

BLOOMINGTON BAR.

BUSKIRK & DUNCAN, Attorneys, Office in the National Bank corner, upstairs. Will practice in all courts of the State. Special attention given to probate business, and to collection and prompt remittance of all claims.

LOUDEN & MILES, Attorneys, Office over First National Bank. All business of a legal nature given careful attention in all courts. Real estate titles carefully examined by aid of Louden's Abstract. A specialty made of the collection and remittance of claims of all kinds.

FRIEDLEY, PEARSON & FRIEDLEY, Attorneys, Office in Bee Hive Block. Settlement of estates a specialty. Collections promptly remitted. Capt. G. W. Friedley or Judge Pearson will be in attendance at each term of circuit court.

MURPHY & PITMAN, Attorneys, will practice in the various courts. Special attention given to collection, and to probate business. Office, 2nd corner, opposite the Progress Office.

ROGERS & HENLEY, Attorneys and Collectors. Office in Mayor's Office building. Special attention given to settling decedent's estates and to all kinds of probate business. Also, abstracting.

EAST & EAST, Attorneys, at Law, in Bloomington, Ind. Office, in Walder's Block, north side square. Probate business and collections given prompt attention. Will practice in all courts of the State. Also, abstracting.

MORGAN & WALLINGFORD, Attorneys, Office, Bee Hive Block, upstairs. To the probate and collection business the firm will give special and particular attention. Real estate titles attended to in courts of surrounding counties.

WILLIAMS & MILLER, Attorneys, Office five doors south of Hunter's corner, upstairs. Do a general collection and probate business. Will practice in courts of adjoining counties.

Louisville, N. A. & C. Railway

"**Monon Route.**"

Affords the Best, Cheapest, Quickest, most direct, and most desirable route to all parts of the Great West and North West, the South and South West.

Time in effect May 27th, 1883.

Chicago Time:

NORTH. CHICAGO MAIL, NIGHT EX.

Bloomington 11:50 pm 11:02 pm

Chicago 9:00 pm 7:00 am

SOUTH. LOUISVILLE MAIL, NIGHT EX.

Bloomington 4:51 pm 3:48 am

Louisville 8:10 pm 5:48 am

Two daily through Express trains with out change, connecting closely with the great through lines out of Chicago and Louisville, giving only ONE CHANGE of cars to all the principal towns and cities in the north and in the south west.

Unexcelled traveling accommodations. No re-checking of baggage. No delay in connections. Less charges of cars than by any other route.

Sell through tickets to all parts of the country. Check baggage through to destination. Time cards, railroad maps, rates, routes, through tickets and through baggage checks, obtained only of

WALLINGFORD & FRIEDLEY, Station Ticket Agent, Bloomington, Ind. MURRAY KELLAN, G.P.A., Louisville, Ky.

Ohio & Mississippi Railway

The Great THROUGH CAR and FAST TIME ROUTE.

EASTWARD.

STATIONS. Acc. M. Day Night A.D. 10

Live Mitchell 3:27 pm 1:47 pm 2:58 am 3:54 am

Ar. Chicago 8:00 pm 6:20 pm 1:00 am 1:00 am

Ar. Cincinnati 3:25 pm 1:35 pm 1:00 am 1:00 am

Westward. a.m. s.m. p.m. Pac. Ex.

Live Mitchell 11:21 11:51 11:50 1:05 am

Ar. St. Louis 7:25 6:30 7:10 8:30 am

Day Express has Parlor Cars and Day Coaches without change to Cincinnati.

Dining Cars Seymour to Cincinnati.

Night Express has Palace Sleeping Cars to Cincinnati without change.

Atlantic Express has Palace Sleeping Cars to Cincinnati, Louisville, Washington and Baltimore without change.

Day Express has Parlor Cars to St. Louis without change. Dining cars Cincinnati to Seymour.

Night Express has Palace sleeping cars to St. Louis without change. Also to Cairo and New Orleans without change.

For reliable information as to routes, rates, tickets, time, etc., apply in person or by letter to Ticket Agent of Connecting Lines, or to E. A. Allen, Ticket Agent, Ohio & Mississippi Ry. Co., at St. Louis, Mo. W. B. Russell, Traveling Passenger Agent, North Vernon, Ind. W. B. Russell, General Passenger Agent, Cincinnati, O.

