

At Salem last Saturday, Fred Berkey, jr., while drunk, fired nine shots at persons on the street, wounding four. Finding escape impossible he shot himself in the head, dying fifteen minutes afterwards.

Small-pox has become epidemic at Montreal, Canada, and the people are almost panic-stricken. All the places of public amusement have been closed and business is prostrate.

Joseph Rawlins, the oldest citizen of Lawrence county, aged eighty-nine years and four months died last week at Bedford. He moved into the county in the fall of 1812, where he has since resided, with the exception of the time he did service in the War of 1812.

The Oklahoma boomers have broken up their camp and are returning home, the recent action of the President having given them some hope that the administration intends to deal fairly both with the cattlemen and would-be settlers.

Nebraska has about 250,000 acres of growing forests, in which have been set 600,000 young trees. Besides this there have been planted over 12,000,000 fruit trees, over 2,500,000 grape vines, a vast number of berry bushes and plants, and countless quantities of ornamental shrubs.

They have found natural gas at Clinton, De Witt county, in Illinois. The first vein is at ninety feet and the second is at 113, which gives a pressure of thirty pounds to the square inch. It is already being used for heating and lighting purposes in the county, and it is believed that natural gas deposits will be found quite extensively distributed over all events that section of the State. The effect of the discovery upon the wealth of the State is already being discussed, and it is agreed that the convenience, cleanliness and economy of the new source of power, light and heat, will more than counter-balance any loss that may result from depreciating the value of coal.

Senator Edmonds who has just returned from a visit to England, says that he found business very much depressed; that he made inquiries wherever he went and the answer was the same, that it was due to overproduction. He says that there is a wide spread feeling that the only way to save starvation or emigration among her working people is to adopt a protective tariff and she will be driven to this in the end. If this is the condition of England under free trade, a nation that is more favorably situated than any other to maintain such a system, what would be the effect upon a comparatively new and undeveloped country like the United States?

The town of Abilene, Texas, is a good illustration of how fast a Texas village can grow when it makes an effort. In 1881 there was a population of 500. In 1883 it increased to 1,200, in 1885 to 2,500, in 1886 to 4,800, in 1887 to 5,500. To-day it has two national banks—the First National Bank with a capital of \$50,000, and the Abilene National Bank, with a capital of \$100,000; two large hardware stores, two large warehouses, seven fine dry goods houses, twenty-eight grocery stores, two furniture stores, five drug stores, three livery stables, two fine hotels and eleven saloons. It has also one of the finest and most complete flour mills in the state. It has just completed a very fine opera house at a cost of \$20,000. Its Court House cost \$68,000. The town Common Council has let the contract for water works. It has two telephone companies. Business lots are selling from \$500 to \$3,500 per lot. Land is selling from \$2 to \$10 per acre. The town ranks second in the state as a wool market, San Antonio being first. Cattle shipments are very heavy.

Last Saturday morning about two o'clock several families were aroused by a heavy discharge of powder. Next morning it was found that J. M. Carlton's safe had been blown open again for the third time. A glass in the front door had been taken out, through which the person entered. The door of the safe was thrown with great force to the center of the room, demolishing a table thence across to the top of the door, taking mah and all, and fell on the sidewalk. They could not get into the vault. There is no clue to the perpetrators.—Gosport Reporter.

The death of Dick Taylor, the defaulting cashier of the First National bank of Franklin, Ind., is announced from Detroit. It will be remembered that Taylor was entrusted by the directors with the entire management of the institution, and squandered its funds in Chicago speculations to the amount of \$200,000. He disappeared from home, about the time his frauds were discovered, but was arrested in an insane condition. The cause of his insanity was subsequently tried by a jury at Shelbyville, on charge

of venue, and was sent to the State Hospital. From that institution he was sent home to die. He did not die, however, but had lived lately in Detroit.

An Accomplished Terre Haute Belle Runs Away With Her Father's Horse Trainer.

