Republican Progress.

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Ohio & Mississippi Railroad.
Trains leave Mitchell as follows:

GOING WEST.		GOING EAST.	
Mail,	11.36 a.m	Mail,	2.47 p.m
Express,	11.45 p.m	Express,	3.27 p.m
Express,	11.31 a.m	Express,	2.39 a.m
Accom'ion	1.06 p.m	Express.	3.51 a.m

Emigrants for Texas and the Great West should purchase Tickets by the Ohio & Mississippi Railway. Lowest rates for Tickets, Household Goods, Stock, etc. All passengers carried to St. Louis, Union Depot. No midnight changes by this route. For all information, such as Maps Time Tables, rates on passengers, freights, etc., apply to Station Agents of this Company, or call on or address J. S. MILLS, General Emigration Agent, Seymour, Ind.

L. N. A. & C. Railroad.
Time Table at Bloomington.

GOING NORTH.		GOING SOUTH.	
Express,	11:29a.m	Express,	5:25p.m
Accom'ion,	9:15p.m	Accom'ion,	5:50a m
Thro.freight	4:55a.m	Thro.freight	7:25a.m
Wayfreight	2:50p.m	Way freight,	8:55am

—Forty saloons in Omaha, have paid the $1,000 license fee.

—Circular saws were introduced into this country from England in 1817. They have proven very useful to surgeons and undertakers.

—Wet common cooking soda with water so that it will spread easily on a bit of cloth and bind it on the corn. Keep it on till the corn is loosened and comes out. It is simple and sure.

—Oxalic acid and Epsom salts cannot be distinguished by the naked eye. In a drug store at Spencer, Mass., a package of the former was emptied into a drawer of the latter, and in consequence a woman was poisoned to death.

—The weather has been very mild so far this winter in England as well as in this country. Violets and primroses are in bloom, and in the Isle of Wight raspberries and strawberries have ripened in the fields.

—The coffin of Garfield rests on a platform in the Schofield vault at Cleveland, and can easily be seen through the grated door. Soldiers are still on guard at the cemetery, and the coffin and platform are kept covered with fresh flowers.

—The lawyers defending a criminal at Sterling, Ill., presented to Judge Eustace the affidavits of several witnesses that his Honor was prejudiced in that case, and asking for a change of venue. The Judge promptly refused to grant the motion, and ordered the Grand Jury to indict the witnesses for perjury.

—There is an incorrigible little darkey down in Washington, Ga. He is 9 years old, and is known as a horse thief, as well as being willing to steal anything else. His mother has tried to reform him by whipping him for the first half of the day, and hanging him up in a bag and smoking him the other half, but the inhabitants of Washington despair of his being a trustworthy citizen.

—A hotel in the exact shape of an elephant has been built at Atlantic City. The idea, of course, is to draw excursionists by means of the novelty. The structure is 86 feet long and 65 feet high. Stairways inside the legs lead up to a restaurant and other rooms in the body, while on the back is a car forming a good place of outlook. The exterior is painted and sanded so as to resemble an elephant's skin, except for the windows. The cost was $20,000.

—In the matter of vaccine virus, druggists maintain that if impure virus is used they are in no way responsible. The wholesale druggists obtain their supplies from Philadelphia, which city draws it supplies from Prof. Allen, of Harrisburg, the great center of this branch of trade. Advocates of bovine virus do not have if all their own way either, for there are physicians who declare that humanized virus two or three removes from animal virus is even preferable to the latter. Then on the contrary there are those who warn the public against the use of humanized virus because a large per cent. of humanity are victims of hereditary or contracted blood and skin diseases, which may thus be communicated to the system of innocent and unsuspecting people. The prize conundrum still is, who shall decide when doctors disagree?