JOHN GRAHAM, Agent, Bloomington

WM. M. TATE, LON. D. ROGERS, TATE & ROGERS, Bloomington, Ind.

Life, Fire, Tornado

Cyclone Insurance.

If you are not insured you ought to be. Please call and see us, get our terms and secure a Fire, Tornado, Lightning, Cyclone and Tornado Policy, before it is too late.

Office, up-stairs, in York's Building, or both of us will be found in the office during all business hours.

Bloomington, Ind., June 27, '83-Sm.

Notice to Non-Residents.

In the Circuit Court, September term, 1883.

Joseph D. Hensley, Administrator of the Estate of John L. Shirley, dec. vs. Lucius H. Shirley, Homer G. Shirley, Clara B. Shirley, et al.

Now comes the Plaintiff by Friedley, Pearson & Friedley, Attorneys, and his complaint herein, together with an affidavit that said defendants Clara B. Shirley, Homer G. Shirley and Clara B. Shirley are not residents of the State of Indiana.

Also that the residence of Lucius H. Shirley is unknown. Said parties are severally hereby notified that the above named petitioner, as Administrator of the Estate of said deceased, filed in the Circuit Court of Monroe county, Indiana, a petition, making them defendants therein, and praying therein for an order and decree of said Court, authorizing the sale of certain Real Estate belonging to the estate of said deceased, and in said petition described, to make assets for the payment of the debts and liabilities of said estate; and that said petition so filed and praying, is set for hearing in said Circuit Court, at the Court House in Bloomington, Indiana, on the 1st judicial day of the Sept. Term, 1883, of said court, the same being the 2nd day of Sept., 1883.

Witness my hand and seal of said court, this 23rd day of July, 1883.

(SEAL) D. W. BROWNING, July 1st 83 Clerk.

Notice to Heirs

Petition to Sell Real Estate.

State of Indiana, Monroe county circuit court.

Notice is hereby given that Joseph D. Hensley, Administrator of the estate of John L. Shirley, deceased, has filed his petition to sell the real estate of the deceased his personal being insufficient to pay his debts, and that said petition will be heard in said Circuit Court, at the Court House in Bloomington, Indiana, on the 1st judicial day of the Sept. Term, 1883, of said court, the same being the 2nd day of Sept., 1883.

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Witness my hand and seal of said court, this 23rd day of July, 1883.

(SEAL) D. W. BROWNING, July 1st 83 Clerk.

Republican Progress

Printed each Tuesday Morning, by WILLIAM A. GARR, Editor and Publisher.

News Items Solicited.

—The date on the label, on which your name is printed, shows the time to which your subscription is paid. The list is revised every week and subscribers should notice the date, and see that they have the proper credit, and also that they are not in arrears.

—"Trade dollar" is a misnomer. It does not go in trade. Traders shun it.

—Monday introduced a new tariff, when cinnamon, cloves, mace, nutmegs, pepper, pimento and oil lemon go on the free list—hitherto 10 to 25 cts per pound duty was required on them—there will be an increase in the duties on laces, damasks, velvets, champagne, wines, paintings and statuary.

—The Indiana Farmer's crop report for June shows the condition of wheat in Indiana, July 1, was 63, Ohio 63, and Illinois 58 per cent. Area of corn—Indiana 101, Ohio 104, and Illinois 104 per cent. Condition of corn—Indiana 84, Ohio 83, Illinois 85 per cent. Oats, a full acreage, and condition in Indiana 97, Ohio 102, and Illinois 99 per cent. Hay and flax crops are reported above 90 per cent. The Farmer, on the basis of these and scattering reports from other states, estimates the wheat crop of 1883 at 398,000 bushels.

