## I. Milt. Rogers,

## HORSE CLOTHIER And General Trader.

I HAVE REMOVED TO THE

## Progress Block,

Northwest corner of the Public Square, one door north of Wilson's Grocery store. I expect to sell everything in the Harness and Saddlery line, at low down prices.

My work is made by the best of workmen, and bear is in mind, don't forget it, that all Saddles made in my shop, are made by Ed. Batterton, who cannot be excelled for good, honest, strong work—Spring Seats especially.

I will put Tom Collins against the world, on Harness, and general work in the shop. Making and Repairing done to order. Also, remember, any one wanting FRUIT TREES or wishing me to attend to any real estate trade, or rent, will find me at the Harness and Saddle Shop.

Give me a call and I will give you a bargain, or make some one else do it.

I. MILT. ROGERS.

Bloomington, Ind., Nov.29,1882.

## Blacksmith Shop WAGON BUILDING WORKS, And General Repair SHOP.

### West of Leffler's Mill.

We make a specialty of

## HORSESHOEING.

A large and convenient Wagon Yard is attached to the Shops, with a plentiful supply of good stock water.

Wagons and Buggies carefully repaired or built of the best materials.

Examine our Premium Wagons.

jn13-81 GILMORE BROTHERS.


**Notice to Non-Residents.**

State of Indiana, Monroe county, ss.

In the circuit court, Sept. term, 1883.

Complaint No. 429.

Calvin Young and David S. Crafton vs. Mary C. Been.

Now come the Plaintiffs by Rogers & Henley, their Attorneys, and file their complaint herein, together with an affidavit that said defendant, Mary C. Been, is not a resident of the State of Indiana.

Notice is therefore hereby given said defendant that unless she be and appear on the 1st day of next term of the Monroe Circuit Court, to be holden on the first Monday of September, A.D., 1883, at the Court House in the City of Bloomington, in said county and State, and answer or demur to said complaint, the same will be heard and determined in her absence.

Witness my name and the seal of said court affixed at Bloomington, this 5th day of July, A.D. 1883.

[SEAL] D. W. BROWNING,

July 11-83. Clerk Monroe C. C.

Rogers & Henley, Attorneys.


## LIVERY and SALE STABLE.

North Side Public Square, Bloomington.

THE undersigned take pleasure in calling attention to the fact that they have **The Latest Styles of Buggies** and Carriages, and good, steady horses for single and double driving. We are prepared to furnish Carriages for Weddings, Funerals and Parties, and swift teams for Commercial Travelers. Farmers' horses fed cheaply. WORLEY & MAY.


**Notice to Non-Resident.**

State of Indiana, Monroe county, ss:

In the Circuit Court, Sept. Term, 1883.

Complaint No. 445.

Sarah B. Coffey vs. Samuel A. Smith and William W. Harrold.

Now comes the plaintiff by Rogers & Henley, her attorneys, and files his complaint herein, on a Note, together with an affidavit that said defendant, Samuel A. Smith, is not a resident of the State of Indiana.

Notice is therefore hereby given said defendant that unless he be and appear on the first day of the next term of the Monroe Circuit Court, to be holden on the 1st Monday of September, A.D., 1883, at the Court House in Bloomington, in said county and State, and answer or demur to said complaint, the same will be heard and determined in his absence.

Witness, my name and the seal of said court, affixed at Bloomington, this 2d day of July, A.D. 1883.

[SEAL] D. W. BROWNING,

jul4-83 Clerk Monroe Circuit Court.


WM. M. TATE. LON. D. ROGERS.

TATE & ROGERS.

Headquarters for

## Life, Fire, Tornado AND Cyclone Insurance.

If you are not insured you ought to be. Please call and see us, get our terms and secure a Fire, Thunder Lightning, Cyclone and Tornado Policy, before it is everlastingly too late.

Office, up-stairs, in Fee's Building. One or both of us will be found in the office during all business hours.

Bloomington, Ind., June 27, '83-3m.


**Notice to Non-Residents.**

In the Circuit Court, September term, 1883.

Joseph D. Handy, Administrator of the Estate of John L. Shirley, dec. Vs. Lucretia H. Shirley, Homer G. Shirly, Cora B. Shirley, et al.

Now comes the Plaintiff by Friedley, Pearson & Friedley, Attorneys, and files his complaint herein, together with an affidavit that said defendants Cora B. Shirley, Paris Shirley, Homer G. Shirley and Eliza J. Alexander are not residents of the State of Indiana. Also that the residence of Lenora K. Rosenerans is unknown. Said parties are severally hereby notified that the above named petitioner, as Administrator of the estate aforesaid, has filed in the Circuit Court of Monroe county, Indiana, a petition, making them defendants thereto, and praying therein for an order and decree of said Court, authorizing the sale of certain Real Estate belonging to the estate of said decedent, and in said petition described, to make assets for the payment of the debts and liabilities of said estate; and that said petition, so filed and pending, is set for hearing in said Circuit Court, at the Court House, in Bloomington, Indiana, on the 1st judicial day of the Sept. Term, 1883, of said court, the same being the 3rd day of Sept., 1883.