—Miss Lelia Osgood Vanderbilt, youngest daughter of William H. Vanderbilt, and Dr. William Seward Webb, son of Gen. James Watson Webb, were married in New York on the 20th ult. The bride's dress was a marvel of richness. It was made by Worth, and is composed of silver satin with a French train. The whole was veiled with the richest of point lace, row after row, forming flounces across the front. The veil was of point lace, and extended fully to the end of the train. It was secured with diamonds. The bride's traveling dress is of bronze green cloth, richly braided and trimmed with otter fur with hat to match. All the Bloomington girls will want to dress just so, after this, on their wedding occasions.

Letter from Capt. McKinney.

CLARENDON, TEXAS, Dec. 15, 1881.

Friend Gabe:—To redeem my promise I will attempt to give you a sketch of our travels and sight seeing since we left the quiet town of B. Nothing occurred on our railroad travel, of any note, except a little confidence game, played at St. Louis on a hard-fisted, green, unsuspecting farmer, by the name of Jas. Flanney, from Tenn., on his way to Springfield, Mo. He stepped out of the depot to hunt an eating saloon; a confidence man asked him where he was going; he said to Missouri; confidence man said he was going there himself; asked his victim what point; he said Springfield; confidence man said "I am going there myself, am in the grocery business. Mr. Flanney asked him if he knew his uncle. "Yes he does all his trading with me, come help me fix up some goods, and we will go together." On their way down the street a third man stepped up to the confidence man and demanded $250 for goods. He said his money was all in his valise, at the depot, but the third man had no time to go to the depot, so he turned to Mr. F. and asked him if he had $250 he could let him have till they went back to the depot. Mr. F. said yes, and shelled out; but confidence man failed to meet him at train time; so old Honesty was left with his railroad ticket and $100 in pocket. He said that fellow would never get him again that way.

Our trip from Dodge City, Kan., to the quiet little town of Clarenden, was attended by many strange, startling and dangerous incidents, for we crossed the Canadian River where one stage, horses and mail went entirely out of sight in the quicksands, and never were recovered. There a few months ago Uncle Sam's boys were crossing and lost a cannon in the same way, and they think by this time it must have turned up in China. (I speak of this so that if any of our friends should learn of its whereabouts, there is quite a little sum offered for its return.) With all these facts staring us in the face, just imagine our hair pushing our hats off our heads, when we struck six inches of water and horses and stage both went down together. You ought to have seen us spread out. If ever I wanted a pair of Dock Bates' broad-bottom sewed boots, it was then and there. After this we supposed the crisis had passed, but lo! the poor Indian; we had only got under full headway again in an old two horse wagon, when the stage or wagon driver began to tell us of the terrible war whoop that had been heard so lately on the old hillsides. Within the last five years the Indian and the buffalo had been running at will over the valleys and plains of the Panhandle of Texas. Then again we were made to dream of home when we would look out in the darkness on the bleaching bones of the buffalo and see in imagination those tall Red Skins with tomahawk in hand, ready to cleave us to pieces, but on the third night of our wearisome journey with hardly energy and life enough to gaze out on the darkness, we hove in sight of the glimmering lights in the little town of Clarenden. Our fears were all banished next morning when we for ourselves visited and inspected the impregnable fortification and breast-works on a little mound in the suburbs of Clarenden, capable of holding a half dozen women and children.

On our stage route of 250 miles, making 150 of it in day and 50 in darkness of the night, we passed some places of prominence in this section of the country. Fort Dodge, (a little place for general supplies with two colored regiments) the town of Mobeetie and Fort Elliott where there are a few soldiers. Outside of this, there was nothing of note except the Cow Boys, Dugout or Ranchman's headquarters, where peace and quiet reigns, as every fellow has a large belt full of cartridges and a heavy six-shooter buckled round him; but a more warm-hearted, generous set of fellows you never met; their home is your home whilst you are with them, and it is their custom if your happen along whilst he is out riding his line, and you are hungry to go in and help yourself; if there is nothing cooked, go to work and cook it, and if he should happen in when the meal is ready invite him to eat with you. They go on the presumption that possession is nine points in law.