—Lafayette Courier: It is authoritatively announced that most of the offices of the Louisville, New Albany and Chicago railroad are to be abandoned, and Lafayette made a way station. W. G. Sala has been promoted to the position of Superintendent of the Indianapolis & Chicago Air-Line. Mr. Sala has been an efficient Master of Transportation, and his promotion is eminently deserved. He has displayed, while here, marked ability as a railroader. We wish him success in his new field. D. E. Finley, Chief Train Dispatcher, goes with Mr. Sala to Chicago as his assistant; he is also an efficient officer. The office of Train Dispatcher is abandoned here and goes to New Albany, and a day and night operator only will be stationed at the Salem street depot. The Car Recorder goes to New Albany. Superintendent McLeod's Private Secretary, W. N. Marshall, will assume the regalia and honors of Superintendent of this division of the road, headquarters at New Albany. Take it all in all, Lafayette will be pretty closely plucked.

—Lafayette is in trouble over the location of the machine shops for the north end of the L. N. A. & C. E'y, in that city. They are likely to cost the citizens a great deal more than they anticipated, and there is a vigorous kick. The Journal of the 27th says: Last week City Engineer Wright wrote to the L. N. A. & C. railway officials asking for the exact figures in dollars and cents for the grading of the land which this city donates for the shops. A reply was requested by not later than Monday morning, but no reply has yet come. According to the plat of the grounds sent here by the railroad authorities, there will be required 29.6-100 acres of land, whereas but about fifteen acres are comprised in the proposed donation. As to grading, the whole 22 acres must be graded one yard deep. One acre of ground graded one yard deep will require just 4,840 yards. Twenty-two acres will require 106,480. The lowest bid per yard made in this city is 30 cents. At these figures the grading will cost \$31,296. However, so large a contract and by the aid of the railway machinery the cost per yard may be reduced one-half.

—The largest and most remarkable group of spots that has appeared on the sun this year is now clearly visible in the northeastern quarter of the disk. On Monday it was just coming around the edge. Through a smoked glass, without a telescope, it looks like a fly on a pumpkin. Another group, near the centre of the disk, composed of much smaller spots, can also be seen without a telescope. But with a telescope there is almost no end to the details that appear in those spots, and particularly in the larger group. By means of a right-angled prism the image of the sun can be thrown from the eye-piece of the telescope upon a paper-washed wall or a screen of white, and then the observer, divider in hand, can measure at his leisure yawning

chasms thousands of miles across, and narrow bridges that stretch completely across the chasms and change their form hour to hour. If the earth could be hurled into the sun like a solid shot into a target, the hole thus made would be small beside one of these enormous sun caverns, which sometimes form and disappear within a few days. Nobody can have any idea of the real aspect of the flaming globe which shines overhead every day, seeming always the same to the ordinary observer, until he has seen it with a telescope when great sun spots are pitting its surface and the dazzling photosphere is thrown up into mountain ridges of fire.

—The possibilities of a boys' pocket have often engaged the descriptive powers of humorous writers, but no imaginative literature on this subject has ever included the actual experience of a Philadelphia lad named Robert Cridland. He was observed, the other day, in the Chestnut Hill Consolidated School, picking a small package with a pin. An instant after a loud noise rang through the room, and Robert was bounding into the air, minus two fingers and a thumb, while the Consolidated School rapidly became disintegrated. His plaything was a small dynamite cartridge which he had found in a quarry, and had put among the treasures of his pocket, in order to while away the monotony of the arithmetic hour. After all, boys of larger growth handle dynamite as carelessly as young Cridland and with even less excuse.

—More than a hundred teachers must be licensed in order to supply the schools. The time is short; every one desiring to prepare for examination would better attend the Bloomington Normal.

—General McClelland says the people will learn the need of a good navy if we ever go to war. The General is probably aware that it is the good navy, lounging around in idleness and spoiling for a fight, that is apt to get a Nation into trouble.

—We hope a good time may be had at the first camp-meeting held by the colored M. E. Church of Bloomington, beginning July 28th, 1883. We need a camp-meeting for two reasons. 1st, to get the church revived to a higher standing; 2nd, to raise money to help us to build a new church. Charges at the gate will be 10c; morning services free; afternoon services 10c; Sunday morning, afternoon and evening services, 10c for each. The meeting will continue day and night until its close. Committee: W. H. Vaughn, John Brown, J. W. Miles, D. Pinkston, James Spaulding, Nathan Allen, Rev. W. B. Hammond and others, who will give us good preaching, will be with us in the meeting.