The city of Terre Haute is excited over a sensation something like the Morosini elopement. Miss Anna McKee, a leader in society and a lady of extraordinary social attainments, has eloped with her father's horse-trainer. She is the eldest daughter of W. R. McKee, president of the Vandalia railway, who owns about everything in Terre Haute that is worth having, and is one of the wealthiest men in the state. For some time he had in his employ an ungainly looking fellow, known among his associates as Tony Shuler. Mr. McKee indulges a fancy in fast horses, some of which are familiarly known to sporting men. Shuler had charge of his horses and has been driving them in circuit races. He was in Chicago with Boy Henry. Last evening he telegraphed to a friend in Terre Haute that he would be down on the early morning train, arriving there at 4:15 o'clock. He made his appearance at the appointed time, and after a change of clothing at the National hotel, proceeded in a hack to the McKee mansion, where the young lady was waiting for him. With the aid of the hack driver Shuler succeeded in getting one of her trunks out of the house, and the couple were then driven rapidly to the depot, where they took the south-bound train for Evansville. Immediately after their arrival in that city they drove to the residence of the Rev. Father Craft, and were married by him. Shortly after the ceremony they departed for Chicago. When Mr. McKee came down to his office that morning at 11 o'clock he found a note which his daughter had mailed to him informing him simply that she had left. It was the first intimation he received of the elopement. "I opposed the marriage," he stated to a reporter, "but if they had come to me and said they meant to get married I would have told them to stay right here and be married."

The bride is 25 years old, and is quiet and attractive in personal appearance. She has been a belle in Terre Haute society, and it was thought that she was about to be married to a popular young lawyer belonging to an old family. Shuler is 30 years old, and a handsome personal appearance is not one of his attractions.

Analyzing the Baking Powders.

Under the direction of the New York State Board of Health, eighty-four different kinds of baking powders, embracing all the brands that could be found for sale in the State, were submitted to examination and analysis by Prof. C. F. Chandler, a Member of the State Board and President of the New York City Board of Health, assisted by Prof. Edward G. Love, the well-known late United States Government chemist.

The official report shows that a large number of the powders examined were found to contain alum or lime; many of them to such an extent as to render them seriously objectionable for use in the preparation of human food.

Alum was found in twenty-nine samples. This drug is employed in baking powders to cheapen their cost. The presence of lime is attributed to impure cream of tartar of commerce used in their manufacture. Such cream of tartar was also analyzed, and found to contain lime and other impurities; in some samples to the extent of 93 per cent. of their entire weight.

All the baking powders on the market, with the single exception of "Royal" (not including the alum and phosphate powders, which were long since discarded as unsafe or inefficient by prudent house-keepers) are made from the impure cream of tartar of commerce, and consequently contain lime to a corresponding extent.

The only baking powder yet found by chemical analysis to be entirely free from lime and absolutely pure is the "Royal." This perfect purity results from the exclusive use of cream of tartar specially refined and prepared by patent processes of the N. Y. Tarter Co., which totally remove the tartrate of lime and other impurities. The cost of this chemically pure cream of tartar is much greater than any other, and on account of this greater cost is used in no baking powder but the "Royal."

Prof. Love, who made the analysis of baking powders for the New York State Board of Health as well as the Government, says of the purity and wholesomeness of "Royal."

Scott Moore has leased the farm of Dr. J. M. Harris, and removed thereto.

Mrs. Geo. May, of Mo., has been visiting the family of J. A. May for several days.

Wm. H. McNeely, who has been working in Benton county for several months, is now at this place.

Last Friday G. K. Perry, Geo. Johnson, J. F. Harris, Rose Minet, Ed. Kelley and John Harris went to White river to fish and hunt. They had fair luck—didn't see a fish or squirrel.

Mr. and Mrs. Fish, of Morrovia, have been visiting the family of Dr. Whitted for several days. Rev. Fish preached at the M. E. church Sunday night.

Abraham Coffey, one of the pioneers of Owen county, died at his home in Spencer of fever, last Saturday. J. D. Coffey of this place is a brother of the deceased.

A couple of New Jersey men have been buying sheep in this county, paying an average of 24 cents per pound. They have succeeded in buying about 800, by the aid of Uncle Parker Thompson.

A vicious bull attacked Geo. Fyffe, while horse back, last week, and severely gored the horse. Mr. Fyffe had the bull killed, fearing it would be the means of some one's death.

It is not generally known that there is a well in this township which is almost as strong with sulphur as Martin county springs, yet this is the case. The well is on the farm of Dr. R. C. Harris, two miles west of town. Several parties have used the water, and report the same effects derived from the use of Sulphur water from other wells.

Last Tuesday morning Mrs. Jane Holland stepped out on the back porch at the residence of Mr. Jackson, and as the porch was quite wet one of her crutches slipped and she fell, striking on her right arm and fracturing the bone midway between the shoulder and elbow. Mr. Jackson heard her fall, and assisted her to a couch, and then Dr. R. Harris was summoned, who proceeded to set the fractured limb. Since the accident, Mrs. Holland has been suffering considerably, though she is getting along fairly well. Owing to her age, and the fact that she is very fleshy, it may take some time for her to get up. For over three years she has used crutches in walking, owing to rheumatism, during which period she has sustained several hard falls.

