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Ohio & Mississippi Railroad.
Trains leave Mitchell as follows:
GOING WEST. GOING EAST.
Mail, 11:30 a.m. Mail, 3:47 p.m.
Express, 11:30 a.m. Express, 3:27 p.m.
Express, 11:45 a.m. Express, 3:30 p.m.
Accommodation, 1:00 p.m. Express, 3:54 a.m.
Emigrants for Texas and the Great West should purchase tickets by the Ohio & Mississippi Railway. Lowest rates for tickets, household goods, stock, etc. All passengers carried to St. Louis, Union Depot. No midnight changes by this route. For all information, such as Maps, Time Tables, rates for passengers, freight, etc., apply to Station Agents of this Company, or call on or address J. S. MILLER, General Passenger Agent, Seymour, Ind.

REPUBLICAN TICKET.
For County Clerk, DAVID WALL BROWNING.
For County Auditor, WILLIAM M. ALEXANDER.
For County Treasurer, ISAAC OLAMMAN.
For Sheriff, SILAS GRIMES.
For County Recorder, WILLIAM N. HALL.
For County Surgeon, MICHAEL H. BUCKNER.
For Coroner, JAMES H. GASTON.
Commissioner—First District, DAVID P. BURTON.
Commissioner—Third District, JOHN P. HARRELL.

—Vincennes News: We hope the corn will not turn out this year like the second district Democracy—all oob.

—Judge H.C. Newcomb, a member of the supreme court of Indiana, died at Indianapolis recently. Jas. A. Black, former reporter of the supreme court, was appointed to fill the vacant chair.

—T. H. Courier: Senator Voorhees is at Spencer, defending a man for murder. The law forbids him receiving pay as a Senator while so employed. Will he exact his pay from the government, while so engaged?

—The Supreme Court of Ohio has declared the Pond liquor-tax law unconstitutional. The law is the one levying a special tax on saloons. The Constitution of Ohio forbids the licensing of the liquor traffic at all, and the Pond law is held to be a license law and, therefore, unconstitutional. The conditions do not apply to other States. The decision does not affect the Sunday closing law, known as the Smith law.

—Dakota is filling up rapidly with immigrants, largely German. The advantages of locating there are summed up in fertility of soil, which makes a satisfactory pecuniary return almost a certainty. The total cost of going there, buying a 160-acre section of Government land, breaking it up, cultivating it, and reaping the first crop is estimated at about \$650. The value of the first crop is fixed at \$900, and after that the expense will be much smaller and grow smaller every year, while the return will constantly increase. The disadvantages are deficient wood supply, the bitter winds that blow over the exposed prairie, the severe winters, and the complete isolation during that season. Nevertheless, emigrants continue going there.

—Terre Haute Express: The Express has authentic information from a gentleman on the inside circle, to the effect that the prospects are very flattering for the early completion of R. G. Hervey's Indianapolis & Evansville Straight Line. Hervey has had three propositions from so many corporations to take hold of it and carry it to completion. The one most favorable to him is the Seney syndicate, which controls the Nickel-plated route, the Lake Erie & Western, and a system of Southern roads almost as vast as that of the Louisville & Nashville. The plan is for the syndicate to extend the Lake Erie & Western from Muncie to Indianapolis, then to connect with the Straight Line to Evansville. The system will be extended from the latter point to connect with the East Tennessee & Georgia.

—Mr. Cam. Treat and Miss Ida Perdue were married at the residence of the bride's parents on Sunday night.

—George Banckert's is the place to buy your fresh bread, rolls, pies and cakes. Only the best and purest materials used in baking.

Sale of Personal Property.
NOTICE is hereby given, that I, B. F. Adams, Executor of the will of Allen Sparks, deceased, will offer for sale at public auction, to the highest bidder, on THURSDAY, July 6th, 1882, at the late residence of said Allen Sparks, in Indian Creek township, Monroe county, Indiana, the personal property belonging to the estate of said deceased, consisting of horses, cows, hogs, 30 head of four year old steers, nudes, cattle, wagons, farming implements, household and kitchen furniture and various other articles.
Sale to begin at 9 o'clock a.m. sharp.
Terms of Sale: For all amounts not exceeding five dollars, cash in hand. For amounts of five dollars and upwards, a credit of six months will be given.
Note: Bearing six per cent. interest after maturity, with approved security, and waiving valuation or appraisement laws, will be required.
J. E. F. ADAMS, Executor.
June 7-82. Loudon & Miers, att'ys.

