Republican Progress.

PUBLICATION OFFICE: Progress Block, corner Sixth Street and College Avenue.

PRINTED EACH TUESDAY MORNING BY WM. A. GABE, Editor and Publisher.

One Year (in advance).....$1 00
A Club of 5 or more copies, each 1 50

Louisville, N. A. & C. Railway

Now runs its entire Trains to Chicago, Over its own line, making the very best route to all points in Illinois, Iowa, Wisconsin, Minnesota, Nebraska, Kansas, Colorado and California. Only one change to all points west. Only direct route to Michigan.

NORTH.	MAIL.	MIXED.
Lv. Bloomington	11.13 am	6.56 am
Ar. Greencastle	1.31 pm	1.30 am
Crawfordsville	2.41 pm	
Lafayette	3.49 pm	
Chicago	8.50 pm	
Michigan City	7.20 pm	

SOUTH.	MAIL.	ACCOM.
Lv. Bloomington	5.29 pm	5.50 am
Ar. Mitchell	6.50 pm	7.26 am
New Albany	9.15 pm	1.15 am
Louisville	9.45 pm	10.45 am

Quickest route to Indianapolis: Through Tickets to all points, North, West and South, on sale at Bloomington. The agent of this company is the only person that can sell you a through ticket, or check your baggage through from Bloomington. CARTER PERING, Agt. Murray Kelly, G. P. A., Louisville, Kentucky.

Ohio & Mississippi Railroad.

Trains leave Mitchell as follows:

GOING WEST.		GOING EAST.	
Mail,	11.36 a.m	Mail,	2.47 p.m
Express,	11.31 p.m	Express,	3.27 p.m
Express,	11.45 a.m	Express,	2.39 a.m
Accom'tion	1.06 p.m	Express,	3.54 a.m

Emigrants for Texas and the Great West should purchase Tickets by the Ohio & Mississippi Railway. Lowest rates for Tickets, Household Goods, Stock, etc. All passengers carried to St. Louis, Union Depot. No midnight changes by this route. For all information, such as Maps, Time Tables, rates on passengers, freights, etc., apply to Station Agents of this Company, or call on or address J. S. MILLS, General Emigration Agent, Seymour, Ind.

—The Chicago Journal says that John A. Logan will be Illinois's candidate for the presidency in 1884.

—A ten story building to cost three quarters of a million dollars is to be erected on the site of the old World building in New York.

—A New York girl working in a shop at $3 per week had $200 left her by an aunt. She spent $75 of it in one dress and used the remainder of it in lace at $12 per yard.

—The Cincinnati papers are calling for compulsory vaccination. That city is scourged by the small pox. It has been in that city all winter and unless very prompt measures are resorted to will remain there all summer.

—At Madison, this State, a brewing company has just commenced an artificial process of converting water into ice, and on one morning last week turned out 20 tons, appearing to establish the success of such an undertaking.

—Near Madison, last Sunday, Mr. Joseph Geiman's little boy, coughing while he had a grain of corn in his mouth, unfortunately drew it down his windpipe and it lodging in his lungs caused hemorrage and death.

—A man at Lecsport, Pa., is reported to have recently become insane and dangerous from a persistent effort to commit to memory the entire Bible as a preparation for the ministry.

—A North Carolina justice of the peace recently married a couple as he sat enthroned in state on the back of a mule, and the animal for once realized that there was bigger trouble going on than he could produce, and kept his heels still.

—A clear-headed preacher, last Sunday, instead of making the customary "announcements," pointedly said he did not propose to turn his pulpit into a bulletin board, as there were three newspapers in the town, and in accordance with that declaration refused to give out the half dozen notices handed him by the sexton.

—There were 35,000 people in attendance at the Forrestry convention exercises in Cincinnati on "Arbor Day." Trees were planted by authors, soldiers, statesmen and others. The proceedings were very interesting and a fine feeling for the cause awakened among the multitude in attendance.

—National banks are reorganizing under the old laws, as their charters expire, without the cumbersome red tape that was supposed to be required and without calling in their loans. One bank in Cincinnati has so reorganized and another in Chicago closed at night and reopened in the morning on the new basis. It thus becomes a matter of indifference whether Congress passes the Crapo bill or not.

