

—Indianapolis Review: This is going to be a hard year on Democratic orators. They cannot advocate protection to American industries, for the Republicans can point to Speaker Carlisle and his free trade committee. They cannot advocate civil service reform, for Republicans can point to Pendleton, the author of civil service reform, and say to the Democrats, "you slaughtered him." They cannot advocate purity in politics, for the Republicans point to Senator Payne, and say that he bought his election. We are a little anxious to know what the Democratic orators will say when they begin to paw the air.

Easiest thing in the world. They will do as Voorhees always did: make a speech, and if policy to change front in a week or two, deny to the very men who heard him that he ever used such language. No trouble for a Democratic politician to turn somersaults.

Old Time Incidents. A well-known and highly respected citizen of Monroe county, now over three score and ten years of age, handed the Progress, a few days ago, the following incidents of early times. The old gentleman read his manuscript without glasses, having recently come to his "second sight."

AN INCIDENT OF AN EDITOR'S LIFE.—When the State of Indiana was organized in 1816, and after the removal of archives of the Territorial government to the city of Indianapolis as the new and permanent Capital of the State, their regular public printer Mr. Jesse B. was left behind at Corydon, the former capital. After looking around and prospecting for a favorable location, finally determined to cast his lot with the people of Monroe county, and in the town of Bloomington put up his press and publish a good county "newspaper," which thing at that time of "small things" was considered a matter of great honor and an evidence of much progress in a community. But let it be remembered that this Jesse B. was a man of excellent morals, a very modest, honest and sociable bachelor, but not burdened with a great weight of literary attainments. And why he remained a bachelor, whether it was because of his repugnance to a state of matrimony or on account of his rather hard features making him rather repulsive to the ladies, we cannot say. But being very zealous in his undertaking and believing that the diffusion of knowledge and general intelligence in a country are the bulwarks of American liberty and independence, he proposed to a number of subscribers who lived rather remote from his office to deliver their papers to them at their homes, himself in person, each week. Only one postoffice in the county at the time, he had to set in the capacity of carrier as well as editor and publisher. And whilst engaged on one occasion in distributing his paper, he called at the house of an old and intimate friend and subscriber, at a late hour in the afternoon, with the intention of remaining over night with Uncle Billy W.

On entering the room he saw the familiar face of Uncle Billy's family, his wife, two grown sons, a grown daughter and a neighbor's daughter, all seated and in social chat. The weather being warm and the nights short, and but one room to occupy as was usual in that day, no light in the room but one candle on this occasion. Our editor and the old farmer soon engaged in a very agreeable and interesting conversation, and during which unnoticed by them the candle burnt out, and in looking around found themselves alone, the family having all retired. Uncle Billy said, Jesse we had better lie down, there is your bed. The old man started to one in the corner of the room, Jesse to one in the opposite corner and having doffed his clothes and reached the side of the bed, by the exercise of one of his sensitive powers found he had already occupied by two persons, one on each side, giving most room in the middle for him. Supposing them to be the two sons of Uncle Billy, lay down between them and was very soon sleeping soundly. But when after daylight, Jesse being awakened by a touch opened his eyes and saw two young ladies sitting, one on each side of him, in the act of removing their "night caps." O, the perplexity of mind—the excessive desire to depart—a ruled man to parts unknown. So soon as the way was made clear, he arose, adjusted his clothing and in this state of embarrassment immediately left. Uncle Billy being out attending to his chores heard Jesse letting down a bar in getting out of the yard, called him, saying, hold on Jesse; as he came up to our confused editor, said, you are not leaving yet, Jesse replied; I am a ruined man. Why so, Jesse, asked the old man. By sleeping between the two girls last night thinking at the time I was between the two boys. Pah, says Uncle Billy, we all know it was a mistake, I will say nothing about it and of course the

girls will not tell it, it will go no further and cannot affect your standing, you being consciously clear of all improprieties. Come back and stay for breakfast. And after much solicitation prevailed on him to return. For some years this was kept a profound secret while Jesse kept along swimmingly. But in the course of time Uncle Billy became too feeble to keep the secret without help. So he let it out to some faithful old friends who were able to tell it to good advantage in crowds of others, and in Jesse's presence. With him it was unpleasant but to others a great source of merriment.