Decoration Day.

"Their sabres rust,
Their swords are with dust,
Their souls are with the Saints we trust."

Decoration Day was observed in Bloomington with beautiful and appropriate ceremonies, the program being carried out to the letter. It is a matter for local congratulation that Bloomington was one of the first towns to observe this custom, and that the interest is on the increase. In spite of many prophecies that the ceremony would be short lived; in spite of the adverse criticisms of the too numerous class who flatter themselves that they are intensely common-sense; and practical, the day devoted to this beautiful custom is, we trust, growing to be a National Holiday. Its influence is at once soothing and strengthening. It recalls the memories of the war without its bitter animosities. In the office, at the workshop, in the field, it finds the civilian of to-day, who was the veteran of '65, paying a silent tribute to the sleeping comrades who fought with him at Bull Run, or marched side by side with him from Atlanta to the sea. It awakens tender memories of the lonely sentinel duty, of the bivouac under the stars, of cheerful camp-fire scenes. It enables him to live over again the experiences of a soldier's life without any of its pain.

It stimulates the growth of patriotism. Our soldiers were not a distinct class, educated for the science of war, but sprang from the great body of the people; the spontaneous outgrowth of the feeling which followed the bombardment of Sumter. It is a truth which no serious minded man can deny that there is a tendency to caste feeling developing in our National social life. To a very great extent the wealth and political honors are being confined to more limited channels. That there are many notable exceptions, it is true, but a very superficial glance at our past history must, we think, lead to the conclusion, that the social barriers, which inevitably grow with the growth of a government are surely being developed. Any celebration therefore which tends to revive the memories of a time when all participated in the anxiety for the safety of a common country should not be discontinued.

To the widows and orphans of the unmailed dead it will be a consolation to think that whether the missing soldier sleeps beneath the laurel or the willow, his resting place will be cared for by other hands.

To those who scattered flowers above the graves, marked only by a numbered slab, it will be their reward to realize that they have paid the homage which fate has denied others the poor privilege of offering.

To the army of veterans which grows smaller year by year, it will be comforting to believe that the Nation will not in future years forget the occupants of "That low green tent whose curtain never outward swings."

—What is the use to worry over the prohibition question? A "prominent physician" says persons can "become intoxicated on deep and rapid inhalations of pure air." Now we can't prohibit air, and we can't prevent people taking "rapid inhalations," or to speak plain English "drawing their breath quick," so we might as well stop all the "resolutions" about prohibition and relieve a great many statesmen of the trouble of getting down off the fence.

—A pretty idea was carried out at a fashionable wedding in London the other day. The bride's dresses were all white, and the bridesmaids appeared each in a different color, or rather tint, so pale of hue were their pretty dresses. One was in pale blue, another in pale pink, a third in pale yellow, and the fourth in pale green, while all four wore large picturesque white hats, trimmed with feathers and flowers to match their respective dresses, and each carried a bunch of flowers which also harmonized in color with her gown.

—Chicago has had a box-nailing contest. The feat was to make thirty boxes, each two feet long, a foot wide, and a foot high, and fastened by twenty-seven nails, the boards being previously sawed. The winner's time was exactly half an hour.

—The author of "See That My Grave is Kept Green" is in jail at Indianapolis. Show this item to the poets and song writers in your neighborhood, and tell them that the police are after the author of "Grandfather's Clock," "Silver Threads Among the Gold" and other little ditties. This is an age of reform, and there is plenty of room in the jail.

WE CAN KNOCK the regular shoe stores on prices, and will do it. You just give us a trial once at the New York store of Len. S. Field & Co. NEWEST STYLES in Sun Umbrellas, Parasols, Fans, Kid and Lisle Thread Gloves, just received at the New York Store.
LEN. S. FIELD & CO.
"If you don't see what you want, ask for it," at the New York Store. Every article in the house warranted to be as represented.
LEN. S. FIELD & CO.
"Take the cake" wherever they are used and exhibited. Come to our store and see them.
STUART & MCPHEETERS.