—The law in New York permits a landlord to evict a tenant on two hour's notice. A list published in the Herald shows that there were more evictions last year than there were in Ireland. Wouldn't it be well to organize a Land League in New York. Sending money to England in aid of a Land League is a good deal like the missionary money sent to the heathen, it is needed much more at home than abroad.

—A cargo of flour sent to Europe, from New York recently, is on its way back, the price at which it was purchased and the price for which it could be sold abroad differing so widely as to make the return of the commodity desirable. Europe has enough to eat and to wear, and by and by the products of our soil may be offered to home consumers at better figures. Much depends upon the outlook of the crop for 1882.

—Fifteen dogs were found dead in a sheep pen where strychnine had been scattered, near Mitchell, the other night.

—At the close of the sermon the minister became impressive. Raising his voice, he said: "Judgment! judgment!" and a small boy in the vestibule shouted, "Out on first."

—Jesse James was partaker in robberies of over $250,000, and yet left only about $200 to his widow. Evidently, a life of crime don't pay in any sense.

—Take-it-Easy and Live-Long are brothers, and are related to Ayer's Sarsaparilla, which has lengthened many a life.

—At Finchville, Ky., there is the model hog house of the country. It is built of stone, with a hanging roof, and a clear stream flows through the building. There are $20,000 worth of hogs in it.

—Salem Press: Zachariah T. Coffin, well known to all our old citizens, died at his home in Bloomington, on April 21, aged 61 years. Mr. C. was born near Salem and resided here until 1862, when he moved to Bloomington, where he had since resided.

—While a man was sitting in the crotch of a tree to saw off a limb, at Saginaw, Michigan, the crotch split as the limb fell, letting him down into the opening and then closing on him. It took an hour of chopping and prying to get him out of the trap, and several of his ribs were broken by the squeezing.

—Loogootee Tribune: By terms of the will of the late Christian Keck, his wife gets $2,300 worth of notes; Henry the home place, with some personal property; William $500 worth of notes and some personal property; Nancy J., of Bloomington, the property at that place, both real and personal, and the remainder of the heirs get ten dollars each.

—Louise Montague, the prize beauty of Forepaugh's circus last season, had a leg bruised in a Kentucky railroad collision. The hurts were not permanent, and did not disable her for exhibition purposes, yet she brought suit for $20,000, and has obtained $1,000 by a compromise with the company.

—In his latest card, Guiteau says that, had his relatives all died twenty-five years ago it would have been a God-send to him. We are liberal enough to extend this period and wish that the elder Guiteau and his wife had died before the assassin was born. Had that been the case, the American people could have got along very well with the balance of the relatives.

—The Supreme Court has sat down on the gift enterprise business as follows:

George H. Lohman et al. vs. The State. Noble C. C. Niblack, J.—Prosecution upon affidavit and information against appellants for advertising a gift enterprise under sections 171 and 172 of the misdemeanor act of 1881. In common parlance, a gift enterprise is understood to be a scheme for the distribution of certain articles of property to be determined by chance among those who have taken shares in the scheme, and that meaning of the phrase has attained such a notoriety as to justify courts in taking judicial notice of it. The information, fairly construed, is not open to the objection that it contains a charge of two distinct offenses. The account of the enterprise announced how much money, to be invested in a specified manner, would procure a ticket, and this was equivalent to stating the price of the ticket. The motion to quash was rightly overruled. Judgment affirmed.

—The following experiment will cost nothing to try and may prove of great advantage here in this section where there is always more or less corn prostrated by storms in the summer:

"Careful experiments have proved that corn which is hilled will blow down more rapidly than that which has level cultivation. This can be accounted for by the fact that corn roots run very near the surface, and when hills are made they are confined to the small space covered by the hill; while in level culture the roots run from one row to the other, thus enabling the corn to stand strong, as nature intended, and in no way liable to be blown down except by winds of unusual violence.

—John W. Buskirk, of Bloomington, is being very favorably mentioned as a candidate for Judge of the Supreme Court from this district. Quite a number of the newspapers of the district have given him very complimentary notices. Whether Mr. Buskirk will be a candidate or not we cannot say, but if he makes the race, and receives the hearty support which he has heretofore had in his Senatorial district, he will be a formidable candidate to oppose. Mr. Buskirk is a lawyer of marked ability, and has the confidence of those who know him best.—Dec'd News.

The Latest Fashionable Craze.