Witness, the Clerk and seal of said court, this 9th day of July, 1883.

[SEAL] D. W. BROWNING, Clerk.

July 11 83

Friedley, Pearson & Friedley, Attys.

**ESTATE OF FRANCIS McKINLEY Jr., DECEASED.**

In the Monroe Circuit Court, in the State of Indiana.

All creditors, heirs and legatees of said estate are hereby notified that Jane S. McKinley, Executor of the will of said decedent has filed her account and vouchers in final settlement of said estate, and that the same will come up for examination and approval on the 6th day of Sept. 1883, the same being the 4th judicial day of the September term, 1883 of said court, at which time said creditors, heirs and legatees are required to appear in said court, in the court House in the city of Bloomington, and show cause, if any there be, why said account should not be approved.

Witness my name this 13th day of August, 1883.

JANE S. McKINLEY, Executor.

Aug. 13-83. Louden & Miers, atty's.


# Republican Progress

*Printed each Tuesday Morning, by* WILLIAM A. GARE, Editor and Publisher.


### News Items Solicited.

*—The date on the label, on which your name is printed, shows the time to which your subscription is paid. The list is revised every week and subscribers should notice the date, and see that they have the proper credit, and also that they are not in arrears.*

—Chicago declines to do without Sunday evening dramatic entertainment. McVicker, the father-in-law of Edwin Booth, set the example of keeping his theatre closed on Sundays, but has given up the effort on finding that public opinion was against him.

—Four sisters are described as sleeping in one small room at a fashionable resort, and without complaint of overcrowding; but they have to go outside to simultaneously put on their hats, as the area of wide-brimmed millinery exceeds that of the apartment.

—Capt. A. Larco reports the discovery, a short distance from San Miguel Island, in the Pacific Ocean, of a rock with a surface of about three acres. The sides are precipitous, and inaccessible except in calm weather. The surface was covered with eggs, principally those of the sea-gulls, shagga and salt water ducks. He says it was difficult to walk without treading upon the eggs. He brought away several bushels.

—Circuses have been the scenes of many disasters this year. At the west one or two have been wrecked by cyclones; in Europe one fell a prey to flames, with great loss of life. It is fortunate that the circus tent which took fire at Portsmouth, Va., the other night, when a gale knocked down the pole, was extinguished by torrents of rain. Scores of spectators were badly hurt in escaping, as on one side they stumbled into a ditch.

NEW POSTAGE RATES.—On and after October 1st, 1883, letter postage will be uniform at 2 cents for postage to any part of the United States. On and after July 1, 1883, money orders for $5 and under may be received for three cents. The order will be payable to bearer, and will be good for three months from date of issue; after that time the holder can get par value only by applying to the department at Washington. On the same date the rate of money orders on all sums will be changed, and not exceeding $10 procurable for eight cents, and from that to $100, the rate increasing up to 45 cents.

NINE HUSBANDS.—Mrs. Dyer, of Cleveland, Ohio, aged 60 years, has had nine husbands in thirty-five years, being an average of one in less than every four years. Her first two were canal boatmen and were speedily drowned while on duty; her third was a cooper, who made barrels only two months after the wedding day and departed; the fourth, however, got a better grip and lasted nine years, being quickly followed by the fifth, and then the sixth, who shook with the ague four years and dropped off; the seventh was the brother of the second husband; the eighth another canal man who shortly after slipped into a watery grave, leaving her his canal boat, which she sold and with the proceeds had the portraits of all her husbands painted at one fell swoop by one artist. Her ninth, and latest, Dyer, is not so popular as her previous husbands, "but," said she, "I was gettin' too old to be particular and I took him." "He dosen't appear to be in good health," ventured to say the reporter of the Cleveland *Herald*, who called on her as a natural curiosity. "No, George ain't overly stout, and I reckon his picter'll soon go along with the rest of'em," replied Mrs. Dyer.

—Bad luck made a Boston man wish to die, but he was a firm believer in the Bible, and was aware of its mandate against suicide. He had heard it preached, too, that a death-bed repentance was sufficient to insure salvation. He made a careful study of the doctrine, consulted several clergyman (though without disclosing to them what he had in contemplation), and at length settled it in his own mind that the sinner who repented at the last moment was as sure of heaven as any one who lived sanctified for years. Having settled that point to his own satisfaction, he sought a means of suicide which, while certain to kill, would leave him conscious long enough to make his peace with heaven. So he swallowed a deadly poison, and was taken to a hospital to die. "There he repented," says the narrator, "and he gave every indication that his contrition was sincere."