—Huntingburg Argus: "A lady from the backwoods went into Baxter's store the other day and sold ginseng for \$1.20 per pound. She purchased 12 yards of calico, 2 pounds of sugar, 2 pounds of coffee, 2 pounds of soda and 10 cents worth of pepper with one pound of ginseng. She asked the clerk for a stone pipe which he politely handed to her. She was heard to remark to her better half as they left the store: 'Now, Henry, what did I say? Times are not near as hard as you said they were. Look what I got for one pound of ginseng. Let's be going. Gosh! look at them cars. Oh! look at that nigger. Durn a Republikin, anyhow.'"

WIDE AWAKE.—The June number of this excellent children's publication opens with a charming little sketch, "How Jacky Went to Church on Easter Sunday," by Mrs. Elizabeth Barnett Hitt. In addition to giving Mrs. Hitt's sketch the place of honor, the publishers have prefaced it with a beautifully-printed full-page illustration designed by Mrs. Jesse Curtis Shepherd. It is impossible in a brief notice to give even the full table of contents, and the statement that it comprises about forty articles by well-known writers to juvenile taste must suffice. D. Lathrop & Co., Boston.

The elephant-bow of mull or lace, tied in great flaring wings under the chin, is buried in the lowest depths of obscurity. In its place is seen a tiny rolling collar of linen, plain or edged with lace. A five-inch satin ribbon is passed under this collar, brought around and tied in a good-sized bow close up to the throat, leaving long ends of the ribbon, which reach nearly to the belt. For ladies these ribbons are usually in plain, solid colors, but for young girls and little misses bright Oriental stripes or plaids are chosen.

THE LANGRY BONNET.—The Langry bonnet already appears this side of the Atlantic, though hardly six weeks out in London. The small, shallow shape, with high front, allowing a band wreath of full-blown roses above the forehead, is the shape worn by Mrs. Langry on the stage as Miss Hardcastle, in the play, "She Stoops to Conquer." It is not unbecoming, but after the bonnets which were all crown, this, which is all brim, looks as if the back had been neatly shaved off in an accident.

Venor's June Bulletin.
The general outlook for the weather of the summer season in southern and southwestern sections is improving, owing to the continuance of very windy weather in northern and western sections of Canada and the United States. But a "windy spring makes a severe autumn," therefore the outlook for the autumn of 1882 is increasing in severity. My theory of "weather relationships" is working just now in a telling manner all over the Northern hemisphere, and I feel much greater confidence in predicting the periods of the more marked disturbances. Hence, I herewith reiterate my previous statements respecting "a very cold and stormy autumn" and early setting in of extreme severity, with heavy snowfalls; this reaching to remote Southern points. We are likely to experience one of the coldest periods in a long time of years during the early part of the winter of 1882-83; but the cold will come in a lump, and the latter half of the winter is likely to be mild and open, with an advanced spring.

—Henry Shook, a guest at a Toronto hotel, ordered ordered beef at dinner, and got a particularly tough piece. Being 84 years old, and nearly toothless, he explained to the waiter that, under the circumstances, something tenderer ought to be served. But he could get nothing better, and therefore undertook to eat what was on his plate. Suddenly he fell back in his chair, gasped for breath, and choked to death. A chunk of the beef which he had tried to swallow whole, lodged in his throat.

—I have just received the largest, best and cheapest stock of fine Chromes ever seen in Bloomington. Also an immense variety of Wall Brackets, very cheap and stylish.
JOHN P. SMITH.

—Wm. Stockwell has fifty cords of first-class dry stove wood, which will be delivered on application to himself or to the drivers of any of his wagons. Apply soon.

Neck Harness: Variety of approved and correct styles unsurpassed, at McCalla & Co's.

Oh! Another Shot and Killed high prices in tinware, glassware and table and pocket cutlery, table and teaspoons, stoves, and a great many other articles. I can and will sell cheaper than anybody. Bring me all the old iron, copper, brass, brass, eggs, chickens, old rubber, &c. You can gather. One door east of Fee's corner. Z. T. CLASSELL.

THE CHAMBER COFFEE POT will produce Coffee or Tea of usual strength with two-thirds the quantity required by the old method. It saves all the strength and aroma that usually escapes in steam. For sale in Bloomington by Clappell.