The stock of drugs belonging to Dr. John Harris has been purchased by Dr. R. C. Harris. It is the calculation for him to occupy his store room with the drugs, and W. D. McNeely to remove his stock of goods to the building formerly occupied by the drugs. J. J. and J. F. Harris will continue the drug business at the Hughes and Whitted stand.

White Hall and vicinity.

Hester Dyer, of Green county, visited at Wesley Stogdill's last Monday.

Aunt Sarah and Eliza Cooper, visited friends in the country the past week.

Tom Britton has bought 80 acres of land in Greene county, near Newark.

Washington Britton and wife, of Worthington, visited his brother Thomas last week.

John Dyer, of Missouri, is at present visiting relatives in Greene and Owen counties.

Eliza Livingston has moved to Spencer, preparatory to entering upon her duties in the school room.

Cyrus Coffey has sold his personal property and will start for Texas next Monday. He will devote his entire time to the ministry.

Ex-Governor David Butler, of Nebraska, and brother Andy, of California, are visiting relatives and friends in Owen and Monroe counties at the present writing.

Abner Evans has bought seventy-three acres of land near the Reeves school house, in Monroe county, of Mr. Jonathan Ray, paying therefor \$1,000. He will move onto his farm in about two weeks.

Bob Fowler and William Weaver of Greene county, passed through Eastern Clay last week with a fine drove of cattle and sheep. They were on their way to Spencer; the nearest shipping point direct to Indianapolis.

Facts for the People.
[Indianapolis Grocer.]

The Ketchum's Springs Old Settlers' Association has selected the following officers for the coming year:
President—Wm. N. Roseberry.
Vice-President—Geo. P. Ketchum.
Secy—Ab. Dowden.
Com: Major Silas Grimes, Geo. Gaitler, I. O. Sutphin, Dr. C. D. McLaughlin, Wm. J. Anderson, Jno. D. Morgan.

The schools of Bloomington opened on Monday, Sept. 21st, with the following teachers: Dist. No. 1, Hattie Bails; No. 2, Talcott Keck; No. 3, Mattie Holtzman; No. 4, Suspended at present; No. 5, Patrick Kerr; No. 6, Frank F. Turner; No. 7, Nannie Rogers; No. 8, Maggie Small. The patrons are requested to take due notice and start their children with the opening of the schools.

WILSON ADAMS, Trustee

Own-ers- in D. Mott Circumstances.
"What river," said she, as she tightened her grip on the mahogany chair and uttered a howl of anguish, while tears ran down her cheeks, "do I especially remind you of the end of the shoulder blade."

"And what other river now?" said the lady, turned white as a sheet, as he held the bone up in the air and flourished it triumphantly.
"Why, of the Tuck-er-er, of course," he answered, handing her the ammonia. And then she smiled with confusion and mortification, and acknowledged that the tooth was perfectly sound, and she had drawn only to get a chance to propound two conundrums that she thought he couldn't guess.
He returned the fair girl's love and devotion, and they were wedded last Christmas and have had a large family of children.—Bloomington.

Keeping Poultry in Orchards.

This is a matter that should be practiced when possible. We believe that if farmers and fruit-risers knew the benefits arising from such management they would at once adopt it. Last fall we visited an orchard in which fowls were kept; the owner of which told us that before the fowls were confined in it, the trees made little or no growth, and only a corresponding amount of fruit was obtained. But what a change was evident now. The grass was kept down, the weeds killed and the trees presented an appearance of thrift, which the most enthusiastic horticulturist could not but admire and envy. The growth of the trees was most vigorous, and their foliage remarkably luxuriant. The fruit was abundant, of large size and free from worm and other imperfections. This excellence was accounted for by the proprietor, who remarked that the hens ate all the worms and curculionids in their reach, even the canker worm. He found less trouble with their roosting in trees than he expected, and that a picket fence six feet high kept them within bounds. His orchard was divided into three sections, and the fowls were changed from one to another, as the condition of the fowls or the orchard section seemed to require.—Farmers World.

The Phosphorescence of the Ocean.

