic has only to do two things to insure his ultimate recovery. First, he should adopt an easily digestible diet. Second, he should use with regularity and persistence Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, the leading gastric invigorant of the age. The multiform symptoms of dyspepsia, and the almost invariably attendant disorders, biliousness and constipation, will assuredly cease to persecute the sufferer if the above advice is attended to. Who that has suffered the torments that chronic indigestion inflicts will neglect to take advantage of a remedy which, if the most positive evidence of the medical profession and the public is to be received with due credence, is an absolute specific for the complaint?

AN Arizona bird destroys its arch enemy, the rattlesnake, in a novel and methodical manner. When one or more of these birds discover a rattlesnake asleep in the sun they are careful not to disturb it, and proceed to collect the detached leaves of the prickly pear, with which their nests are often built. These leaves they place in an irregular circle about the sleeping reptile, piling them higher, until finally the snake is in the center of a corral of the spine-shaped leaves. The snake is then awakened by a peck from the bird. It strikes and is wounded by the spines. This enrages it, and every movement adds to its torture, until it is finally killed by the spines and the bill of its winged enemy.

THE 11-year-old daughter of Andrew Bosemer, of Louisville, Ky., died of heart disease, superinduced by over-exertion in jumping the rope at a school picnic. She was matching herself for endurance against some playmates and brought on palpitation, which was not subdued.—*Dr. Foote's Health Monthly.*

* * * * Rupture, pile tumors, fistulæ and all diseases of the lower bowel (except cancer), radically cured. Send 10 cents in stamps for book. Address, World's Dispensary Medical Association, 663 Main street, Buffalo, N. Y.

TURKEY-GOBBLERS and bulls are not entitled to great respect ordinarily, but they size up a red flag about right.

TO PROMOTE digestion, to keep the body healthy and the mind clear, take Ayer's Pills.

A SIOUX Indian is in college near Alexandria, Va., studying to be a tobacco sign.—*Tid-Bits.*

NO OPIUM in Piso's Cure for Consumption. Cures where other remedies fail. 25c.

One pair of boots is saved every year by using Lyon's Patent Metallic Heel Stiffeners.

USE Frazer Axle Grease, 'tis the best in the world—will wear twice as long as any other.

Bowen's Budget, Fort Plain, N. Y., for March, 1886, says: In the multiplicity of medicines placed upon the market, it is sometimes difficult to distinguish between the meritorious and the worthless. There are at least two excellent remedies widely used, the efficiency of which are unquestioned. We refer to St. Jacobs Oil and Red Star Cough Cure.

"PRISONER, have you nothing more to add to your defense?" "No, your Honor, not a cent. I just gave my last dollar to my lawyer."

SOLICITOR of Patents, F. O. McCleary, of Washington, D. C., says the only thing that did him any good, when suffering with a severe cough of several weeks standing, was Red Star Cough Cure, which is purely vegetable and free from opiates and poison.

A Woodshed Scene.

"What was that great racket I heard in your woodshed after you got home from fishing last night?" asked one Estelline small boy to another.

"It was me swingin' the buggy whip for fun," the other replied.

"But I heard somebody jumpin' around, too?"

"Oh, that was pa seeing if he could jump over the wash-boiler and two tubs."

"But who was it yelled so like thunder?"

"Why, every time he made an extra high jump he would holler, kinder in fun, you know."—*Estelline Bell.*

DR. PIERCE'S "Favorite Prescription" is not extolled as a "cure-all," but admirably fulfills a singleness of purpose, being a most potent specific in those chronic weaknesses peculiar to women. Particulars in Dr. Pierce's large treatise on Diseases Peculiar to Women, 160 pages, sent for 10 cents in stamps. Address, World's Dispensary Medical Association, 663 Main street, Buffalo, N. Y.

PETER THE GREAT was crowned one fine morning. What time was it? The beginning of a reigny season.

THE color produced by Buckingham's Dye for the Whiskers is permanent and natural.

WE hear a great deal of talk about the consumption of fish. We wonder they don't try cod-liver oil.

IN another column of this issue will be found an entirely new and novel specimen of attractive advertising. It is one of the neatest ever placed in our paper, and we think our readers will be well repaid for examining the supposed display letters in the advertisement of Prickly Ash Bitters.

AN indirect way of getting a drink of water at a cheap boarding house is to ask for a third cup of tea.

Twenty-four Hours to Live.

From John Kuhn, Lafayette, Ind., who announces that he is now in "perfect health," we have the following: "One year ago I was, to all appearance, in the last stages of Consumption. Our best physicians gave my case up. I finally got so low that our doctor said I could not live twenty-four hours. My friends then purchased a bottle of DR. WM. HALL'S BALSAM FOR THE LUNGS, which benefited me. I continued until I took nine bottles. I am now in perfect health, having used no other medicine."

THIN PEOPLE.

"Wells' Health Renewer" restores health and vigor, cures Dyspepsia, Malaria, Impotence, Nervous Debility, Consumption, Wasting Diseases, Decline. It has cured thousands, will cure you.

HEART PAINS.

Palpitation, Dropsical Swellings, Dizziness, Indigestion, Headache, Ague, Liver and Kidney Complaint, Sleeplessness, cured by Wells' Health Renewer." Elegant Tonic for Adults or children.

LIFE PRESERVER.

If you are losing your grip on life try "Wells' Health Renewer." Goes direct to weak spots. Great Appetizer, and aid to Digestion, giving strength to stomach, liver, kidneys, bowels.

"I do not like thee, Dr. Fell,
The reason why, I cannot tell."

It has often been wondered at, the bad odor this oft-quoted doctor was in. 'Twas probably because he, being one of the old-school doctors, made up pills as large as bullets, which nothing but an ostrich could bolt without nausea. Hence the dislike. Dr. R. V. Pierce's "Pleasant Purgative Pellets" are sugar-coated and no larger than bird-shot, and are quick to do their work. For all derangements of the liver, bowels, and stomach they are specific.

"I'M stuck on you," as the man said who fell off a haystack and impaled himself on a pitchfork handle.—*St. Paul Herald.*

CHAPPED hands, face, pimples, and r