A SPECIMEN OF LEGAL ACUMEN.—In an early day, in township No. 9 north, range No. three west, lived Justice B. Neighbor D. made his appearance and filed his complaint, vs. neighbor E., and demanded a summons. The Docket of the Justice did not show (as is required by the common law) an "action on the case" for damages, nor an action of "Trove and Conversion," but simply stated that the defendant E. had flogged him out of a Turkey. The summons, after being served and duly returned and at the proper hour set for trial, the parties appeared, the defendant pleading the "general issue." All the evidence being taken and the case submitted, the court remarked to the parties that he would take the case under advisement for the number of days specified by law. So at the expiration of four days claimed by the court the parties returned to know the result. The Justice announced to the parties that he had entered a non-suit for the reason that he had searched diligently and was unable to find "Turkey" in the whole statute.

Letter from Washington Territory. Ed. Progress: Dear Sir: Having promised to write you what I could of this country some time and thinking this as good a time as any I make the attempt, but will not try any description outside the former Co. of Spokane on account of not being much acquainted.

By the action of the Territorial Legislature just adjourned, in dividing Spokane Co. and forming the western portion into a new Co. called Lincoln, that body has formed a county that are long will rank second to none in Eastern Washington as regards influence or productions.

Spokane county was divided from north to south, with Cheney remaining as the county seat of Spokane, notwithstanding the fact that to get Spokane Falls the county seat was the object in view by the friends of division, but by the determined fight of Cheney she holds the offices as before.

From various sources we gather the following facts in regard to the new formed county. Emigrants destined for Spokane and Lincoln counties leave the railroad at either Spokane Falls, Cheney and Sprague and as nearly all the choice land near the railroad is taken land hunters must keep going farther west to what is known as the big bend of the Columbia or Badger mountain country, all of which, before division, was in Spokane county and are now in Lincoln.

Standing on one of the high hills near the Columbia and looking south and east one can see, what seems like an unlimited extent of slightly rolling and, except along streams, treeless prairie, but the mountains are almost all heavily timbered with pine, fir and tamarack.

Scattered all over this section are cabins indicating the growth of this section as a year ago not a cabin could be seen, and as much of the land has been taken up by men who intend to occupy and improve next summer, this country will look much more civilized at the end of another year than it does now. The estimated population now is 5,000.

The Northern Pacific railroad car shops, round house, &c., are at Sprague, making it quite a business town. Washington Territory is not all it is said to be, on advertising papers, but to any one willing to rough it awhile, it certainly affords better opportunities than continual renting of farms in the States.

The winter season here is long, and sometimes very cold, yet it is so dry and generally clear, that it doesn't appear to affect a person as much as some places where it is not cold but changeable. In last February the mercury stood at 36° below zero, just one day, and it was the coldest.

Our moisture here comes mostly in the form of snow during the winter and while we may have two or three rains during the summer it is not unfrequently the case for a crop to grow and mature without a drop of rain. Why the soil here holds moisture so much longer than places in the east I can't find out, but such is the case undoubtedly.

To such as want to hunt game this is a good field, as in the mountains are plenty of wolf, bear, cougar and deer, while on the prairie are chickens, ducks, &c. Our advice to any who are well fixed in Indiana is to stay where they are, or come and see the country before selling out, as people are dissatisfied here as elsewhere, but to my notion this is the boss country. So good-bay to you.

D. H. Harrington, Lincoln Co., W. T.

A Question in Ethics.

Plainfield Progress: A curious question in ethics is presented by the attitude in which the authorities of Asbury University have placed themselves, by soliciting and accepting the money and services of the saloon men, in raising the \$60,000 required of Putnam county to secure the De Pauw endowment. Should the money of the whiskey men have been accepted? If not, why not? Could it have been put to a better purpose, or to one more likely to counteract the evil influence of the traffic? On the other hand, as is pertinently asked by the Greenback Banner, is the University, having taken their money, in a position to make war upon the individual business of the rum sellers? If not should an institution be placed, by its management, in a situation where its voice is hushed against a great social and domestic evil? There is food for serious thoughts in these questions.