The cattle business is a big thing in the Panhandle. Capt. Goodknight is the largest ranchman in the Panhandle; he has 40,000 head of cattle and has now about 100 miles of wire fence. For fear I weary your patience I will close. Your friend. Mc.

THE Holiday (Jan.) Wide Awake gives as frontispiece the Second Prize drawing of last spring's Prize Competition, the artist, F. H. Lungreen, the engraver W. B. Closson. It is called "Winter Birds," and is one of the most beautiful pictures ever executed in this country, both in design and engraving. One of the many striking features of the "Holiday Wide Awake" is the group of seven poems by the young Vermont poet, Miss Wilkins, under the title of "Poems of Christmas-tide," with ten fine illustrations by F. H. Lungreen, Mrs. Jessie Curtis Shepherd, F. S. Church, Miss Humphrey, &c., and engraved by Closson, Kilbourne, &c. "Ginevra Alveretta's Merry Christmas," in the Holiday (Jan.) "Wide Awake," is likely to prove a capital "reading" for entertainments where something thoroughly jolly is desired.

—A man had a curious race for life near Meriden, Conn. He swallowed a large dose of morphine, intending suicide, but quickly changed his mind, and started for the nearest physician, who was two miles away. He felt the dangerous drowsiness stealing over him, and ran with all his might. The exercise kept him awake, but his mouth became parched, his eyes filmy, and his strength less. He stopped to pray, but an instant of delay warned him that, unless he depended on miraculous help, there was no time to be lost on his knees. He at length stumbled into the doctor's office, and fell senseless on the floor, but was saved by energetic treatment.

If there is any ambitious schoolmaster in existence who desires to climb to the very top of the greasy pole of fame and wealth, he should lose no time in getting over to Scotland. The people of Pitcainie, Ross-shire, want a teacher, university graduate preferred. There are eighty-five pupils, and he has a free house and garden, thirteen shillings a week, whatever government grant he can earn and such fees as he can collect from the parents; but if his income exceeds £80 a year, the surplus goes to the school. He must keep the school and outbuildings clean and dig the peat for the fires.

—A death of a child occurred at South Bend last week from too much vaccination. It seems that the child was vaccinated upon one arm which failed to have the desired effect, when the other arm was also vaccinated, and about the time the last operation took effect the first manifested itself, both operations proving too much for the constitution of the patient to bear, and death resulted. In all probability if the last operation had been postponed a short time the child's life would have been saved thereby.

The OLD RELIABLE BAKERY.

—]O[—

MRS. ROTT, PROPRIETOR.

—o—

A FIRST-CLASS BAKER has been secured, and Fresh Bread and Rolls will be BAKED EVERY DAY.

—o—

Having secured the sole agency for a leading brand of Oysters, they will be served up in the style for which the Rott Oyster House always bore a favorable reputation. Just received for the Holidays, a choice

Supply of Candies, Nuts, Fruits.

Don't Neglect to Give the East Side Bakery and Confectionery a Holiday Visit. ☞ Remember, Henry Rott's Popular Old Stand.☜

Is This Heresy?

What Rev. O. A. Burgess Said in His Sunday Sermon.

Report in Chicago Tribune.

Before Adam there was not a moral quality in the world. It may not be very orthodox, and I may startle you to say it, but I had much rather Eve ate the apple than not. Better even sin than nothing. In sinning she possessed a moral quality. Before that she was a nothing, a nonenity, and it was a step forward to act, even though that act was one of disobedience.

As to Adam, I don't blame him in the least. He chose to follow his beloved wife rather than to abandon her, and I would have done the same—particularly if I knew she was the only woman in the world and I wouldn't get another.