FREAKS OF FASHION.

The English walking jacket is the leading out-door wrap for young ladies.
Wild roses or sprays or bunches of elegant trim many pretty straw hats for country wear.
Crape-like tissues are much used for the paniers, scarfs, puffs and draperies of faille and moire dresses.
Velvet slippers with fine embroidery on the toes are brought out in colors as black for dressy house wear.

Cloth top boots will be much worn as the season advances. They are cooler and more dressy than boots all of kid or leather.

Brocades give place to embroideries of elaborate designs wrought on a Surah silks, in the Chinese stitches that are alike on both sides.
The copper red and terra cotta shades are seen in new kid, silk and lisle thread gloves along with the maroons and the new mahogany color.

Heavy laces are more in demand than light ones. They imitate the embroidery now so fashionable, and are frequently combined with it in dress gowns.

The magnificent array of parasols exhibited exceeds in artistic workmanship, richness of material, garniture, and diversified style anything ever yet manufactured in this line.

Gay bordered silk handkerchiefs divide favor with the pretty colored batiste ones so popular at present. In these all the new colors and shades appear in the most artistic combinations.

Round short skirts, no bustles nor crinoline, variety and picturesque in hats and bonnets, cloth top and lace boots, long gloves and much lace, are features in summer fashions.

Gold and silver appear as parts of decorative effects in both dress and millinery. Real gold thread is most lavishly introduced into colored embroideries designed for elegant costumes and evening wraps.

White lace that has been used, may be turned to good account by cutting out the patterns and sewing them on a black tulle foundation; by this means a very pretty trimming for dark materials is produced.
Pointed bodices are confined to evening dresses, and the severe points are softened by one or two puffs of satin, gradually growing narrower in back and front, or by pleatings of lace, or by many loops of ribbon.

Dresses of the chine-figure satin Surah are among the most tasteful importations. They come with dark green or maroon grounds strewn with tea roses or carnations, and trimmed with cream-tinted ficelle lace.

Among the newest fabrics are moire grenadines of two stripes of contrasting colors, to be made up with the reppé Victoria silks, or with the glaze Surahs that change through two or three colors, and are chameleon colors.

Crape, in all colors, is the favorite material for the delicate Capote bonnet. The airy fabric is arranged in light puffings over the shape, and forms also the broad strings, which are tied in a full bow, and completed by a tuft of flowers at the side.

Gloves are made longer than ever and are either slipped on over the sleeve or inside of it. Those of soft unglazed kid are the most fashionable for full dress, but finely stocking-woven long gloves and mitts of silk and lisle thread will also be much worn.

Picturesque round hats have broad straight brims, or are sloped away in Rembrandt shape on the left side, with a puff of velvet on the edge that is bound to be very becoming. The crown is surrounded with plumes, or else its only trimmings is a great Alsatian bow made of a silk scarf.

From week to week milliners bring out new colors and shades in trimmings. Some of the latest are willow green, which is not a green at all but a purplish gray with a tint of green in it; beet red, pomegranate pink, bee brown, roiled or troubled water, a bluish gray; turkey-corn red, wheat, daffodil and maize color; Indian summer sky and moonlight shades, and aurora or dawn of morning pink.

The new colors are found in new hosiery, both in plain, self colors and in combinations. Embroidery on new stockings shows a partiality for tiny rosebuds, blue bells, daisies, stars and shells, circles and diamonds in color on grounds of contrasting color, black and cream. White stockings are no longer worn.

The new heavy laces, the rivals of embroidery in dress trimmings, are called ficelle, which translated means pack-thread, or rather that is the only word in English which approaches its meaning. By ficelle dressmakers and milliners understand a lace made of flax twine, coarser than flax thread, but not as large as jacking twine. This ficelle trims many of the imported bonnets. The ficelle thread is similar to macramé.

Plaids are again favored, and for girls in their teens are shown some stylish walking costumes made entirely of Roman plaided Surah of heavy quality and in deep rich colors—green and gold predominating. These dresses are killed all the way up the coat bodies for the street, being of some self-colored material embroidered in the prevailing color of the plaids in the skirt. Where a sash is added to the killed dress it matches that of the bodice in color and decoration.