—One person is successful, and becomes famous, but in pursuit of his ambition how many does he trample upon who sink by the wayside and are forgotten? For example, Miss Maggie Knoll of Erie, Pennsylvania, is an accomplished performer on the cornet, having begun to study the instrument with the hope of curing herself of convulsions. She practiced night and day until she became perfect, and is now cured and famous; but the number of innocent people who suffer from her former afflictions, as the result of her method of regaining her health, will never be known. This is the way the world goes.

—The Rev. John Jasper is so popular in Richmond that when a stranger inquires the way to his church the directions are to take a car to a certain corner and then follow the crowd. Dr. Ludlow describes him as one of a very few of the old time colored preachers left in the South. "As such, he is an historical study. But he is of still greater interest as showing the capabilities of the negro mind. If such forceful oratory, such power to sway men of his caste, be compatible with utter ignorance, what might not Jasper have become had he been educated in the forms of truth and trained in the arts of expression?" These impressions were given by a sermon on Jasper's favorite belief, that "de sun do move." A rival preacher had ridiculed his arguments on that subject, and the discourse closed with this challenge: "I dar' de Reberend Wells to link arms wid me, an' we'll go up to de judgment seat ob de Lor', an' say: 'Lor'! you jus' 'cide 'twixt us.' An' if I'se wrong de good Lor' He say: 'John, you hab made a mistake.' An' if dat udder clergyman is wrong, de Lor' say to 'im: 'Dick Wells, you 'bominable liar! go down thar to yar own place!'"

—London papers say that "the secretary of the Royal Botanic Society recently tried the novel experiment of planting sea weeds in ordinary earth. It would naturally be supposed that these 'flowers of the ocean' would not flourish away from their native element; but this is not the case, most of the specimens planted having grown admirably in soil which is constantly kept in a moist condition." The result is both curious and suggestive, and worthy of trial this side of the ocean.

### Rev. William Turner.

Rev. William Turner was born in Generostee, Pendleton district, South Carolina, on the 25th of August, 1806. He graduated at Miami University, at Oxford, Ohio, in October, 1832, and was licensed to preach in 1835. In the fall of that year he received a call to the Pastorate of the Associate Reformed (now United Presbyterian) congeagation of Bloomington, and was ordained and installed the next spring, on the 16th of June, 1836.

Mr. Turner came to the congregation when it was weak and poor; and by his zeal, energy and faithfulness succeeded in building up a large and influential congregation. He preached to the same congregation for 33 years, it being the first and last charge.

That he was a man of more than ordinary strength of character is shown by the fact that he held his place in the affections of his congregation all that time. That he built up a large congregation and held it together without feud or division, and that while he did this he received only a small salary and raised and educated a large family, supplementing his surpport by carrying on a farm and nursery. It requires a rare talent to preach every Sabbath, visit and keep the oversight of a congregation and at the same time manage a large establishment besides.

Mr. Turner was a friend of education and was at one time a member of the Board of College Trustees and of the City School Board. He was an anti-Slavery man and took an active part in politics; and when he was compelled by infirmity, especially disease in his eyes, he gave up preaching, but still attended church regularly, taught in the Sunday school and was interested in the prosperity of the church. He was at church and in his accustomed place in the Sabbath school on Sabbath, August 5th, and on Monday, August 6th he walked into town from his home a distance of one and a half miles to attend to some business. While on the street he became faint, sick, and went to the office of his son-in-law, Dr. Weir. There he sat down on a chair, took some medicine which did not appear to revive him, and in a few minutes he laid his head down on the back of the chair and peacefully breathed his life away. He leaves a wife and six daughters to mourn his loss.

The funeral services were held in the United Presbyterian Church. Dr. T. A. Wylie and Prof. E. Ballentine, who were contemporary pastors with Mr. Turner, each spoke of his work in Bloomington, and the present pastor, Rev. W. P. McNary made a short address, in which he applied to him the words of Paul: "I have fought a good fight, I have finished my course, I have kept the faith, henceforth there is laid up for me a crown of righteousness which the Lord, the righteous Judge, shall give me on that day." The pulpit and the seat of the old pastor were draped in mourning and the large audience gave evidence that his memory is revered in this community.

W. P. M.

—Gen. Grant says that General Ord left his family in destitute circumstances. Why an officer drawing a salary of over $7,000 a year, with nearly all his personal expenses paid, for the past twenty years, should leave his family destitute, is past comprehension.

—The London Lancet tells how to cure a bone felon. As soon as it is felt put directly over the spot a fly blister the size of your thumb nail. Let it remain for six hours, at the expiration of which time directly under the surface of the blister may be seen the felon, which can instantly be taken out with the point of a needle.