I have abandoned fatalism. I had quite enough of it in my youth. I well remember when about 12 years old that I went through the regulation steps to get converted, only like Shakespeare's "Hamlet," with Hamlet left out. I got converted without having any religion in it. And I never shall forget the preacher, nor his words nor looks, when I stubbornly refused to get up and testify to having gotten religion when I knew I hadn't. He looked as tall to me as this church, and his face was proportionately as long and his voice solemn and sepulchral. With words long drawn out he said, "My young friend, I greatly fear either you have sinned away your day of grace or else you were foreordained to be damned." "Well," thought I, "it's Hobson's choice with me, anyway, and I will take the good of this world if I can get it," and I did, without any let or hindrance, till I got another and altogether different view of religion.

There was no fatalism about the death of Christ in my judgment, and I just throw out this thought for your own private reflection, and refer you to a singular statement by Paul, the Apostle, which bears upon the matter, "But we speak the wisdom of God in a mystery, even the hidden wisdom, which God ordained before the world unto our glory, which none of the princes of the world knew; for had they known it they would not have crucified the Lord of glory."—1 Cor., ii., 7-8. If there was a necessity for the death of Christ it was on man's side not God's. Man's rejection of Christ resulted in His death. If He must die it is a necessity arising for this side of man's rejection of his person and claims, and not on the other side. One thing, however, is clear; man needed a demonstration of a future and higher life in which sin could not appear. A life without evil and without end. This God gave in the resurrection of our Lord Jesus Christ. In presenting Him to the world He virtually says: "Here is a pattern of immortality; thus shall thy life be." Christ was a sample of the new creation in which His children shall have a part; as He was, so we shall be.

—A funny man at Jackson, Mich., put a cast-iron bullfrog on a log in the river, and the boys threw stones at it all day without discovering why it didn't plunge.

—A Florida alligator hunter has been missing four weeks, but as one of his boots and several of his coat buttons were found in the stomach of an alligator slain by another, the widow isn't much worried. She thinks she can locate him.

—Martinsville Republican: Gosport was the scene of a bloody fight night before last. For some time past Oscar Strother has suspicioned William Hollick of having improper relations with his (Strother's) wife, and Tuesday night his suspicions were confirmed by catching Hollick at his house at at unseasonable hour and under circumstances which left no doubt of his guilt. Strother knocked Hollick down with a cane which he carried, and then proceeded to beat his head into a jelly with a rock, and but for timely interference would have undoubtedly killed him on the spot. Hollick's skull is fractured in three places, and it is not known whether he will live or not. Public sympathy is with Strother.

HARDWARE is too heavy to remove easily, so we will try to sell the bulk of it before we remove to our new room on the north side of the square. Stuart & McPheeters.

WM. J. ALLEN—

When in town don't fail to call and see the largest and best selected stock of hardware, stoves, etc., in the town, and very cheap too.

Come every one to the Hardware Store of W. J. Allen, and examine his large stock of Hardware and Stoves of all kinds, from the smallest heating stove to the largest extension cook stove. A car load in store, and will be sold cheap, for cash. Don't buy any stove until you examine the Favorite Cook Stove, the best in the world—warranted to bake better and take less fuel than any stove in the market.

WE WILL REMOVE

east of the post office. We will then have one of the handsomest and best arranged hardware and agricultural implement depots in all Southern Indiana. In the meantime we will sell bargains, in order that we may be saved the labor of removing heavy goods to the new room. STUART & McPHEETERS.

FRUIT TREES.—For Fruit Trees and Vines of all kinds, call and leave your orders with me. I will get good trees and as good varieties as any nursery in the U. S., and at more reasonable prices than some agents. I. MILT. ROGERS,
Agent Canton, Ind., Nursery.
Dec. 23, 1881.

Macadamized Road Taxes for 1881.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Tax Duplicate for the Macadamized Road on the petition of A. W. Rogers and others, is now in my hands and I am ready to receive the Taxes thereon.

L. E. McKINNEY,
Treasurer Monroe Co.
Bloomington, Ind., Dec 23-81.

Eclectic Magazine
OF
Foreign Literature, Science, and Art.

1882—38th YEAR.