—"Tolachi," says Fannie B. Ward, in a letter from Mexico, "grows everywhere in Mexico, but more thrifflily in the tropical lowlands of the terra caliente. It is a harmless looking plant, much resembling Northern milk-weed, and quite too dangerously convenient in a land where suspicious rules and jealousy amounts to madness. It does not kill, but acts immediately upon the brain, producing first violent insanity and then hopeless idiocy. It is whispered that poor Carlotta had hardly landed at Vera Cruz, on her sorrowful mission to this country, before some of it was administered to her, and her deplorable fate is cited as one among many instances. Of all the dangers in Mexico this is one of the most appalling. Any political enemy, or jealous rival, or offended servant, may thus revenge himself in a more fiendish manner than with the stiletto and without fear of detection; a few drops of this tasteless white fluid, mixed with milk or other food, does its diabolical work with inexorable certainty, and can only be detected by its gradual results."

—Writing to the Baltimore Sun from Sydney, N. S. W., a traveler says: "I have never seen anything in America that compared with Wentworth Falls in the combination of both beauty and grandeur. At first the water leaps a distance of 700 feet, as though falling over the back to the east of a great armchair cut out of the face of the mountain by some giant of nature. Falling in spray, it gathers itself for another run and leap, the second time falling over 800 feet into the great gorge below. The fall is so far and the foliage so dense at the foot that the eye fails to see the second gathering place of the clouds of spray glittering in the sunlight 1,500 feet below. The valley below the falls spreads out like a great amphitheatre fifty miles across, and hemmed in on every side by the perpendicular walls of the mountain. No human foot has ever been known to tread this valley, as it cannot be reached from below, by reason of a second precipice over which the same stream falls, and to go down from above would be a perilous undertaking."

—Those who have never seen the much talked of dynamite explosive will be interested to know that it looks very much like moist brown sugar. Nitro-glycerine, which is formed by the action of nitric acid upon glycerine, at a low temperature, is the active agent in dynamite, but is mixed with some absorbent substance to render it safer to handle than the liquid glycerine. The absorbent material (thus used is a silicious earth—a fine white powder composed of the remains of infusoria, and resembling powdered chalk; this takes up two or three times its weight of the

nitro-glycerine, without becoming pasty, and the ingredients are easily mixed, leaden vessels and wooden spoons being used to avoid dangerous friction. When flame is applied to this mass it burns with a strong flame, without any explosion; but when ignited by a detonating fuse, or even by a sudden blow, its explosive force is tremendous.

—Prosser Falls, Washington Territory, is "booming." A resident said to a reporter of the Walla Walla Journal: "I haven't had a chance to visit my claim for some weeks. Last fall I built a house on it, hauling the timber from fifty to eighty miles. At that time there was not a residence within thirty miles. Then I went to Seattle for a few weeks, and when I came back the whole country was a camp; there was lumber on the ground for a brewery, a drug store was opening out, and a building was up for a general merchandise store, with a hall up stairs for the Odd Fellows to meet in. I can't give you the exact situation at present, because, as I say, I haven't been home for several weeks, but I expect to find an academy of music, a telephone exchange, and an elevated railway in full blast when I get there."

—A bill has been introduced in Congress, which, if passed, will reduce fares on the Pacific railroads to a maximum of three cents per mile for first-class, two cents per mile for second class, and one and a half cents per mile for third class passengers.

—There is a boy in Connecticut who has a third arm growing out of his back. He will find it very handy to be able to scratch his back, when he hasn't time to go to the corner of the house.