THE June number of the Eclectic is at hand and contains a very large number of noteworthy and readable articles. The table of contents is as follows: "Science and Morality," "A Modern Solitary," "Romance of Business," "Eclectic Progress," "Lines to a Lady who was Robbed of her Jewels," "The Revision of the French Constitution," "Mr. Swinburne Trilogy on Mary Queen of Scots," "Fashions and Physiology," "Let Nobody Puss," &c. Besides these there are four well-filled Editorial Departments, Literary Notices, Foreign Literary Notes, Science and Art, and Miscellany.

—Martinsville Rep.: David P. Burton, son of our fellow citizen, Col. J. E. Burton, has been nominated by the Republicans of Monroe county for commissioner. Dave is a number one man and deservedly popular, and his many friends in Morgan county hope for his successful election.

—Everything in the dry goods line cheaper at McCalla & Co's. than the same class of goods are sold elsewhere.

FOR RENT.—A small storeroom on a good business street. Inquire at the Progress office.

H. J. NICHOLS, ARCHITECT AND PRACTICAL BUILDER. Plans and Specifications carefully prepared for dwelling houses and public buildings. Also estimates of building completed throughout. All work finished at the time specified.
Bloomington, Ind., March 31, 1880.

FOUNTAIN HORSE AND CATTLE POWDERS

No horse will die of Cough, Croup or Lung Fever, and no cattle will die of Cholera, Typhoid, or any other disease, if they use FOUNTAIN'S HORSE AND CATTLE POWDERS. These powders will increase the quantity of milk and cream twenty per cent, and make the butter fat and sweet.
Powders will cure or prevent all other diseases to which Horses and Cattle are subject.
FOUNTAIN'S HORSE AND CATTLE POWDERS are sold everywhere.
DAVID E. FOUNTAIN, Proprietor, BARTTOWN, MD.

Sold by P. Bowman, Bloomington

ESTATE OF MARTHA FARMER, DECEASED.

In the Monroe circuit court, in the State of Indiana. No. 151.
All creditors, heirs and legatees of said Estate are hereby notified that Joseph V. Buskirk, Administrator of said Estate, has filed his account and vouchers in partial settlement of said Estate, and that the same will come up for examination and approval on the 4th day of September, 1882, the same being the first judicial day of the September Term, 1882, of said court, at which time said creditors, heirs and legatees are required to appear in said court, in the court house in the city of Bloomington, and show cause, if any there be, why said account should not be approved.
Witness my name as clerk, and the seal of said court, this 25th day of May, 1882.
WM. F. BROWNING, Clerk Monroe C. C.

ESTATE OF JOHN J. CHERRY, DECEASED.

In the Monroe circuit court, in the State of Indiana. No. 152.
All creditors, heirs and legatees of said Estate are hereby notified that Joseph V. Buskirk, Administrator of said Estate, has filed his account and vouchers in partial settlement of said Estate, and that the same will come up for examination and approval on the 4th day of September, 1882, the same being the first judicial day of the September Term, 1882, of said court, at which time said creditors, heirs and legatees are required to appear in said court, in the court house in the city of Bloomington, and show cause, if any there be, why said account should not be approved.
Witness my name as clerk, and the seal of said court, this 25th day of May, 1882.
WM. F. BROWNING, Clerk Monroe C. C.

Adjourned Term OF THE MONROE CIRCUIT COURT.

NOTICE is hereby given that an Adjourned Term of the regular April Term, 1882, of said Court in the State of Indiana, will be held in the Court House in Bloomington, in Monroe county, beginning on

TUESDAY, July 11th, 1882, at 9 o'clock A. M., and continue from day to day until the business of said adjourned term is disposed of. Special attention of the parties and witnesses in the following cases is called to said adjourned term, to-wit:
No. 82—John W. Shoemaker vs. Milton J. Smith.
No. 82—Jacob Tague vs. Margaret Fowler and William Fowler.
No. 188—William A. Gabo vs. Archibald McDaniel.
By Order of Court.
Witness my name with the seal of said Court at Bloomington, June 1st, 1882.
WM. F. BROWNING, Clerk of Monroe C. C.