It is now "the thing" to make what is called "crazy patch work quilts." Where the idea first originated is not definitely known, but that it has taken a firm hold upon a certain few has recently received almost daily occular demonstration. These peculiarly constructed articles of handiwork consist of a miscellaneous collection of all kinds and sizes of bright colored goods thrown together in hodge-podge style—so as to convey the idea that the maker was "crazy" when the quilt was constructed—and producing a bewildering conglomeration of kaleidoscopic colors that is almost dazzling in its effect, but, on the whole, not unpleasant to look upon. Perhaps the most interesting feature of the work, however, is the rage it has created for all kinds of bright colored goods, silks, satins, plushes and velvets being the favorites. Stores have been visited and samples of goods obtained under false pretenses, in order that the work may go on, while every vestige of colored goods about houses where the craze numbers a victim, have been worked over and utilized until only the more sombre colored articles remain unmolested. Another striking feature of the work is the opportunity it affords for every young lady to make it not only "a thing of beauty and a joy forever," but also an object around which many tender recollections may cluster, by reason of the fact that it gives her an opportunity to secure and deftly engraft within its body numberless pieces from the discarded bright-colored neckties of all of her beaux and gentlemen friends—in fact, this kind of goods finds high favor in every well-constructed "crazy," as they are called, and the craze has become so great that some of the more obliging young men have almost entirely stripped themselves of neckwear, and are in fear of having to fall back on liver-pads as a last resort. Where the craze will end is, as yet, shrouded in the deepest mystery.

Whereas, Mrs. W. C. L. Taylor has been the teacher of music in the Bloomington Schools for a part of the past two years, and

Whereas, She is about to depart from Bloomington to give instruction in music in the schools of Lafayette, therefore we, the teachers of all the departments of the Bloomington Schools express our sentiments in the following resolutions:

Resolved, That in the departure of Mrs. W. C. L. Taylor the teachers of Bloomington lose a co-laborer in the work of instruction, one whose companionship has always been agreeable, profitable and pleasant, and whose position cannot be easily supplied;

Resolved, That the learners in the loss of Mrs. Taylor will be deprived of an instructor who has labored for them faithfully; has instructed them efficiently, and has been of advantage to them that will extend through life;

Resolved, That the citizens of Bloomington, by the call of Mrs. Taylor to another place, will lose the presence and influence of a lady of extraordinary energy, whose public efforts of a benevolent nature have been of lasting good to our citizens, and have left for her an enduring monument;

Resolved, That it is our heartfelt wish and prayer that she may be spared many years to realize the fruits of a life fraught with benevolent deeds.

W. R. HOUGHTON,
L. E. BAXTER, } Com.
O. A. WILSON,

—Gen. Chalmers, the hero (?) of the Fort Pillow massacre, who has been holding the office of Congressman from the "shoestring" district, of Mississippi, in defiance of the wish of a majority of over 6,000 of his constituents, and solely by virtue of force and fraud, has finally been unseated, and Lynch, the contesting Republican installed. Lynch is a colored man.

—A lot of discarded White House furniture was sold at auction recently. The relic-hunters were there, and many useless things brought good round prices. One article sold was the alleged historical contrivance which captured the rat which fed upon the martyr President Lincoln's old clothes. If the bones of the disrespectful rodent could have been sold with the trap, it is not possible to imagine what price would have satisfied the uplifted hammer of the auctioneer.

—A gentleman who had been out between acts to get his breath perfumed with cloves at the theatre, on Tuesday evening, strolled into the orchestra for a few minutes (his own seats were in the dress circle), and was standing in the aisle taking an inventory of the beauty and chivalry of the house, when he was accosted by a talkative man on the end of the seat near which he stood. After a little conversation, two ladies from the dress circle commenced to beckon to him, and the officious stranger said:

"I say, I guess we've 'mashed' something up there."

No answer.

"Not much of a conquest, for I swear that woman on the right of the post is ugly enough to turn milk sour."

"Yes," replied our friend, "she is plain, but for all that she is my wife."

"Did I say the right of the post? confusedly asked the volunteer conversationist. "I mean the left. There, she looks this way now; the one with groundhog eyes, Dahomey nose, and mouth like a suffering lobster. There, she grins again. That's the one! You see?"

"Yes, I see. That is my sister. They are all relatives of mine along that row."