The ECLECTIC MAGAZINE reproduces from foreign periodicals all those articles which are valuable to American readers. Its field of selection embraces all the leading Foreign Reviews, Magazines, and Journals, and the tastes of all classes of readers are consulted in the articles presented. Its plan includes Science, Essays, Reviews, Sketches, Travels, Poetry, Novels, Short Stories, etc., etc.

The following lists comprise the principal periodicals from which selections are made and the names of some of the leading writers who contribute to them:

PERIODICALS.	AUTHORS.
Quarterly Review.	W. E. Gladstone.
Brit. Quart'ly Review	Alfred Tennyson
Edinburg Review	Professor Huxley
Westminster Review	Professor Tyndall
Contemporary Rev'ew	R.A. Proctor, B.A.
Fortnightly Review	J. Lockyer, F. R.S.
Nineteenth Century	W. B. Carpenter
Pop'r Science Review	E. B. Taylor
Blackwood's M'g'zine	Prof. Max Muller
Cornhill Magazine	Professor Owen
McMillan's Magazine	Matthew Arnold
Fraser's Magazine	E. A. Freeman
New Quart. Magazine	Jas. A. Froude
Temple Bar	Thomas Hughes
Belgravia	Anthony Trollope
Good Words	William Black
London Society	Mrs. Oliphant
Saturday Review	Turgenieff
The Spectator, etc.	Mrs. Thackeray

☞The ECLECTIC MAGAZINE is a library in miniature. The best writings of the best living authors appear in it, and many costly volumes are made from materials which appear fresh in its pages.

PREMIUM ENGRAVING FOR 1882.

Every subscriber to the ECLECTIC remitting $5 directly to the publisher will receive, in addition to the ECLECTIC for one year, a copy of the beautiful steel engraving of

"MARGUERITE."

This subject has been engraved for us by the same artist who engraved the small plate of "Marguerite," so much admired in our January number of last year.

Size of engraved surface is 12x7 inches; size to frame about 15x10 inches. The price of this engraving in art stores is $5, and it will be sent free to all subscribers who may indicate a desire to receive it.

TERMS.—Single copies, 45 cents; one year, $5; five copies, $20. Trial subscription for three months, $1. The ECLECTIC and any $4 magazine to one address, $8. Postage to all subscribers.

E. R. PELTON, Publisher,
25 Bond Street New York.

WRITE To GREAT COLLEGE KEOKUK, IOWA
Business.
SCHOOL TEACHERS Thoroughly Fitted.

Administrator's Sale of Real Estate.

NOTICE is hereby given that by virtue of an order of the Monroe county Circuit Court, the undersigned Administrators of the estate of John E. Farmer, deceased, will offer for sale at public auction, on the premises, on

FRIDAY, February 3d, 1882,

the following described land to-wit:

The northwest fourth of the southwest quarter of section (8) eight, town (10) ten, range (2) two west, except about ten acres deeded by decedent in his lifetime to Martha Parks and John R. Farmer in Monroe county, Indiana.

TERMS OF SALE:

One-third cash, the residue in equal payments of six and twelve months with notes at interest, waiving valuation and appraisement laws, and secured by good freehold sureties.

Sale to begin at 2 o'clock P. M.

GEORGE W. FARMER,
JAMES M. ABEL,
Jan 4-82. Administrators.
James B. Mulky, Att'y.

All ancient writers, both in sacred and profane history, give the Lily a prominent place—some adopting the White Lily as the emblem of purity; for even the name Lily is said to be derived from the Celtic word *li*, signifying whiteness, on account of the beautiful white flowers of *Lilium candidum* from the Levant, the best known and most universally distributed species of Europe. We usually associate the idea of extreme whiteness with the Lily, for certainly nothing can surpass in purity of color the white Lily; and on this account it was by the ancients held sacred to Juno. It has often been chosen by the titled nobility in different portions of the world, as well as by some nations, as their emblem, or coat-of-arms, to denote majesty as well as purity; and from this fact we may justly ackowledge them as the nobility of the vegetable kingdom.