SHERIFF'S SALE.
BY virtue of a certified copy of a decree to me directed, from the Clerk of the Monroe Circuit Court, in a cause wherein Martin L. E. Smith is plaintiff, and Thomas J. Fulford and Sarah Fulford are defendants, requiring me to make the sum of One hundred and thirty-four dollars and eighty-seven cents (\$134 87-100), with interest on said decree and costs, I will expose at public sale, to the highest bidder, on

SATURDAY, June 24th, 1882, between the hours of 10 o'clock A. M. and 4 o'clock P. M. of said day, at the door of the Court house, of Monroe county, Indiana, the rents and profits for a term not exceeding seven years of the following described real estate, to-wit:

The northwest quarter of the northeast quarter of Section 36 (4) in Township 10 (10) north of range one (1) west, containing forty (40) acres more or less, situated in Monroe county, Indiana.

If such rents and profits will not sell for a sufficient sum to satisfy said decree, interest and costs, I will at the same time and place expose at public sale the fee simple of said real estate, or so much thereof as may be sufficient to discharge said decree, interest and costs.

Said sale will be made without any relief whatever from valuation or appraisal laws.
SILAS GRIMES, Sheriff of Monroe county.
Bursick & Duncan, attorneys.
May 31-82.

Notice of Administration.
NOTICE is hereby given, that the undersigned has been appointed by the Clerk of the Circuit Court of Monroe county, State of Indiana, Executor of the last Will and Testament of Allen Sparks, late of Monroe county, deceased.
Said estate is supposed to be solvent.
B. F. ADAMS, Executor.
May 31-82. Loudon & Miers, att'ys.

A NEW FIRM.
A. W. JOHNSON. CAPT. FIELDS.

Johnston & Fields.
Having bought the Orchard stock of Groceries and added largely to that well filled house, have now a stock of goods that surpasses anything ever offered in this market, which we can sell to cash buyers at prices that defy competition. Our object is to do a rousing business, and we have made every preparation to prevent our being disappointed. If good goods, low prices, polite assistants and good weights are any object to you, we would be pleased to have you call at least satisfy yourself that we mean business. Hay scales in connection with the store. Remember the place—south side square, Bloomington, May 31-82. JOHNSTON & FIELDS.

ESTATE OF J. S. SMITH FENTER, DECEASED.

In the Monroe circuit court, in the State of Indiana. No. 153.
All creditors, heirs and legatees of said Estate are hereby notified that Joseph D. Handy and Milton Hight, Administrators of said Estate, have filed their account and vouchers in partial settlement of said Estate, and that the same will come up for examination and approval on the 4th day of September, 1882, the same being the first judicial day of the September Term, 1882, of said court, at which time said creditors, heirs and legatees are required to appear in said court, in the court house in the city of Bloomington, and show cause, if any there be, why said account should not be approved.
Witness my name as clerk, and the seal of said court, this 25th day of May, 1882.
WM. F. BROWNING, Clerk Monroe C. C.

LIVERY AND SALE STABLE.

North Side Public Square, Bloomington. THINK underrated takes pleasure in calling attention to the fact that they have The Latest Styles of Buggies and Carriages, and good, steady horses for single and double driving. We are prepared to furnish Carriages for Weddings, Funerals and Parties, and swift teams for Commercial Travellers. Farmers' horses sold cheaply. WOHLRY & MAY.

Notice to Non-Residents.

State of Indiana, vs. In the Supreme Court. May Term, 1882.
Appeal from the Monroe Circuit Court. Number 931.

Marion Cocter, the unknown heirs of Thomas Baston, deceased, the unknown heirs of William Baston, deceased, the unknown heirs of John Baston, deceased, the unknown heirs of Barton Baston, deceased, VS. Isaiah Baston, Parrell Houston, Thomas Adams, George Adams, Polly Baston, John E. Baston, Jonathan H. Baston, Sarah Taylor, Nancy McCracken, Henry Baston, Amanda McCracken, Henry Baston, James D. Baston, Benjamin Baston and Francis M. Baston.
Whereas, It appears by affidavit filed and due proof made to the Court that the co-appellants, to-wit: The unknown heirs of Thomas Baston, deceased, the unknown heirs of William Baston, deceased, the unknown heirs of John Baston, deceased, the unknown heirs of Barton Baston, deceased, are non-residents of the State of Indiana,