"Here, keep my seat a few minutes, please," said the stranger. "I—I—must get a little fresh air. It's horrible close in here."

[Communicated.

WHO SHALL WE NOMINATE?

Mr. Editor:—A call has been made for a Republican Convention to meet on the 27th of this month to nominate candidates for the different county offices. It is highly important for the success of our ticket that we not only nominate men qualified for the position but also men who are true Republicans and have shown their fidelity to the party by their works. It is not every applicant, however well qualified he may be for other positions, who can without experience manage the complicated business of a county office. This has been made manifest in our own and other counties.

But in the selection of candidates for office, qualifications being equal, the question which should be first settled is, which of the applicants for position has done most for the success of the party? There are many Republicans who are or seem to be indifferent to the success of our ticket. They will neither spend their time or their money for the Republican cause but are eager and anxious to become candidates for honorable positions on the Republican ticket. There are others who from the opening of a political campaign to its close, whether for town, city, county, State or Nation, are energetic in organizing the party, liberally spending their time and money when necessary, and on election day working hard at the polls until the last ballot is deposited, and seeing that every Republican in the election precinct has had an opportunity to vote; and all this work is done without prospect of remuneration. These faithful and enthusiastic workers have claims upon our party which should not be ignored. They are a tower of strength to our party. Without such men we would suffer defeat at every election, and especially would this be the case if the success of the party depended upon the lukewarm and indifferent, who do nothing more for the success of the ticket than go to the polls and vote. These latter have no further interest in the Republican cause than their own personal aggrandizement.

We submit to every candid, fair-minded Republican—is it right and just that the working men of the party, men who infuse life into all our political campaigns, who organize our party, expend their time, money and energy in the cause, should be ignored by a Republican Convention, and official positions given to others who care nothing for the success of the party unless they happened to be a candidate. The former have many claims upon us, the latter none.

We have men who are applicants before our convention for office who are, as tested experience has proven them to be, eminently qualified for the position to which they aspire, and who have displayed far more than ordinary energy and zeal in the success of our party, while acting in the capacity of citizens and not applicants for position.

As a Republican I say, "Honor to whom honor is due." We will have an opportunity on the 27th to show our appreciation of the services of these men. May we not be direlict in our duty and show ingratitude where gratitude is due.

A REPUBLICAN.

—Following in the wake of the Gainsborough hat comes the "crinolette," a new and very deceptive style of bustle. The "crinolette," is worn by women whose stunted anatomical proportions, when not padded out with this new invention, give them the appearance of walking broomsticks. With the aid of the "crinolette" a woman weighing less than a forty-cent doll, and who looks like the last survivor of a year's famine, can "make up" to proportions of the "Great American Fat Woman." A man who marries in these days, thinking that he is getting one hundred and forty pounds of wife, is liable to discover, when too late, that he has but forty pounds of wife and one hundred pounds of deception.

BROAD TIRES.—There should be used for the preservation of roads broad tired wagon wheels. These would not only run easier, but would not cut up the road when soft, which is a great source of injury. Narrow tires and heavy loads soon make ruts, and these in turn hold water still worse, and as work is done but once or twice a year, it is very expensive keeping them in repair, and they are seldom good. Cities are beginning to require wide tires, porportioned in width to the load to be carried, for wagons to be used in the city. If they are good for the city they certainly are for the country. They have long been in use in England, and they would not think of using our narrow tires. Broad tires are also best for use on the farm, where there is much hauling on soft ground. The time will soon come when they will be universally used.

Mr. Lebouchere tells us that Brigham Young's death was being discussed at a London dinner party, when a young lady started the rather bold contention that the principles of Mormonism should for the future be reversed. "Times," she said "are so bad, and fashions so expensive, that it is absurd for one man to have four or five wives; whereas, if each woman had four or five husbands, see how much cheaper it would be for each husband, and"—the point which seemed most to commend itself to her—"how much better wives could dress." But what is to become of the ladies we don't know.

DECORATION DAY.

Persuant to a call a meeting was held at the Courthouse on Tuesday evening, May 2nd. Major J. B. Mulkey chosen Chairman and J. F. Pittman Secretary.

The following were appointed committee on arrangements: W. F. Browning, H. C. Duncan, J. G. McPheeters, jr., Henry Henley, L. E. McKinney, J. R. East, J. F. Pittman.