The Norwegian lemming is an animal about the size of a mouse. It lives under stones in the summer, and under snow in winter. It hisses and bites. About once in ten years they emigrate in the autumn, in large armies. They march in a straight line, and cross lakes and rivers. They go through haystacks rather than go around. Nothing stops them, not fire, cascades, nor swamps. If a man stands in the way they will jump at him as high as his knee. If struck, they will turn around and bark and bite like a dog. Foxes, lynxes, owls, hawks and weasels will follow and destroy large numbers of them, but it does not check them. They continue their course until they reach the sea, into which they plunge, as persistent and progressive as ever, until the waves drown and exterminate them.

One of the first things which the Arabs teach their colts is to never run away when the master dismounts. They give the greatest care to this part of his education, as it is of supreme importance in the life of an Arab. It is done by placing a slave on each side of the colt, who, whenever he attempts to start put their feet on the reins and stop him suddenly, thus hurting his mouth. After many days of this exercise he becomes so well trained that he will stand wherever his master dismounts from him, even if left alone and has to stand whole days for his master's return.

Agriculture is the one flourishing pursuit in this country to-day. National prosperity depends on the surplus productions of the tillers of the soil. Even in California and Colorado, the percentage of profit from progressive, systematic farming exceeds that of mining. Let each individual feel the responsibility of making a good record for his toil, both for personal comfort and happiness as well as for the general good.

Accumulations of knowledge and experience of the most valuable kind are the result of little bits of knowledge and experience carefully treasured up. Those who learn nothing or accumulate nothing in life, are set down as failures, because they have neglected little things. They may themselves consider that the world has gone against them; but, in fact, they have been their own enemies.

At the queen of England's drawing-room receptions three white feathers must adorn the hair of the married lady, and two that of an unmarried lady. Peeresses and their daughters are kissed on the cheek by the queen, but other ladies of less "high degree" kiss her majesty's hand. The princess of Wales sometimes takes the queen's place at these "drawing rooms," in which case the kisses are dispensed with.

Of deer there are in North America perhaps eight species; the black-tailed deer of the Pacific coast; the mule deer and the white-tailed deer of the Upper Mississippi region and westward; the common deer of the United States east of the Missouri; the wapati of the northern and northwestern portions of the United States; one or two species of reindeer; and the moose of the northern portion of the continent.

A word about trains. The newest invention is a strap made of any pretty gimp as cord, and by means of which the tail can be held up, but jokers are already calling this practical addition a handle. Other trains are drawn elegantly through spacious hollow pockets; it is, literally, pocketing one's tail, a thing no being in the animal creation has heretofore attempted.

The period of twenty-four hours, which is produced by the revolution of the earth upon its axis, marks its influence on the physical economy of man. Diseases show this; settled, regular fever exhibits a twenty-four hours' flux and reflux. In health there is observed the same influence—a strong argument for regularity in our meals, exercise and hours of sleep.

To the young lady engaged to be married a good match often implies, not a man of robust frame, of acknowledged probity, of spotless virtue and of honorable ambition, but one who is of "good family," who has a heavy rent-roll, or who has considerable expectations from his father or mother, they not being expected to live too long.

The true memories and quick sympathies of a pure intuitive soul are a fragmentary revelation of the all-present, all-wise, all-powerful love of God—the glory of the sky reflected in a broken scrap of mirror. The pity is that some see the reflection and never look up to find whence it comes.

There had been a discussion about the cost of a dress, and she was wrathy. "It's all very well," she pouted, "for you to expect a woman to be an angel; but I'd have you to know, sir, that I wouldn't be even an angel unless my wings could be cut goring. There, now!"

A correspondent writes to ask why a newly married man is called Benedict. The reason is, we believe, that on entering on his new state of life he is supposed to give up all the bad bachelor habits to which he has been addicted.

Autumnal Woods.