—Citizen: Maj. Perry and wife have taken rooms in the McNutt property, and will remain during the summer in Ellettsville.

S. C. Kennedy and wife spent the 4th in Ellettsville. Mr. Kennedy has quit the ministry, and is now running a flouring mill near Freedom.

—Spencer Republican: The commissioners met last Friday to open the bids for the construction of the Ellettsville turnpike. Several bids were received. J. S. Meek was awarded the first three miles and Mr. Peck, of Putnam county, the remainder. Owing to a misunderstanding between Mr. Meek and the commissioners, as to furnishing certain of the materials, Mr. Meek's contract was rescinded by mutual agreement and the three miles ordered relet. Mr. Peck and the commissioners agreeing, he will go ahead and commence work on his section next Monday on the Monroe county line, and will push the work with all possible dispatch. The reletting of the first three miles will delay the completion of the road but very little.

The Scandalous in Gossips and Newspapers.

Richmond Independent.

There is a line of journalism from which heaven defend us. It is forerunning out of the world in their ghastly filthiness. It is a disposition which also exists in many people to turn the worst side out. The world would be better and far happier if it were otherwise. The worst part of such pieces of gossip is that, generally speaking, they are not one half true. A gossip repeats what they heard another "they say" story-teller account, and it is natural to add a little to the tale to make it seem wonderful. The next who repeats it adds a bit, and so it gathers as it goes. The one who first told the tale would not recognize it after it first it had passed around the circle. The newspaper which furnishes local personal gossip is even worse than the individual, because there is a power and dignity in type which carries conviction where words often fail to convince.

—Like "hot cakes" the goods at Mose Kahn's clothing store are now going off. He is selling at cost. Now for bargains.

Arthur in 1884.

New York World.

The Republicans may as well look upon Chester A. Arthur as their possible candidate for president in 1884.

The 306 votes of the southern states are certain as a "solid south" for Arthur. There is no opposition by which they can be taken away from him, and, as 306 is the number of the gallant stalwart guard at Chicago, there is a sort of poetic justice in leaving the figure unbroken for Arthur.

The southern republican vote represents nothing in the election. It counts, however, in choosing a candidate upon whom the republicans of New England and the republican reformers of all the states may be allowed to cast their votes. It is a strength of office-holders bound to the chariot wheels of the administration which feeds them with federal pay. It votes loyally with the source of patronage. Under a very feeble president like Hayes it was divided. Sherman, as a member of the cabinet, stole many southern votes. Blaine secured some. There is no one to take them from Arthur.

With 306 southern votes in convention, with no representation outside, only 104 more will be needed to make up the 410 necessary to a nomination. Of these, 72 may possibly be supplied by New York. It is said, however, that Arthur can not carry the New York delegation. Probably not, but he can at least get a good share of the votes. Singular that the adoption of the district voting system, forced on the party by Blaine to beat the stalwarts, should now be turned to their benefit. If the unit rule still prevailed, Arthur might have found seventy-two votes in New York against him. As it is, he is certain of a good share of the delegates if he should fail to get them all on a reconstruction and harmony basis.

The cabinet must be weak indeed if it does not come to the president's assistance with some of the states it represents.

Treasurer Cooper's Bonanza.

Kokomo Gazette.

If reports be true, State Treasurer Cooper has likely got a fortune in his hands. It will be remembered that the last legislature adjourned without passing the appropriation bill. The State institutions will soon have to be provided with means of support. Gov. Porter, we are informed, says he will not call an extra session of the legislature, if money can be borrowed on the credit of the state for the purpose of conducting the state government. An extra session will, of course, be very expensive to the people, while to pay interest on borrowed money will also be expensive. State Treasurer Cooper has grown very technical in his construction of law and will not pay out any money unless expressly authorized so to do. The money with which to defray the expenses of the state government is in the state treasury and unless said officer be authorized to pay it out, he will have a bonanza until the next legislature. He will loan out the money that the state is entitled to, and pocket the interest thereon. That is, he will deposit the money in the banks and they will pay him interest. This will be very nice for the state treasurer, but it is not at all pleasant for the tax payers to contemplate. Imagine the state paying interest on borrowed funds, while the treasurer is pocketing the interest on the state's money. The tax payers will demand an account from the Democratic party for this infamous lack of duty. The party was not satisfied with wrecking the benevolent institutions and placing their control in the hands of Democratic ward bumpers, but it also saw fit to replenish the exchequer of the state treasurer and also to deprive the state of means of support. It is said the state treasurer desired the defeat of the appropriation bill, because it would benefit him financially. Wonder if Speaker Bynum and his backers were engaged in a job in defeating the bill? The people will want an explanation of this business before they vote again. When the record of the last legislature is thoroughly unearthed it will be one of the most abominable and corrupt assemblies that ever disgraced the country.