### Selecting a Horse.

The *Turf, Field, and Farm*, than which there is no better authority on the subject, says that "in buying a horse, first look at his head and eyes for signs of intelligence, temper, courage and honesty. Unless a horse has brains, you cannot teach him to do anything well. If bad qualities predominate in a horse, education only serves to enlarge and intensify them. The head is an indicator of disposition. A square muzzle, with large nostrils, evidences an ample breathing apparatus and lung power. Next, see that he is well under the jowl, with jaw bones broad and wide apart under the throttle. Breadth and fullness between the ears and eyes are always desirable. The eyes should be full and hazel in color, ears small and thin, and thrown well forward. The horse that turns his ears back every now and then is not to be trusted. He is either a biter or a kicker, and is sure to be vicious in other respects, and, being naturally vicious, can never be trained to do anything, and so a horse with a rounding nose, tapering forehead, and a broad, full face below the eyes is always treacherous and not to be depended on. Avoid the long-legged, stilted animal—always choosing one with a short, straight back and rump, withers high and shoulders sloping, well-set back, and with good depth of chest, fore legs short, hind legs straight, with law down hock, short pastern joints, and a round, mulish-shaped foot."

POCKET BOOK LOST.—By S. M. Orchard, on Old Settler's Day, at Gosport, a small Pocket Book containing several notes, accounts and papers. The finder will be liberally rewarded if he will send them to the old settler at Bloomington.

S. M. ORCHARD.

—Eld. J. M. Mathes writes from Bedford to the Spencer *Democrat*, as follows, with reference to Pioneer Days:

I was married March 5, 1828, and the very first work I did after getting married was to cut and split 1,000 rails for old Grandmother Dittemore, which I did in one week, walking from our home, a mile away, and taking my dinner with me. And I made the rails right in the center of the city of Gosport! and this was, perhaps, the first work done to improve the town. And the price I received was the princely sum of 33⅓ cents per hundred or $3 for the job. And I invested this $3 with old Mrs. Owens, of Bloomington, for sugar kettles, and I and my wife made more than 300 lbs of maple sugar the next sugar-making season, a part of which we exchanged for coffee at Mrs. Owens', in Bloomington, the coffee costing us 50 cts per pound, and our Sugar was 12½ cents.

I might relate a thousand incidents and reminiscences of those early days, but I forbear.

J. M. MATHES.

Bedford, Ind., Aug. 3, 1883.

### A Puzzle in the Wheat Fields.

Indiana Farmer.

A friend has called our attention to the singular fact that in many fields of wheat, he examined during harvest, the stalks around the borders, on all sides, were much taller and ranker and the head, much larger than in the center of the fields. The rank growth extended sometimes for two or three rods in width, but was about the same on each side. It is not unusual to find such strips of rank growth on one side of a field next to a sheltering belt of timber, or along a fence that acted as a wind break, or held the snow banks till late in the spring; but the phenomenon referred to by our friend is much less common, and we invite an expression of opinion upon it by any who have made it a study.

—Miss S. E. J.—I have been thinking of attending the next examination for teacher's license. I have never yet applied for license, and I would ask for information. I was in a town the other day and overheard two young lady teachers' conversation on very common topics, and their pronunciation was so different from that which I had been taught that I was very much discouraged and almost abandoned my intention of attempting to pass an examination. Their conversation was about like this:

1st Teacher—"I paid thuty cents a yahd foh this dress. Goods ah so deah now."

2d Teacher—"Oh, they ah, I'hm suah. This buttah cost a quawtah of a dollah a pound," etc.

Now I want to ask you if such is the pronunciation required of teachers, and if it is correct.

Ans.—"Oh, no; not at all. It is mere affectation, and would make any dead orthœpist turn over in his coffin, and the hair to stand on end on the bald head of any educated American. Pronounce your words honestly as they are spelled and shun the Africanized torture of the King's English as you would small pox or yellow fever. It is incorrect, ungraceful, unpleasant in the highest degree. Think of Noah Webster saying, "this buttah cost a quawth of a dollah a pound!" His friends would have harnessed him up and sent him to an insane asylum at once.—*Ex.*

—To prevent mould on the top of glasses of jelly lay a lump of paraffine on the top of the hot jelly, letting it melt and spread over it. No brandy paper and no other covering is necessary. If preferred, the paraffine can be melted and poured over after the jelly is cold.

—Hartford insurance clerks took to guessing how many dollar bills were required to weigh as much as a $20 gold piece. It seems the lowest guess was 350 and the highest 1,000, while the real number was 34.