Now, therefore, said co-appellants are hereby notified that on the 30th day of January, 1882, the above named Marion Cocter filed in the Clerk's office of said court, a transcript of the record in a certain suit appealed from the Monroe Circuit Court wherein Isaiah Baston, and others, above named were plaintiffs, and said Marion Cocter and others were defendants; and said co-appellants above named are also notified to appear at the Court Rooms in Indianapolis before said Supreme Court and prosecute or decline said appeal on the fourth Monday of November next, else the same will be proceeded upon in their absence. And it is further ordered by the Court that the Clerk of this Court cause this notice to be published in the Bloomington Progress, a weekly newspaper of general circulation, printed and published at Bloomington, in Monroe county, Indiana, for three weeks successively.

Witness, Jonathan W. Gordon, Clerk, and the Seal of said Court, this 25th day of May, A. D. 1882.
J. W. GORDON, Clerk of Supreme Court.
May 31-82. Loudon & Miers, att'ys.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK, at Bloomington, in the State of Indiana, at close of business, on the 19th day of May, 1882:

RESOURCES:	
Loans and Discounts	\$209,311 52
Overdrafts	4,303 24
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation	120,000 00
U. S. Bonds on hand per law	500 00
Due from approved Reserve Agents	2,019 67
Due from other National Banks	28,100 88
Due from State and Private Banks and Bankers	739 69
Real Estate	\$5,338 46
Furniture and Fixtures	2,041
Current expenses and Taxes paid	3,808 37
Bills of other Banks	5,299 00
Fractional currency (including Nickels and cents)	283 32
Gold Coins	11,400 00
Silver Coins	3,200 00
Legal tender Notes	9,400 00
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (not more than 5 per cent. on circulation)	3,400 00
Total	\$408,894 06
LIABILITIES:	
Capital stock paid in	\$120,000 00
Surplus Fund	11,400 00
Undivided profits	7,662 49
Circulating Notes re-issued from Company	\$108,000 00
Individual deposits subject to check	102,035 14
Demand certificates of Deposit	69,686 16
Due to State and Private Banks and Bankers	107 27
Total	\$408,894 06

STATE OF INDIANA, Monroe County, vs. I, W. E. Woodburn, Cashier of the above-named Bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true, to the best of my knowledge and belief.
W. E. WOODBURN, Cashier.
Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 26th day of May, 1882.
JOHN H. LOUDON, Notary Public.

Correct—Attest: JOHN WALTON, NAT. U. HILL, HENRY C. McCAN, May 31, 1882. Directors.

IMPORTANT.

WE HAVE REMOVED OUR IMMENSE STOCK OF HARDWARE AND AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS TO THE NEW ROOM PREPARED SPECIALLY for us in the Waldron Block, North Side of the PUBLIC SQUARE, BLOOMINGTON, IND., and invite all of our friends to call and see us.

Champion Reapers and Mowers, Sulky Hay Rakes, Revolving Hay Rakes, Plows, Wheat Drills. Cultivators and

The Early Breakfast COOKING STOVE

Are Among Our Specialties. EAST OF THE POSTOFFICE.

STUART & MCPHEETERS

Remember to give us a social call.

5th Annual Session NORMAL AND PREPARATORY SCHOOL, BLOOMINGTON, IND.

Beginning July 17th, and ending with the Monroe County Institute, Aug. 26th, 1882.

WORK TO BE DONE:

I. Normal, embracing everything and anything required by teachers and those desiring to teach;
II. Preparatory, meeting the wants of those who may wish to enter College with full standing, next fall;
III. Bookkeeping and Laws of Business, giving a rare opportunity for those who may wish such instructions.

TERMS:
Tuition \$3, payable in advance. Board from \$2.25 to \$3 per week. Parties wishing board at the lowest rates must communicate with the Teachers on the subject. Expenses for the entire Term need not exceed \$20.
For further information send for Circular.

Address, W. R. HOUGHTON, J. A. BECK, J. K. WOODBURN, } Bloomington, Indiana. } Trustees.

SPRING CAMPAIGN.

THE LADIES of Bloomington and vicinity are respectfully informed that the Proprietor of the City Book Store, in anticipation of their wants during this season of house cleaning and house decoration, has now on sale an immense stock of WALL PAPER.