Wilson Flagg, the naturalist, says of our Autumnal woods that, while journeying in Vermont, Maine and New Hampshire, and north of these States, he observed this remarkable difference in their Autumn tints, compared with those of Massachusetts; the principal tints in all parts of the country are caused by two species of maple. The sugar maple predominates in all the region above the latitude of Massachusetts, and grows upon the mountains and highlands. The red maple predominates in Massachusetts and in the Atlantic states south of it, and grows only in the swamps and lowlands. These two species are not anywhere found thriving spontaneously in the same region. In the country north of Massachusetts, therefore, the most brilliant Autumn tints are seen on the hills and uplands; in Massacusetts and in all the country south of it they are most brilliant in the lowlands.

But these are not the only differences—for the tints of these two species of maple are materially unlike. Those of the sugar maple are exceedingly brilliant, passing through all shades of yellow, orange, vermilion, scarlet, crimson, and purple. To the traveler, therefore, the forest tints in the northern part of New England and the British States are more attractive than in Massachusetts and the country south of it. But in the red-maple swamps it is not unusual to see a wood dressed in unvaried crimson, especially after a wet Summer, while the sugar-maple forests on the mountains and uplands are one endless pagent of mixed green, orange, vermilion and scarlet. The sombre splendor of a red-maple wood, in favorable seasons, cannot be surpassed by anything in nature. But the tints of this species are very evanescent, fading ten days sooner than those of the sugar maples.

Bad Companions in Dalmatia.

"Among others there is a black beetle indigenous to Dalmatian soil, the remembrance of which," writes a newspaper correspondent, "will put into a cold perspiration to the last day of my life. It is as large as a mouse, and much fleeter than a deer—a gigantic and appalling combination of shininess and speed. To see him go up your bedroom wall, well out of reach, at the rate of five feet per second, might make the stoutest heart quail. He comes down and joins you after you have put your light out. He is not afraid of a revolver. I would not wish my worst enemy a more unhappy quarter of an hour than I have passed with an elderly black beetle of this class in the ancient burgh of Dubrovnik. There is a flying thing too—a thing about as large as a wren, with a hum quite superior in quality and volume to that of any top I ever dreamt of in childhood's wildest visions. This thing malignantly secretes itself in your room during the day, whilst the windows are open, and waits with fiendish insidiousness until you are snugly settled in bed, having satisfied yourself that there are no scorpions left, and spread a centipede or two out quite thin on the wall with your slipper. Just as your mind begins to be at ease, and the skirmishers of sleep have effected a lodgment upon your eyelids, out sallies the thing from its place of vantage, and starts upon its nefarious course with a booming and whirring of wings that are a good deal more easily conceived than described."

Laugh and Grow Fat.

When Foote was in Scotland, he travelled from Dumfries to Edinburgh in a stage-coach, in company with a country gentleman of enormous size. Becoming by the way pretty familiar with his companion, Foote asked him in what employment he was, or if he was in any. The gentleman replied that he was a land-owner. Foote inquired how much that might yield him a year. "From fifty to seventy pounds." "What," exclaimed Foote, affecting the utmost amazement, "and is it possible so small an income can ever maintain so immense a man as you are? Ah, my good friend, how I pity you. Here," pulling out of his pocket some half a dozen guineas, "there, take them, my honest fellow; they are all I have at present; I wish for your sake they were more; but few as they are, they will be a help to a gentleman in your melancholy circumstances." The stranger, who was luckily a man of sense as well as humor, laughed heartily at this sally of his fellow-traveler, but assured him that in his country it was not the custom for men to grow fat on the charity of others. "But how then," said Foote, "do you contrive?" "O," replied the gentleman, "I'll tell you. There's an old saying, laugh and grow fat. And do you know," continued he, "that though I have laughed a great deal to be as fat as I am, I am on my way now to Edinburgh to have some more laughing. There's one Foote—" "Now sitting opposite to you," whispered the English Aristophanes, "who is delighted to find, that though you wont accept his guineas, he may help you in another way, by making you laugh to your heart's content."