PETERSON'S MAGAZINE.—We have before us the current number of this well-known favorite of the ladies' monthly. It is a splendid number, with a perfect gallery of steel-engravings, colored fashion-plates, colored patterns for the work-table, tales, poetry, etc. Undoubtedly, "Peterson's" is not only the best, but the cheapest magazine of its kind, being but two dollars a year to single subscribers. To clubs it is cheaper still, with great inducements to those getting up clubs. Subscribers to no magazine until you have seen a copy of "Peterson's." It is a splendid number, with specimens are sent gratis, if written for to persons who wish to get up clubs. Address Charles J. Peterson, 306 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

Sunday School Institute.

Hon. W. H. Levering, President of the Indiana S. S. Union, will conduct an Institute in Walnut Street Presbyterian church on Wednesday and Thursday, 13-14, commencing at 7 o'clock p. m., Wednesday, and 9:30 a. m. and 2 p. m. Thursday.

PROGRAMME.

7 o'clock.—Devotional exercises conducted by Elder A. B. Philpott. 7:15.—Address by Hon. W. H. Levering. Subject, "Method and Manner of conducting Sabbath Schools," followed by a general discussion of the subject.

THURSDAY.

9:30 a. m.—Devotional exercises conducted by Rev. J. K. Brant. 9:45.—How to make teaching easy, by Rev. E. Ballentine, followed by discussion of the question. 10:30.—Bible Geography and Bible Chronology by Hon. W. H. Levering. 11:20.—Reorganization of County Union.

1 p. m.—Our young men. Who shall have them? The church or the world? By W. H. Levering. 3 p. m.—Question Drawer. All Pastors, Superintendents, Teachers, and friends of Sabbath Schools are especially invited to take part in these exercises.

Bloomington Schools.

The following pupils have been neither absent nor tardy during the half year ending Jan. 18, 1884:

No. 1.—Laura Browning, Carl Berry, Dick Johnson, Mary Johnson, Frank Smith.
No. 2.—Jessie Carmichael, Lyle Bates, Willie Claman, Annie Feider, Warren Fuller, Katie Graves, Mary Hays, Annie Lindley, Flora Weimer, Ada Rott, Mattie Slocumb, Ida Waldron.
No. 3.—Mattie Berry, Lillie Carr, Maud Helton, Lola Hewson, Lena Johnston, Alice Lyons, Emma McPhetridge, Minnie Smith, Ora Stimpson.
No. 4.—Jennie Akin, Cora Campbell, Albert Cates, Harry Coffin, Haxter Demaree, Harry Dobson, Letitia Dickson, John Grimes, Edith Hays, Katie Johnson, Mary Kerr, Fred Lannan, Nettie Langley, Christ Marxsen, Fred Marxsen, Edith Neeld, Albert Pearson, Mollie Potter, Anna Robinson, Harry Rott, Ida Souders.
No. 5.—Willie Allen, Claude Brant, Maud Farver, Addie Hicks, Newton Jeffers, Pearl Neeld, Eliza Phillips, Frank Rose, Lola Rogers, Edith Smith, Mary Netherland, Nellie Spencer, Harry Spencer, Walter Bookman, Lydia Wright, Lizzie Golden.
No. 6.—Munson Atwater, Bertie Cole, Tommy Braxton, Willie Dixon, Carrie Dodds, Nora Kirby, Lulu Mathers, Mollie Souders, Mamie Lindley.
No. 7.—Jacob Baker, Eugene Claman, Emma Brant, Mattie Orchard, Fannie Seward, Frank Andrews, Homer Thompson, Norman Andrews, Morris Bowman, Anna Campbell, Hattie Smith, Ida McPhetridge, Mand Campbell, James Sears, Lee Holtzman, Willie Louden.
No. 8.—Boyd Cron, Luther Grimes, Perry Grimes, John Golden, Abbie Helton, Edith Hall, Raymond Holtzman, Ida Louden, Gertie Spencer.
Colored School.—Fannie Freeman, Nellie Taylor.

Mose Kahn. Mose Kahn. Extraordinary SLASHING SLAUGHTER of MENS' AND BOYS' OVERCOATS AND SUITS.

Loaded! Loaded!! Loaded!!!