Committee on Music: Miss Ida Howe, Charley Maxwell, Dick Maxwell, Wall Pauley.

Committee on grounds and platform—Capt. Wm. H. Hughes Capt. Wm. H. Slocumb Capt. Geo W. Reeves.

Committee on Finance—Ellis E. Sluss, sr., James Karsell, W. H. Jones, J. G. McPheeters, jr., Wall Browning, Maj. Silas Grimes.

The following ladies were appointed from each ward to select six other ladies to assist in preparing the decorations for the graves.

First Ward—Mrs. L. A. Sibert.

Second Ward—Mrs. J. F. Pitman.

Third Ward—Mrs. C. P. Tuley.

The following gentlemen were appointed to assist the ladies in the preparations:

First Ward—John Waldron jr., John Graham.

Second Ward—Frank Wooley Mart. Alexander.

Third Ward—Benj. Adams, jr, Joseph E. Henley.

Orator—Rev. John L. Pitner.

Reader of the Roll of Honor—Chesley McLahlan.

Chaplain—Prof. Amzi Atwater.

Marshall—Major J. B. Mulkey.

Committee on arrangements will meet at the Court-house on Saturday, May 6th, at 7. p. m.

—At a meeting of the committee of arrangements for Decoration Day May 6, 1882, the following ward committees were organized and will constitute the permanent committee for such wards:

1st ward, Mrs. Chas. Sibert, President. Mrs. Jesse H. Buskirk, Misses Julia Waldron, Clara Turner, Armina Whisnand, Ada Wilson, Maggie Leffler, Lizzie Sluss.

2d ward, Mrs. J. F. Pittman, President. Mrs. Capt. Henry Perry, Mrs. Carter Pering, Misses Anna Ballentine, Flora Seward, Frank Pering, Emma Ehni.

3d ward, Mrs. Chas. P. Tuley, President. Mrs. Amzi Atwater, Mrs. B F. Adams, Mrs. John Borland, Misses Sallie Turner, Laura Lanman, Mary Hughes.

It is the desire of the committee of arrangements that the members of all committees will meet Saturday, May 13, 1882, at 7 p. m. at court house at ringing of the bell.

WM. F. BROWNING, Chairman.
J. F. PITTMAN, Secretary.

—For the advancement of the cause of woman suffrage in Indiana, and for the purpose of submitting and discussing plans and methods for securing the ratification of the woman suffrage amendment by the next legislature, and its ultimate approval by the voters at the polls, it is proposed to call a mass meeting in the city of Indianapolis, May 19th, 1882, of the women of the State who want to vote.

CANDIDATES'S ANNOUNCEMENTS.

TERMS, - - - CASH IN ADVANCE.

FOR COUNTY CLERK.

☞ By the solicitation of a large number of voters of Monroe county; D. W. BROWNING is a candidate for nomination for Clerk of the Circuit Court, by the Republican Nominating Convention.

—W. B. F. Treat will be a candidate for Clerk of the Circuit Court of Monroe county, subject to the decision of the Republican Nominating Convention.

—James B. Clark will be a candidate before the Republican Nominating Convention for the office of Clerk of Monroe county.

—Robert C. Foster will be a candidate for the office of Clerk of Monroe county, subject to the decision of the Republican Nominating Convention.

COUNTY AUDITOR.

—By the solicitation of many friends I will be a candidate before the Republican Nominating Convention for the office of County Auditor. MART. ALEXANDER.

—Robert M. Gamble will be a candidate for nomination to the office of Auditor of Monroe county, subject to the decision of the Republican Nominating Convention.

SHERIFF.

—Silas Grimes will be a candidate for renomination to the office of Sheriff of Monroe county, subject to the decision of the Republican Nominating Convention.

COUNTY TREASURER.

—We are authorized to announce the name of Dr. Rice C. Harris as a candidate for the office of County Treasurer, subject to the decision of the Republican Nominating Convention.

—We are authorized to announce the name of Dr. W. L. Whitted of Ellettsville, as a candidate for the office of County Treasurer, subject to the action of the Republican Convention.

—Isaac Claman, of Richland Township, will be a candidate for County Treasurer, before the Republican Nominating Convention of Monroe county.

—Clay Harbison of Richland township, will be a candidate before the Republican Nominating Convention for the office of Treasurer.

COUNTY RECORDER.