—Sixteen years ago George T. Reynolds, a stock raiser at Griffin, Texas, was wounded in a skirmish with Indians, an arrow entering the abdomen and passing through the abdominal cavity. Such a wound is almost invariably fatal; but he pulled the shaft of the arrow out, and although the head broke off and remained in the body, he astonished everybody by recovering within ten days. A few days ago he felt pain in the back, near the spine, and a surgical operation brought to the surface the steel arrow head that had taken sixteen years to work its way through his body.

—From "Island Park" comes the following report as to a paper read by one of our own citizens:

On Saturday morning, Prof. Amzi Atwater, of the State University, read a paper entitled "What Should the Sunday-school do for the Home?" The Professor took the ground that the "doing" works in the opposite direction—the home was to work for the Sunday-school. The Sunday-school, he contended, should impress the lesson of punctuality, industry, cleanliness, politeness, justness, patience and kindness, and send them, through the young people, into all the homes there represented, and thus send back to the family grace, courtesy, Christian refinement, a spirit of reverence for age, of love and obedience to parents, of sympathy with the suffering, and of charity for all. A lack in some homes, which the Sunday-school may in part supply, is a want of sympathy between parents and children. It is a strange, yet true thing, that many parents are not acquainted with their children. Especially do boys drift away from their fathers. The boy will often form a kind of alliance, offensive and defensive, with a neighbor's son, and lay plans and plots innumerable, quite oblivious of the fact that father and mother are his natural confidants and friends, and that if need be he should forsake all others in order to cleave to them. Who has not observed this and thought of it as a lamentable evil that they should sever connections with their God-given leaders and guides? Out of such a state of things come intemperance, profligacy, etc.

—A. B. Philputt, pastor of the Bloomington church, submitted to a paper on "The influence of the Sunday-school on Society—local and general," in which he deplored the fact that the status of family life to-day has some features not altogether encouraging; that the father and mother do not seem to occupy the place they did a few generations ago in the affections of their children; that the penalties of the law, as well as the sting of public censure, are far more easily eluded now than then; that the children go out from home to do for themselves at a much younger age than they used to.

**SHERIFF'S SALE.**

By virtue of an executirn to me directed, from the Clerk of the Monroe Circuit Court, I will expose at public sale to the highest bidder, on

SATURDAY, September 8th, 1883,

between the hours of 10 o'clock A. M. and 4 o'clock P. M. of said day, at the door of the Court House of Monroe county, the rents and profits for a term not exceeding seven years, of the following described Real Estate, in Monroe county, in the State of Indiana, to-wit:

The northwest quarter of section two(2) township nine(9) range two(2) west, containing one hundred and sixty (160) acres more or less, situate in Monroe county, Indiana.

And on failure to realize the full amount of judgment, interest and costs, I will at the same time and place expose at public sale the fee-simple of said real estate.

Taken as the property of Charles Moore, at the suit of David E. Beem, et al.

Said sale will be made without any relief whatever from valuation and appraisement laws.

SILAS GRIMES,

au16-83 Sheriff of Monroe county.

David E. Beem, atty for plaintiff.

**Notice to Non-Residents.**

State of Indiana, Monroe co.

In the circuit court, Sept. term, 1883.

Complaint No. 444.

David P. Burton Administrator of estate of Betsy A. Gentry etal.

To James W. Gentry, Lemuel Gentry, Tilghman H. Gentry, Paris H. Gentry, John W. Smith, Mary Campbell, Sallie Martin, Eliza Furguson, Julia E. Ware, Milton H. Gentry, Eliza T. Furguson, Henry Ware, William H. Martin, and James W. Alexander. You are severally hereby notified that the above named petitioner as Administrator of the estate aforesaid, has filed in the Circuit Court of Monroe county, Indiana, a petition, asking for partition and sale, making you defendants thereto, and praying therein for an order and decree of said Court, authorizing the sale of certain Real Estate belonging to the estate of said decedent, and in said petition described, to make assets for the payment of the debts and liabilities of said estate; and that said petition, so filed and pending, is set for hearing in said Circuit Court, at the Court House in Bloomington Indiana, on the 2nd judicial day of the September term, 1883, of said court, the same being the 4th day of September, 1883.

Witness, the Clerk and seal of said Court, this 2nd day of July, 1883.

[SEAL] D. W. BROWNING, Clerk Monroe Circuit Court.