From the Tedesco rocks on the outer point at Swampscott, recently, there was a scene of awful sublimity, says a letter written in the Boston Transcript. A heavy rain during the day had been rolling in upon the beach, and breaking with magnificent effect upon the rocks, while the broad expanse of the ocean was white with the foam of a million caps which were dashed into spray by the gale. As the night came on and deepened, the wonderful phosphorescent light, far more brilliant than anything ever seen upon our shores, was displayed in a pageant of indescribable beauty. As far as the eye could reach along this rocky coast the breaking surf was turned to molten silver, and then to the milky sparkling fire one sees flaring from a coronet of diamonds in artificial light. It was a sea of glittering gems. The crest of every wave was a line of massive silver, and the seething waters, changing from pale blue to most brilliant green, emitted a light which glowed upon rock and grass, and was reflected upon the clouds above. At midnight, at the full tide, the splendor of the scene was beyond words. Wave after wave broke upon the line of rocks, showing a wall of colored fire, forty, and at times even fifty feet in height, the ocean seemed aflame. The crest of every wave was a coronation of gems sparkling with more than rainbow hues. The intensity of color, all luminous with phosphorescent fire, was far more wonderful than that produced by any mechanical chemistry.

The modern honeymoon trip had its origin in the latest days of George II., and became a recognized bridal institution in the aristocratic world in the early years of the reign of George III.—Eight many years passed before modest, quiet folks in the middle rank of English life imitated their superiors in respect to this custom. The change of usage soon met with popular favor with lovers of both sexes, and the new fashion became yearly more general; so that at the end of the last century it was an usual circumstance for a bride to pass her wedding-day in a hot bath.

Many a man, raised from poverty and obscurity to wealth and honor, can trace his rise to civility; it is sure to reproduce itself in others, and he who always polite will be sure to get, at least, as much as he gives. We believe it was Macaulay who defined politeness as benevolence in small things. The French, who are nothing unless satirical, declare politeness to be the zero of friendship's thermometer.

McCALLA & CO. HAVE THE FIRST NEW STOCK.

All the Staples and Novelties in Dress Goods, Notions, Fancy Articles, Dress Trimmings, etc., are among the New Goods.

The latest patterns and colors in Ribbons, fine Collars and Cuffs, Underwear for Men, Women and Children, Dress Trimmings in immense variety, latest styles in Shawls for Fall and Winter, and in fact everything that is usually found in
A First Class Dry Goods Store.

AUDITOR'S ANNUAL REPORT.

THE undersigned Auditor submits the following Report of Receipts and Expenditures of Monroe county, Indiana, for the year ending May 31, 1885:

RECEIPTS.	EXPENDITURES.
Balance in Treasury at the last Annual Report, \$7,668 80	There has been warrants drawn as follows:
COUNTY REVENUE.	County Revenue.
Jury expenses, Owen co., \$301 36	Fees and salaries, \$101 00
Lawrence co., 153 78	Jurors, 3,998 05
McKinney judgment, 454 30	Balliffs, 404 50
Poor Asylum, 60 00	Poor, 5,189 59
Special Judges, 115 00	Specific.
Docket fees, circuit court, 62 00	Docket fees, et. al., \$42 80
Jury fees, 27 00	Special Judges, 272 90
Damages and costs, 35 52	Atty Gen'l for school fund, 1,389 31
December taxes, 1883, 11,824 24	County, 521 12
April taxes, 1884, 18,170 92	Criminal, 2,067 43
Delinq. taxes, 1883, 2,142 64	Buildings, 858 15
Bridge taxes, 1884, 3,098 00	Inquests, 141 85
Interest taxes, 1884, 18,558 58	Roads and Highways.
Repair taxes, 1884, 774 65	Pike repairs, 129 00
	Damages, 629 00
	Pike expenses, 621 50
	County roads, 136 65 1,598 15
	Elections, 1,527 47
	Poor Asylum, 1,284 00
	Books & stationery, 1,589 67
	Assessing, 1,284 00
	Insane, 310 84
	Printing, 510 30
	Interest—Bonds, 2,000 00
	do—County, 945 58 3,945 58
	Fox bounty, 141 00
	Revenue refunded, 23 94
	Artisan Wall, 1,327 91
	Turnpike Expense.
	Rogers pike, 905 00
	High pike, 12,308 82
	Stephen pike, 7,319 97
	Wylie pike, 2,181 01
	Township Taxes.
	Local tuition revenue, \$2,972 44
	Township revenue, 3,825 19
	Read revenue, 4,707 58
	Dog revenue, 1,220 90
	Special school revenue, 7,727 56
	Redemption of land.
	Loans, Cong. township fund, 4,186 72
	Interest do do, 3,255 36
	Loans common school fund, 4,275 20
	Interest do do, 2,221 05
	State school dividend, 15,114 78
	Total expenditures, \$118,691 80
	Outstanding warrants, June 25, 42,735 62
	Total warrants to be redeemed, \$161,427 42
	Outstanding warrants, June 25, 55,530 51
	Total redeemed by Treasurer, \$105,896 91
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	County bonds.
	Wylie pike bonds, 22,700
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