—We are authorized to announce the name of William N. Hall as a candidate for the office of Recorder of Monroe co., subject to the decision of the Republican Nominating Convention.

—In looking over the list of candidates for the various offices to be filled this Fall we see no one for Recorder. Now we would like to mention the name of Isaac Payne, of Perry Township, for that office. He is well qualified for the position, and is incapable of earning a livlihood by physical labor, being so crippled that he can not walk without the aid of crutches. He deserves the sympathy and support of the voters of Monroe county. PERRY

The Early Breakfast COOKING STOVE

DOES HEAD THE PROCESSION,

AND OLIVER CHILLED PLOWS

TAKE THE LEAD, AND

ARE SOLD BY

STUART & McPHEETERS

WE HAVE NOW REMOVED OUR IMMENSE STOCK OF HARDWARE AND AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS TO THE NEW ROOM PREPARED SPECIALLY for us in the Waldron Block.

Any article kept in a Hardware Store will be found on our shelves, or will be ordered on application.

EAST OF THE POSTOFFICE.

COME AND SEE US.

STUART & McPHEETERS.

Births and Deaths.

Jerome and Willie Jane Baker, girl.
George W and Sarah C. May, boy.
Samuel L. and Margaret Kerr, girl.
Wade H. and Malinda Eads, boy.
Peter C. and Mary Ann Smith, boy.
Jerry M. and Ruth A. Mesier, boy.
Wm T. and E. F. Miller, boy.
John and Margaret M. Burns, boy.
James and Dora E. Eller, girl.
Samuel and Mariah Bower, boy.
Edward S. and P. E. Deckard, girl.
Peter and Lyda Martin, boy.
John L. and Sallie Adams, girl.
W. P. and Sarah F. Davis, two boys.
Mellie Ducker, girl.
J. H. and Melvina A. Burkart, boy.
Wilson and Eliza Ross, girl.
W. J. and Martha B. Wethers, girl.
James and Carolinr Henson, boy.
Isaac and Martha A. Poling, girl.

BIRTHS—CITY.

Thomas and Cathrine Gordon, girl.
J. D. and Catherine J. Allison, boy.
David T. and Mattie A. Beattie, girl.
Albert and Melissa J. Croucher, girl.
Geo. W. and Margaret Reeves, boy.
Nathaniel and Charity Gregg, boy.

DEATHS—COUNTY

Sallie E. Whisinand, consumption.
Mrry Helton Ketcham, cirrhosis of the liver.
Isaiah Pierce, consumption.
Infant Diler, still birth.
Laura Pennington. Paralysis.
Martha A. White, tubercular meningitis.
Lucinda Ping, ceptitis.
John M. Raward, typhoid fever.
Infant Gentry, atelectasis.

DEATHS—CITY.

Infant Ellison, unknown.
Augustus Holtzman, hemiplegia.
Infant Beattie, premature birth.
Parker Pearson, chronic pericarditis
Zachariah T. Coffin, phthisic.

It is terribly hard work and very badly paid. For instance, for making what are called "No. 6 clasp" which weigh 200 to the pound, the pay is twopence a pound—a shilling for six pounds; and if found to be as much as an ounce over weight the work is "tailed," as it is called, to the extent of a penny in a shilling. A woman must work twelve or fourteen hours a day at the forge to earn about $1.75 a week; and not one in a hundred earns as much as $2.25 by her own unaided labor. But the inducment is that a child old enough to crack cherry stones with a hammer can assist at nail making, and "every little helps towards the mickle." Mere babies can earn fifty cents a week; and where there are six or eight children of various ages, the total earnings amount to something considerable. The houses are built for the purpose. To each one is attached a "stall" or "hearth" the separate rent of which is fourpence a week, a mite of a place occupied chiefly with the hearth and the bellows, and affording so little elbow room for the half dozen workers within that it appears a marvel that they are not seared all over the exposed part of their bodies by the flying sparks and redhot chips. They are what are called free workers, being paid according to results.

☞ You have something to attend to go about it coolly and thoughtfully, and do it just as well as you can. Do it as though it were the only thing you had ever to do in your life, and as if everything depended upon it. Then your work will be well done, and it will afford you genuine satisfaction. Often much more does depend upon the manner in which things, seemingly trivial, are performed, than one would suppose, or than it is possible to forsee. Do everything well, and you will find it conducive to your happiness, and that of those with whom you come in contact.