Mulky & Pittman, Atty's. July 4

**SHERIFF'S SALE.**

By virtue of two certified copies of decrees, to me directed, from the Clerk's office of the Monroe Circuit Court, one in which Asher Labertew, for the use and benefit of Levi Edmondson is plaintiff, and John A. Bower, Drusilla D. Bower, Wallace Hight and Emily Hight, are defendants, requiring me to make the sum of twelve hundred and fifty-seven dollars and nineteen cents [$1,257 19] with interest and costs, and the other one in a cause wherein Emily Hight is plaintiff, and John A. Bower and Drusilla D. Bower are defendants, requiring me to make the sum of $1,608 08, with interest and costs, [proceeds of said sale to be applied first to the payment of judgment, interest and costs of first mentioned decree; if any excess, will be applied on last mentioned decree] I will expose at public sale to the highest bidder, on

SATURDAY, September 1st, 1883,

between the hours of 10 o'clock A. M. and 4 o'clock P. M. of said day, at the door of the court house of said Monroe county, Indiana, the rents and profits for a term not exceeding seven years, of the following described Real Estate, situate in the county of Monroe and State of Indiana, to-wit:

A part of the west half of the northwest, quarter of section thirty-three[33] town[9] nine, north range one [1] west. Beginning at the southeast corner of a lot of [5] five acres, more or less, heretofore sold and conveyed by Asher Labertow and Elizabeth Labertew, his wife, to Dr. Thomas P. Lucas, and running thence north, magnetic, 5 deg. 35 min. west with said Lucas' line, thirty-one poles and five links, thence north 85 deg. east, fifteen poles and sixteen and one-half links, thence south five degrees, thirty-five minutes, east thirty-one poles and five links, thence south 85 degrees west, fifteen poles and sixteen and one-half links, to the place of beginning, containing three acres and eight square poles, more or less, situated in Monroe county and State of Indiana.

If such rents and profits will not sell for a sufficient sum to satisfy said decree interest and costs, I will at the same time and place expose at public sale the fee simple of said real estate, or so much thereof as may be sufficient to discharge said decree, interest and costs.

Said sale will be made without any relief whatever, from valuation or appraisement laws.

SILAS GRIMES,

aug1 1883. Sheriff of Monroe co.

Louden & Miers, Attorneys.


## BLOOMINGTON BAR.

BUSKIRK & DUNCAN, Attorneys, Office in the National Bank corner, up-stairs. Will practice in all courts of the State. Special attention given to Probate business, and to collection and prompt remittance of all claims.

LOUDEN & MIERS, Attorneys. Office over First National Bank. All business of a legal nature given careful attention in all courts. Real estate Titles carefully examined by aid of Louden's Abstract. A specialty made of the collection and remittance of claims of all kinds.

FRIEDLEY, PEARSON & FRIEDLEY, Attorneys, Office in Bee Hive Block. Settlement of estates a specialty. Collections promptly remitted. Capt. G. W. Friedley or Judge Pearson will be in attendance at each term of circuit court.

MULKY & PITMAN, Attorneys, will practice in the various courts. Especial attention given to collections, and to probate business. Office, Fee's corner, oppos the Progress Office.

ROGERS & HENLEY, Attorneys and Collectors. Office in Mayor's Office building. Special attention given to settling decedents' estates, and to all kinds of probate business. Also, abstracting.

EAST & EAST, Attorneys, at Law, Bloomington, Ind. Office, in Waldron's Block, north side square. Probate business and collections given prompt attention. Will practice in courts of all adjoining counties. Business solicited.

MORGAN & WALLINGFORD, Attys. Office, Bee Hive Block, up-stairs. To the probate and collection business the firm will give special and particular attention. Business attended to in courts of surrounding counties.

WILLIAMS & MILLEN Attorneys, Office five doors south of Hunter's corner, up-stairs. Do a general collection and probate business. Will practice in courts of adjoining counties.


**Notice to Non-Residents.**

In the Circuit Court, Sept. Term, 1883.

Mary Easley vs. George Easley. Divorce. Complaint No. 435.

Now comes the plaintiff by East & East, her attorneys, and files her complaint herein for a divorce, together with an affidavit that said defendant, George Easley, is not a resident of the State of Indiana.

Notice is therefore hereby given said defendant that unless he be and appear on the 6th day of the next Term of the Monroe Circuit Court, to be holden on the first Monday of September, A.D. 1883, at the Court House in Bloomington, in said County and State, and answer or demur to said complaint, the same will be heard and determined in his absence.

Witness my name and the seal of said court, affixed at Bloomington, this 27th day of June, A. D. 1883.

[SEAL] D. W. BROWNING, Clerk.


## Wall Paper, WINDOW SHADES And Fixtures.

THE PROPRIETOR of the CITY BOOK STORE, takes pleasure in announcing to his old patrons, and the public generally, that he will open in a few days

In the Willson Room, opposite the Old Orchard Block,

A Large and Splendid Assortment of Wall Paper, Window Shades and Fixtures, which he will offer at prices that

**Cannot Fail**

to please.

Among the Wall Papers will be found many of the latest and most fashionable styles. In the department of

**Window Fixtures**

will be found beautiful styles of SHADE GOODS, Also WINDOW CURTAINS, in large variety, including beautiful DADOS AND TAPESTRIES.