A Card of Thanks.

The Ladies' Building Association of the Christian Church hereby make a report of the 4th of July dinner. The entire gross receipts were \$103.40, expenses \$24.80, net proceeds \$78.60. We desire, in this public manner, to express thanks to our friends for their kindly patronage and to all who so generously assisted us in the enterprise. Especial thanks are due Messrs. Allen & McNary for the use of their beautiful and convenient rooms. They proved most perfectly adapted to the occasion.

Mrs. C. M. ATWATER, For the Association.

Just received, one car load of Buckeye Reapers and Mowers. Call and see them. They are the best machines in the field, (a fact) and don't you forget it. For light running, clean work, and durability, they cannot be surpassed.

W. J. ALLEN.

—Young men and women of Monroe and adjoining counties, will do well to remember that the Nor-

mal and Preparatory School begins its session in Bloomington on the 23rd of July. All who can attend should do so.

—The girl on a tricycle has already made her appearance at the summer resorts. As observed at Newport, she sat between two wheels which were connected by a short axle-tree, on a kind of saddle—astride of it, but not so circumstanced as to make divided garments necessary, as in riding horse back, man fashion. Her feet reached down to treads and her hands were employed in steering, by means of a device connected with a low front wheel. Her posture was not that of sitting, however, but her figure was suspended nearly perpendicular, and her legs moved a great deal like those of a horse afflicted with spring-heel or a swimmer treading water. Her knees came up high, with an action more productive of good exercise than grace. And yet she was "a symmetrical and pleasing traveler." The prescribed costume is soft, this flannel, with a blouse waist and a skirt reaching just to the gaiter tops. It is obvious that the latter level could not be steadily maintained, in view of the high treading required to work the tricycle, without some special modification of the garment. This want has been supplied by taking an "Lengthwise of the skirt in front two gussets are set in at points where the knees will protrude into them in riding."

Good Advice to Prohibitionists.

N. Y. Independent.

Those prohibitionists who insist on prohibition or nothing, when they are very certain to have nothing, and who will not co-operate with others, except on condition that they will go the full length of their specific creed on this point, seem to us as not practically wise men for their own cause, whether they live in Ohio or elsewhere. We give them full credit for all their honesty of purpose; but we take the liberty of doubting the wisdom of their policy. We believe in getting all we can for a good cause, and in helping to get that, even though it may not be the best that can be conceived. It is on this ground that we have recommended and still recommend the prohibitionists of Ohio to ally themselves with the republican party of that state and aid in securing the election of its ticket, and thereby in defeating the democracy, which is notoriously the rum party in Ohio, and will this fall, be supported by the whole liquor interest of the state. This, in our judgment, is the true way for the prohibitionists of Ohio to serve the cause of temperance. Allied with and giving their strength to the republican party, they are strong; but disavowed from it and running an independent ticket, they are utterly insignificant, except to demonstrate their own weakness, to aid in the defeat of the only party from which they can hope for anything in the way of legislation favorable to temperance, and at the same time contribute to the success of a party that absolutely has no sympathy whatever with their cause. It is very true that the republican party is not a prohibition party; but as to the question of temperance it is the next best thing, and for this reason we strongly desire its success.

Notice to Non-Residents.

State of Indiana, Monroe county, ss.

In the Circuit Court, Sept. term, 1883.

Complaint No. 419.

Calvin Young and David S. Crafton vs. Mary G. Beasly.