Call of City Orders.

To whom it may concern:

At a meeting of the Common Council held May 3rd, 1882, the following order was adopted.

All persons holding orders against the City of Bloomington are hereby notified to present the same to the City Treasurer for payment.

Interest will be stopped on all outstanding orders presented for payment on and after June 1st, 1882.

ROBT. C. GREEVES,
City Clerk.

May 4th, 1882.

SPRING CAMPAIGN.

THE LADIES of Bloomington and vicinity are respectfully informed that the Proprietor of the City Book Store, in anticipation of their wants during this season of house cleaning and house decoration, has now on sale an immense stock of *WALL PAPER*,

Window Shades,

MOTH-Proof

CARPET LINING,

The goods are new, the styles late and beautiful, and the prices such as cannot fail to please. Do not fail to see his stock and learn his prices before purchasing.

April 19, 1882. E. P. COLE.

ESTATE OF SARAH FROST, DEDECEASED.

In the Monroe circuit court, in the State of Indiana.

All creditors, heirs and legatees of said Estate are hereby notified that William Gourley, administrator of said Estate, has filed his account and vouchers in final settlement of said Estate, and that the same will come up for examination and approval on the 4th day of Sept., 1882, the same being the first judicial day of the September Term, 1882, of said court, at which time said creditors, heirs and legatees are required to appear in said court, in the court house in the city of Bloomington, and show cause, if any there be, why said account should not be approved.

Witness my name as clerk, and the seal of said court affixed, the 6th day of May, 1882. WM. F. BROWNING,
[SEAL] Clerk Monroe C. C.
By D. W. Browning, Deputy.
Jas. B. Mulky, atty. may 10, 1882

LIVERY and SALE STABLE.

North Side Public Square, Bloomington.

THE undersigned take pleasure in calling attention to the fact that they have 'The Latest Styles of Buggies' and Carriages, and good, steady horses for single and double driving. We are prepared to furnish Carriages for Weddings, Funerals and Parties, and swift teams for Commercial Travelers. Farmers' horses fed cheaply. WORLEY & MAY.

H. J. NICHOLS,
ARCHITECT
AND PRACTICAL BUILDER,

Plans and Specifications carefully prepared for dwelling houses and public building. Also estimates of buildings completed throughout. All work finished at the time specified.

Bloomington, Ind., March 31, 1880.

To FARMERS And Stock Raisers.

B. FRANK STANGER has brought to town a pair of fine stallions: a "Clydesdale" and a "Norman." The former is a general purpose horse and the latter is a heavy draft horse of great power. These fine animals will spend the Spring months at a stable in the rear of Mrs. Young's residence, in the 2d ward, three squares east of the court house, where persons desiring to secure the best breeds of horses should call. till jun26

Saddles, Harness, Etc.

I HAVE ON HANDS WAGON & Buggy Harness, Men's and Ladies's Saddles, Bridles, Collars, Halters and almost everything needed in this line, made by the best of workmen, which I propose to sell as

LOW DOWN AS THE LOWEST.

All my goods are made from the very best of material. I ask those wishing to purchase to give me a call and examine before purchasing elsewhere.

SPRING SEAT SADDLES

and any other kind, made by Ed. Batterton, out of the best material.

My place of business is on West Side Public Square in

Club. Howe's North Room,

one door south of Mrs. S. Smith Hunter's. Any one wishing to attend to other business than the above, such as *renting property* or *land trade* will please call at my Harness Shop and I will assist. Also remember and do not forget it, I will receive orders for

FRUIT TREES,

of all kinds from Canton Nursery, near Salem, Ind., to be delivered on the first of November next.

May 3-82. I. MILT. ROGERS.

Napoleon's Campaign in 1812.