A lot of Wall Paper, injured by the fire, will be sold at a large reduction below the usual prices.

Ladies will consult their interests by not purchasing until they inspect my stock.

E. P. COLE.

Bloomington, Ind., March 21, 1883.

## Resident Dentist.

Dr. J. W. CRAIN.

Office in the Greeves corner, up-stairs. All work warranted.


**Notice of Survey.**

Notice is hereby given to all non-residents, and all others interested, that I will proceed, together with the County Surveyor of Monroe county, Ind., or his Deputy, on Thursday, the 9th day of August, 1883, to run and establish the line and corners necessary to be established on the section line dividing Sections 18 & 19, Town 9, North of Range one west, commencing at the southeast corner of Section 18 T 9, R. 1 w. at 10 o'clock A.M., on said day. All parties interested are requested to be present at said time and place, else the survey will proceed in their absence.

BEN. I. OWENS.

July 18, 1883.

**Notice to Non-Residents.**

State of Indiana, Monroe county, ss:

In the Monroe Circuit Court, September Term, 1883.

Complaint for the construction of the will of William W. Roddy deceased.

Complaint No. 411.

William B. Roddy, vs., Phreborn G. Pauley, Executor of the Estate of W. W. Roddy, The Board of Home Missions of the United Presbyterian Church of North America, and the American Bible Society.

Now comes the Plaintiff by East & East his attorneys and files his complaint herein, together with an affidavit that said defendants, The Board of Home Missions of the United Presbyterian Church of North America, and the American Bible Society are not residents of the State of Indiana.

Notice is therefore hereby given said defendants that unless they be and appear on the first day of the next term of Monroe Circuit Court, to be holden on the first Monday of September A. D. 1883, at the Court House in Bloomington, in said County and State, and answer or demur to said complaint, the same will be heard and determined in their absence.

Witness my name and the seal of said Court, affixed at Bloomington, this 26th day of June, A. D. 1883.

[SEAL] D. W. BROWNING, Clerk Monroe C. C.

July 4-83

East & East att'y's.

**ESTATE OF JAMES HANSON, DECEASED.**

In the Monroe Circuit Court, in the State of Indiana. No.

All creditors, heirs, and legatees of said estate are hereby notified that James F. Morgan, adm'r de bonis non of said estate has filed his account and vouchers in final settlement of said estate, and that the same will come up for examination and approval on the 5th day of Sept., 1883, the same being the first judicial day of the Sept. Term, 1883, of said court, at which time said creditors, heirs and legatees are required to appear in said court in the City of Bloomington, and show cause, if any there be, why said account should not be approved.

Witness, my name as Administrator, the 3d day of August, 1883.

JAMES F. MORGAN, Adm'r.


(Continued from last week.)

*How Watch Cases are Made.*

A plate of SOLID GOLD 14 2-10 karats fine is soldered on each side of a plate of hard nickel composition metal, and the three are then passed between polished steel rollers. From this plate the various parts of the case—backs, centers, bezels, etc. are cut and shaped by dies and formers. The gold is thick enough to admit of all kinds of chasing, engraving, and engine-turning. The composition metal gives it needed *strength, stiffness and solidity*, while the *written* guarantee of the manufacturers *warranting* each case to wear *twenty years* proves that it contains *all* the gold that can possibly be needed. This guarantee is given from *actual results*, as many of these cases have been worn perfectly smooth by years of use without wearing through the gold.

Dowagiac, Mich., Feb. 14, 1883.

I have used one of your 14 karat gold filled watches for seven years. I bought it second hand, and have of its history but little to tell. It has been carried by a hard working man, who did not know how long he would keep it, and who did not know how long he would have to work to pay for it. It has been jolted and jarred by the hammer, and has been exposed to all the changes of climate from Dakota to Dakota. It has been used as a time-keeper by a railroad man, and has been subjected to the jolting and jarring of a locomotive and train of cars. It has been used in the harvest field, and has been dropped and lost in the stubble, and was picked up and carried home by the finder, who did not know it was lost. It has been used by a miller, and has been dropped into the mill, and was picked out and carried home by the miller, who did not know it was lost. It has been used by a miner, and has been lost in the mine, and was found and carried home by the miner, who did not know it was lost. It has been used by a sailor, and has been lost on the ocean, and was picked up by a passing ship and carried home by the sailor, who did not know it was lost. It has been used by a farmer, and has been lost in the field, and was picked up and carried home by the farmer, who did not know it was lost. It has been used by a lumberman, and has been lost in the woods, and was picked up and carried home by the lumberman, who did not know it was lost. It has been used by a miner, and has been lost in the mine, and was found and carried home by the miner, who did not know it was lost. It has been used by a sailor, and has been lost on the ocean, and was picked up by a passing ship and carried home by the sailor, who did not know it was lost. It has been used by a farmer, and has been lost in the field, and was picked up and carried home by the farmer, who did not know it was lost. It has been used by a lumberman, and has been lost in the woods, and was picked up and carried home by the lumberman, who did not know it was lost.