The continuous warm weather of the past three weeks has played havoc with the sale of Winter Clothing. We have too many Overcoats, too many Suits, and we intend to force their sale by SLAUGHTERING THE PRICES.

READ: READ: READ: READ: If any garment bought of us during this sale is not from \$3 to \$10 cheaper than same make and quality can be bought elsewhere in this city bring it back and we will refund money.
Overcoats at \$3.50 worth \$4.00 Suits at \$3.50 worth \$4.25
Overcoats at 3.00 worth 3.50 Suits at 4.25 worth 4.50
Overcoats at 4.00 worth 4.50 Suits at 5.00 worth 5.50
Overcoats at 5.00 worth 5.50 Suits at 6.00 worth 6.50
Overcoats at \$6 and 7 worth 9 and 10 All Wool Suits at \$7, \$8, &c.
Splendid Overcoats at \$10, 12, and 14 Great Bargains at \$10 and \$12.
Fine custom made suits from \$13 to \$18—(Can't be equalled.)

MOSE KAHN. MOSE KAHN. 4th Door from Corner, New Block.

NOTICE.

THE ANNUAL MEETING of the Stockholders in the Citizens Loan Fund and Savings Association, of Bloomington, Indiana, will be held at their usual place of meeting, on Tuesday evening, Feb. 19, 1884, at 7 o'clock p. m. WM. J. ALLEN, President. J. G. McPHEETERS, Jr., Secretary.

NOTICE TO TEACHERS.

TEACHERS having pupils who desire to Graduate, will report Name, Age, and Postoffice Address, to the Office of County Superintendent, at once. J. M. McGEE, Co. Supt. Bloomington, Ind., Feb. 6, 1883.

I HAVE a saw-mill in operation on Salt Creek, and am now sawing large quantities of all kinds of Lumber. Persons who may need Lumber, can get it in any quantity, and on short notice. I wish to hire teams to haul lumber to Bloomington. Apply to D. McPherson.

WIDE AWAKE.—The February

No. of this excellent children's publication opens with a charming little sketch, "How Jacky Went to Church on Easter Sunday," by Mrs. Elizabeth Barnett Hitt. In addition to giving Mrs. Hitt's sketch the place of honor, the publishers have prefaced it with a beautifully printed full-page illustration designed by Mrs. Jessie Curtis Shepherd. It is impossible in a brief notice to give even the full table of contents, and the statement that it comprises about forty articles by well-known caterers to juvenile taste must suffice. D. Lathrop & Co., Boston.

—The I. N. A. C. railway will sell excursion tickets at \$3 from Bloomington to New Orleans and return, account of Mardi Gras, on February 20th to 24th inclusive; return tickets good until March 20th. Tickets will be good going south 5 days after date of sale, and good returning north five days after departure from New Orleans. The route will be via Louisville, Nashville, Montgomery and Mobile.

—Ben. McGee says and he can prove it, that he can sell a suit or overcoat for \$2 less than other clothing stores in the county!—

1st. He pays no rents for business property or for his residence.
2nd. He hires no clerks outside of his own boys.
3rd. His boys are allowed to sell as they please.
4th. He pays cash for his goods, and thereby gets 7 per cent off.
5th. He has plenty of cash to pay, and don't have to make money on ready made clothing.
6th. Because he has eight tailors working for him, and he makes from \$35 to \$50 per week for his labor.
7th. Because he makes from \$3 to \$5 per day by cutting clothing.
8th. Because instead of paying rents he has rents coming in to him from several places of property.
9th. Because cash buys goods for less than check.
10th. Because no other clothing dealer has the cash to discount his bills with.
I have a full stock; look elsewhere first, then come to me and I will prove my assertions. BEN. MCGEE.

CASH buys those full stock men and boys' boots at Blair's. No house in town keeps such a stock. Examine these goods.

WHY will people buy shoddy boots and shoes when for the same money they can get first-class goods at Blair's establishment.

BUTTON SHOES, best in the city, for sale by Blair, the bootist and shoist, at prices ridiculously low, quality considered.