Flushed with his series of victories Napoleon crossed the Niemen in June. As he advanced, the Russians retreated, destroying in their flight everything that would sustain the life of man or beast. Before a shot had been fired, twenty-five thousand of the "grand army" were suffering the pangs of hunger and dying too rapidly to be buried; the road to Nilna was piled with ten thousand dead horses, and a hundred and twenty pieces of artillery were abandoned *en route* for want of horses to haul them. At Smolensko, the first stand was made, and a siege begun.—During the night, the inhabitants evacuated the city, and retreated, with the soldiers, leaving for the French the shelter of fire, smoke and ashes. At Borodino, the Russians halted, in the hope of checking the conquerror, and saving Moscow, in which he had declared he would spend New Year's.—Battle lines were drawn on September 6, each side having about a hundred and thirty thousand men, and the artillery of both aggregating a thousand guns. The battle commenced at sunrise; it closed with the darkness, and, although ninety thousand men lay dead upon the field, neither combatant could claim a signal triumph. The Russians resumed their retreat to Moscow, and when Napoleon caught up with them on Sept. 14, the city was like the grave.—Its three hundred thousand inhabitants had fled; incipient fires were burning at points best calculated to spread the flames, and in twenty-four hours the French themselves were compelled to fly from its environs to escape the conflagration. When the flames had been extinguished, the Kreملin was found habitable, and there Napoleon took up his residence to dictate terms of peace.

His victory at Moscow was too like that at Borodino—it had undone him. His men preferred graves in France, and demanded that they might be given a chance to see again the sunny slopes if only to die in the vision. On Oct. 19 the retreat began.

The Russians, frenzied, fell in small divisions upon the retreating and invalid French and cut them down like grain. Winter set in; ley mounds of corpses had to be climbed by those who were able to withstand the storms. Circles of dead surrounded the feeble bivouac fires. Birds of prey and famishing dogs followed the perishing detachments, and feasted on the dying and dead in the sight of their comrades.—When Napoleon reached Paris, Dec. 19, Ney and thirty soldier constituted the rear guard. From June to December a hundred and thirty thousand of the grand army had been slaughtered on battle-fields; a hundred and thirty thousand had died of cold and starvation; and two hundred thousand had been taken prisoners.

Discouragements.

One of the most fatal hindrances to success, as well as to happiness, is discouragement. It makes us miserable to lose courage, and feel that our cares, duties and trials are more than we can bear. Besides, it most effectually, in a majority of cases, prevents the accomplishment of what we undertake. In no department of human toil or responsibility are discouragements more likely to oppress us than in domestic life. Children feel this sometimes, fathers often, but mothers most frequently of all.

Notice of Dissolution.

THE firm of G. M. Strain & Co. has this day been dissolved by mutual consent, Alexander Strain retiring. The business will hereafter be carried on by G. M. Strain. All debts and accounts will be settled by the undersigned.

Apr 22d, 82. G. M. STRAIN.

NOTICE.

THE TRUSTEE'S OFFICE of Bloomington Township, is now located in the store room of A. W. Johnston, south side of the public square (Orchard's old stand) where I may be found on WEDNESDAY of each week, for the transaction of all business pertaining to the office. FRANK R. WOOLLEY,

April 19-1882-3t Trustee.

Genuine Spring Seat Saddles

OF OUR OWN MANUFACTURE AT $15. We also have the largest stock of

Harness, Collars,

and a full line of all goods usually kept in any shop of the kind in this county.

LINDLEY'S OLD STAND,

West side of the public square.

mr1-82 W. F. REED & SON.

$8,000 $10,000

EIGHT OR TEN

Thousand Dollars'

WORTH OF GOODS

At Cost or Less,

To CLOSE Business.

Most of my stock was purchased this fall for cash, and all old stock will be sold regardless of cost. I have a splendid stock of the newest styles of shades of Dress Goods, Cloaks, Sackings, Shawls, Dress Trimmings, Notions, Hats, Caps, Carpets, Oil Cloths, Queensware, etc. A large stock of Boots and Shoes, best makes. It will pay you to call and see them.

☞ A large stock of Mens' and Boys' Clothing at less than cost. ☜

Deficiency in hearing is the cause of my closing business.

I hereby tender my sincere thanks to the citizens of Monroe county for the liberal patronage they have bestowed on me for the last forty years, and I now invite all to come and share in the bargains I propose to give in closing out my stock of goods. W. O. FEE.

Nov 16-82.

Buy The Best

FURNITURE!

I have an EXCLUSIVE contract with the two Factories of Bloomington, by which I SAVE FREIGHT. By this arrangement I can get my goods cheaper than any one who buys at Cincinnati or Louisville.

I CAN AND WILL UNDERSELL ANY HOUSE IN THE COUNTY.

Before you buy, come and get my prices.

Aug 2d, 1881. JOHN P. SMITH.