O. BOWMAN.

# BURNED OUT

## BUT NOT DISHEARTENED.

## A Lot of Goods Were "On The Road" When the BIG FIRE OCCURRED,

## Wall Papers, Window Curtains and Fixtures, Paints, Oils, &c., and I have

Them For Sale at Stuart & McPheeters' Hardware Store. These goods Have To Be Paid for, and I MUST sell them.

J. W. SHOEMAKER.

# Come and See the CHAMPION.

## Stuart & McPheeters,

North Side of the Square, East of Postoffice.

BLOOMINGTON, IND.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

## Builders's and Blacksmiths's HARDWARE.

County Headquarters for

## Pine and Poplar Shingles and Lath

DOORS, SASH, BLINDS, GLASS, MOULDINGS, LOCKS, HINGES, NAILS AND SCREWS.

## The Early Breakfast COOKING STOVE

AND THE GRAND OLIVER CHILLED PLOW Are Among Our Specialties.

# A NEW DRUG STORE!

PETER BOWMAN has purchased the Drug Store on the West Side of the Square, North of the alley, AND HAS ADDED FRESH NEW GOODS, Cigars, Tobacco, Perfumery, Fancy Goods, and Pure Wines and Liquors For medical purposes. An experienced druggist in attendance.

# BONE MANURE,

—Manufactured by the—

NORTHWESTERN FERTILIZING COMPANY.

When applied at seeding time, at the rate of 200 lbs. per acre, will increase the yield of

## WINTER WHEAT

8 to 10 bushels per acre, and in every instance where these manures were used in Indiana and Illinois last year, the crop is above an average. They increase the yield of Wheat and grass. Thousands of tons are being used in Illinois and Indiana for wheat seeding, because the farmers cannot grow Wheat successfully without them. Try them. Write for Circular.

NORTHWESTERN FERTILIZING COMPANY,

Union Stock Yards, CHICAGO, ILL.


**ESTATE OF MATHEW P. HARBISON, DECEASED.**

In the Monroe Circuit Court, in the State of Indiana.

All creditors, heirs and legatees of said estate are hereby notified that William Wylie and Isaac M. Rogers, admrs. of said estate have filed their accounts and vouchers in final settlement of said estate, and that the same will come up for examination and approval on the 6th day of September, 1883, the same being the 4th judicial day of the Sept. term, 1883 of said court, at which time said creditors, heirs and legatees are required to appear in said court, in the court house in the city of Bloomington, and show cause, if any there be, why said account should not be approved.

Witness our names, this 11th day of August, 1883.

WILLIAM WYLIE AND ISAAC M. ROGERS, Administrators.


## H. J. NICHOLS,

ARCHITECT AND PRACTICAL BUILDER.

Plans and Specifications carefully prepared for dwelling houses and public building. Also estimates of buildings completed throughout. All work finished at the time specified.

Bloomington, Ind., March 31, 1880.

**Notice of Application for Tavern License.**

NOTICE is hereby given to the citizens of the City of Bloomington, in the first ward of said city, and Bloomington township, in Monroe county, Indiana, that John M. VanDeventer, a resident and inhabitant of the said first ward of said city and township, county and State aforesaid, over the age of twenty-one years, has filed his petition in the office of the Board of Commissioners of said county of Monroe, praying said Board at the September Term, 1883, thereof, for a license for one year to sell spirituous, vinous and malt liquors, to-wit, spirituous liquors, in a less quantity than one pint at a time, with the privilege of allowing the same to be drunk on the premises where sold. The precise location of the premises in which he desires to sell said spirituous, vinous and malt liquors, under said license, is as follows, to-wit:

Parts of Lots 129 and 130, in the City of Bloomington, bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Beginning 56 feet south of the northeast corner of said Lot 130, thence west 66 feet, thence north 20 feet, thence west 16 feet, thence south 20 feet, thence east 82 feet, thence north 56 feet to the place of beginning, in said City of Bloomington, and in the first ward thereof, in said Bloomington township, in said county of Monroe and State of Indiana.

aug. 1, 1883. JOHN M. VANDEVENTER.

**A FAVORITE HOTEL** is the Orchard House, situated opposite the Court House. The house is large, conveniently arranged, and the rooms are comfortably furnished. Good beds, a well supplied table, and all any one might desire, can be had at this house. Well arranged sample rooms have been fitted up in the Orchard House, and commercial travelers will find this a pleasant and good house at which to stop. Special rates supplied to persons at reasonable figures. Orchard & Son are the proprietors.