Now comes the Plaintiff by Rogers & Henley, her attorneys, and files her complaint herein, together with an affidavit that said defendant, Mary G. Beasly, is not a resident of the State of Indiana. Notice is therefore hereby given said defendant that unless she be and appear on the 1st day of next term of the Monroe Circuit Court, to be held on the first Monday of September, A.D. 1883, at the Court House in Bloomington, in said county and State, and answer or demur to said complaint, the same will be heard and determined in her absence.

Witness my name and the seal of said court, this 23rd day of July, A.D. 1883.

(SEAL) D. W. BROWNING, July 1st 83 Clerk Monroe C. C. Rogers & Henley, Attorneys.

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Witness my name and the seal of said court, this 23rd day of July, A.D. 1883.

(SEAL) D. W. BROWNING, July 1st 83 Clerk Monroe C. C. East & East, Attorneys.

H. REPORT

OF THE CONDITION OF THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK, at Bloomington, in the State of Indiana, at close of business, (on the 23rd day of June, 1883:

Loans & Discounts	\$205,719 33
Overdrafts	14,406 98
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation	120,000 00
Due from approved Reserve Agents	11,443 44
Due from other National Banks	35,570 04
Due from State and Private Banks and Bankers	5,604 92
Real Estate	\$4,760 90
Furniture & Fixtures	2,094
Current expenses and Taxes paid	6,884 00
Bills of other Banks	4,311 22
Fractional currency (including Nickels and cents)	5,903 00
Gold Coin	545 38
Silver Coin	12,800 00
Legal tender Notes	1,400 00
Resumption fund subject to U. S. Treasurer (not more than 5 per cent on circulation)	5,400 00
Total	\$429,958 27
Cash	176,769 81
Capital stock paid in	\$120,000 00
Surplus Fund	10,000 00
Undivided profits	11,189 46
Circulating Notes received from Customers	\$108,000 00
Less cash on hand and in Treasury for redemption	2,000 00
Individual deposits subject to check	110,117 88
Demands & certificates of deposit	64,050 93
Total	\$429,958 27

STATE OF INDIANA,
Monroe County, ss.

I, W. E. Woodburn, Cashier of the above-named Bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true, to the best of my knowledge and belief.

W. E. WOODBURN, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 27th day of June, 1883.

JOHN H. LOUDEN, Notary Public.

Correct—Attest: NAT. U. HILL, JOHN WALDRON, HENRY C. DUBACH, Directors.

July 4, 1883.

Notice to Non-Residents.

In the Circuit Court, Sept. Term, 1883.

Mary Beasly vs. George Beasly. Divorce. Complaint No. 425.

Now comes the Plaintiff by East & East, her attorneys, and files her complaint herein for a divorce, together with an affidavit that said defendant, George Beasly, is not a resident of the State of Indiana.

Notice is therefore hereby given said defendant that unless he be and appear on the 6th day of the next term of the Monroe Circuit Court, to be held on the first Monday of September, A.D. 1883, at the Court House in Bloomington, in said County and State, and answer or demur to said complaint, the same will be heard and determined in his absence.

Witness my name and the seal of said court, this 27th day of June, A.D. 1883.

D. W. BROWNING, Clerk.

Wall Paper, WINDOW SHADES And Fixtures.

THE PROPRIETOR of the CITY BOOK STORE, takes pleasure in announcing to his old patrons, and the public generally, that he will open in a few days

In the Willow Room, opposite the Old Orchard Block,

A Large and Splendid Assortment of Wall Paper, Window Shades and Fixtures, which he will offer at prices that

Cannot Fail

to please.

Among the Wall Papers will be found many of the latest and most fashionable styles. In the department of

Window Fixtures

will be found beautiful styles of SHADE GOODS, Also WINDOW CURTAINS, in large variety, including beautiful DADOS and TAPESTRIES.

A lot of Wall Paper, injured by the fire, will be sold at a large reduction below the usual prices.

Ladies will consult their interests by not purchasing until they inspect my stock.

E. P. COLE.

Bloomington, Ind., March 21, 1883.

Resident Dentist.

Dr. J. W. GRAIN.

Office in the Groves corner, up-stairs. All work warranted.

ALYON & HEALY

State of Indiana, Monroe county, ss.

In the Circuit Court, Sept. term, 1883.

Complaint No. 411.

William B. Roddy, vs. Pharoah G.