THERE is no use sending to the city for fine shoes, when you can get them at the same prices at W. T. Blair's.

LADIES should examine the nicest stock of boots and shoes in the city at W. T. Blair's.

CUSTOMERS will find at W. T. Blair one of the most gentlemanly clerks in the city.

D. W. WRIGHT's, one of the finest lines of ladies' fine shoes, found at W. T. Blair's.

FOR SALE.—Mrs. A. J. Cherry desires to sell her residence in the northern part of town, or exchange it for a smaller house. She also has for sale, near by, several very desirable building lots. Terms and prices very reasonable.

McPheeters & Shoemaker have one of the largest and best of all Parlor Lamps in the City and at prices that cannot fail to please all.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of a certified copy of a decree, to me directed, from the Clerk's office of the Monroe circuit court, in a cause wherein Benjamin F. Adams, Administrator of the estate of Lewis Shryer, deceased is plaintiff, and James Dowden, et al are defendants, requiring me to make the sum of six hundred and eighty dollars and forty cents (\$680 40) with interest on said decree and costs, I will expose at public sale, to the highest bidder, on

SATURDAY, February 16th, 1884,

between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m. of said day, at the door of the court house of said Monroe county, Indiana, the rents and profits for a term not exceeding seven years, of the following described Real Estate, situate in the county of Monroe and State of Indiana, to-wit:

The southwest quarter of the northwest quarter of section eight (8) town seven (7) north range one west, containing forty acres more or less.

Also, the east side of the northeast quarter of section seven (7) town seven (7) range one (1) west, containing sixty-six and a half acres (66 1/2) more or less, all in Monroe county, Indiana.

If such rents and profits will not sell for a sufficient sum to satisfy said decree, interest and costs, I will at the same time and place expose at public sale the fee simple of said real estate, or so much thereof as may be sufficient to discharge said decree, interest and costs.

Said sale will be made without any relief whatever, from valuation or appraisal laws.

SILAS GRIMES, Sheriff of Monroe co. Louden & Miers, attorneys.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of an execution to me directed, from the Clerk of the Monroe Circuit Court, I will expose at public sale, to the highest bidder, on

SATURDAY, March 8th, 1884,

between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m. of said day, at the door of the court house of Monroe county, the rents and profits for a term not exceeding seven years, the following described real estate, to-wit:

The west half of the southeast quarter. The east half of the southwest quarter. The southeast quarter of the northwest quarter.

The southwest quarter of the northeast quarter. And the southwest quarter of the south west quarter. All in section six (6) town ten (10) range one (1) west, containing 280 acres, more or less, all in Monroe county, Indiana.

And on failure to realize the full amount of judgment, interest and costs, I will at the same time and place expose at public sale the fee simple of said real estate.

Taken as the property of Mary Mitchell, at the suit of Jesse Rannels.

Said sale will be made without any relief whatever from valuation or appraisal laws.

SILAS GRIMES, Sheriff of Monroe county. Louden & Miers, Attorneys.

H. J. NICHOLS, ARCHITECT AND PRACTICAL BUILDER.

Plans and Specifications carefully prepared for dwelling houses and public buildings. Also estimates of buildings completed throughout. All work finished at the time specified.

Bloomington, Ind., March 31, 1884.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of a certified copy of a decree to me directed, from the Clerk's office of the Monroe circuit court, in a cause wherein Benjamin F. Adams is plaintiff and Peter Carmichael, Jr. is defendant, requiring me to make the sum of seven hundred and forty-seven dollars (\$747) with interest on said decree and costs, I will expose at public sale, to the highest bidder, on

Saturday, March 8th, 1884,

between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m. of said day, at the door of the Court house, of Monroe county, Indiana, the rents and profits for a term not exceeding seven years, of the following described real estate, situate in the county of Monroe and State of Indiana, to-wit:

Beginning at the northeast corner of the southeast quarter of section seventeen, thence south seventy-seven rods, thence west one hundred and sixty rods, thence north seventy-seven rods, thence east one hundred and sixty rods to the place of beginning.

Also, commencing at the northwest corner of the southwest quarter of section (18) town, thence east fourteen rods, thence south seventy-seven rods, thence west fourteen rods, to the section line, thence north seventy-seven rods to the place of beginning, containing in all eighty-three (83) acres, more or less, in township number seven, north of range number one west.

If such rents and profits will not sell for a sufficient sum to satisfy said decree, interest and costs, I will at the same time and place expose at public sale the fee simple of said real estate, or so much thereof as may be sufficient to discharge said decree, interest and costs.

Said sale will be made without any relief whatever from valuation or appraisal laws.

SILAS GRIMES, Sheriff of Monroe county. Louden & Miers, Attorneys.

THE CRASH HAS COME!

And Again have we reduced our Prices!

In Order to Save the Stock we Must Raise \$4,000 Quickly.

Consequently, DURING THE NEXT TWO WEEKS, OR TILL FEB. 22D, I will sell every Article in the Store

33 pr Ct.

LOWER

THAN EVER!

YOU OUGHT TO BUY NOW. MOSE KAHN.

2,000,000

SUBSCRIBERS

WANT IT FOR 1884.

The American Agriculturist to-day is better than ever before. We have increased our corps of Editors and Artists, enlarged and added to all our departments, and the Periodical is now the recognized leading Agricultural Journal of the world, presenting in every issue 100 columns of original reading matter from the ablest writers, and nearly 100 original illustrations. It is to the interest of every one whose place of residence, or moving West, has for the time being dropped out of our great army of subscribers, to

COME BACK

and accept of our unparalleled offer of the American Agriculturist, For 1884. A \$4.00 Periodical. A 600-page Dictionary. 1000 Illustrations.

"Foes or Friends?" Morris' 11x18 superb plate engraving. "In the Meadow." Dupre's 12x17 superb plate engraving.

12 pieces of sheet music. In place of the Dictionary.

ALL FOR \$1.70

POST PAID.

ACTIVE CANVASSERS WANTED. Send two 2-cent stamps for a sample copy, and see what a wonderful paper it is now. Address Orange Judd Co. David W. Judd, Pres't. 151 Broadway, New York.

Notice of Insolvency.

In the matter of the estate of Adam Wampler, deceased. In the Monroe Circuit Court. No. Notice is hereby given that upon petition filed in said Court by James B. Bender, Executor of said

estate, setting up insufficiency of the estate of said decedent to pay the debts and liabilities thereof, the Judge of said Court did on the 4th day of February, 1884, find said estate to be probably insolvent, and order the same to be settled accordingly.

The creditors of said estate are therefore hereby notified of such insolvency, and are required to file their claims against said estate for allowance.

Final Report pending to be heard on the 19th day of February Term, 1884, of Monroe Circuit Court.

Witness, The Clerk and Seal of said court, at Bloomington, Indiana, this 4th day of February, 1884. JAMES B. BENDELL, Executor. Mulky & Pittman, Attorneys.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY virtue of an execution to me directed, from the Clerk of the Monroe circuit court, I will expose at public sale, to the highest bidder, on

Saturday, March 1st, 1884,

between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m. of said day, at the door of the court house of Monroe county, Indiana, the rents and profits for a term not exceeding seven years of the following described real estate, situate in the county of Monroe and State of Indiana, to-wit:

The west half of the southwest quarter of section one (1).

The east half of the southeast quarter of section two (2).

Part of the northwest quarter of the northwest quarter of section twelve (12) containing thirty (30) acres more or less.

And the south half of the northeast quarter of section twelve (12).

The north part of the northeast quarter of section eleven (11) containing thirty (30) acres more or less. All in township 10 north range two west containing in all 440 acres more or less. Situate in Monroe county, Ind.

Taken as the property of William J. Sparks, at the suit of William J. McPhetridge, for the use of Samuel F. Louden, Assignee.

Said sale will be made without any relief whatever from valuation or appraisal laws.

SILAS GRIMES, Sheriff of Monroe county. Fullerton & Richards, Attorneys.

How Watch Cases are Made.