Over the Sea.

I cannot hear thee, for the winds are moaning;
I cannot hear thee, for the waves are high;
I cannot hear thee, for the good ship groaning
Seaward doth fly.

And yet my fond heart listens to thy singing;
And yet methinks I clasp thee once again;
I hear thy voice, as if I were not winging
Across the main.

So be it over! If the world torment me,
Happy in thee and in the past I'll rest;
To sleep upon thy memory will content me
As't were thy breast.

—*Harvard Crimson.*

Queer Courtship.

The husbands of Aleppo undergo a trying ordeal before they win their brides. Captain Burnaby, author of "A Ride to Khiva," while in Asia recently, had the ceremony described to him by a young boy from Aleppo. "A girl has, say, three lovers," said the boy. "She takes three bits of live charcoal from out of the fire; giving each of her lovers a piece she tells them to place it in the palms of their hands. The fire burns through the skin, the tendons are laid bare! sometimes the amorous gentleman will resist till the flesh has been burnt to the bone. Here one or two of them generally succumb to the torture; the man who resists the longest wins the lady."

BANK NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that the Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the "First National Bank" of Bloomington, Ind., will take place at the Banking Office of said Bank, on the second Tuesday (the 10th day) of January, 1882, at one o'clock, for the purpose of electing Five Directors for said Bank.

WALTER E. WOODBURN,
Dec. 28-81. Cashier.

Administrator's Sale of Real Estate.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the undersigned administrator of the estate of John J. Cherry, deceased, by virtue of the order of the Monroe Circuit Court at its November Term, 1881, will on

THURSDAY, Feb. 2d, 1882,

offer for sale at public auction on the premises, the following described real estate in Monroe county, Indiana:

Lots Five and Six (5 and 6) in Reed's addition to the town, now city, of Bloomington.

TERMS OF SALE:

Said sale will be made for one-third cash in hand on day of sale, and the residue of the purchase price due in two equal payments of six and twelve months, the purchaser giving notes for deferred payments, with approved surety, waiving relief from valuation and appraisement laws, with interest from date. Said real estate will be sold free from liens, and will begin at 10½ o'clock A. M. of said day.

JOSEPH V. BUSKIRK,
Dec. 28-81. Administrator.
Buskirk & Duncan, att'ys.

H. J. NICHOLS,
ARCHITECT AND PRACTICAL BUILDER,

Plans and Specifications carefully prepared for dwelling houses and public building. Also estimates of buildings completed throughout. All work finished at the time specified.
Bloomington, Ind., March 31, 1880.

Resident Dentist.

Dr. J. W. CRAIN.

Office, over McCalla & Co's Store, Bloomington, Ind. All work warranted. jal-78

PROBATE CAUSE NO. 56.

Estate of David Conder.

NOTICE is hereby given that Greene B. Conder, Administrator of the above named Estate, has this day filed in the office of the Clerk of the Circuit court of Monroe county, State of Indiana, his accounts and vouchers in final settlement of said Estate, and that the same will come up for hearing and disposition in said Court at the next term thereof, to-wit: on the 1st Monday in February, 1882.

Witness the Clerk and Seal of said Court this 16th day of November, 1881.

WM. F. BROWNING,
[SEAL.] Clerk.
East & East, atty's. Nov. 23-81

LIVERY and SALE STABLE.

North Side Public Square, Bloomington.

THE undersigned take pleasure in calling attention to the fact that they have **The Latest Styles of Buggies** and Carriages, and good, steady horses for single and double driving. We are prepared to furnish Carriages for Weddings, Funerals and Parties, and swift teams for Commercial Travelers. Farmers' horses fed cheaply. WORLEY & MAY.

$8,000 $10,000

EIGHT OR TEN Thousand Dollars' WORTH OF GOODS At Cost or Less, To CLOSE Business.

Most of my stock was purchased this fall for cash, and all old stock will be sold regardless of cost. I have a splendid stock of the newest styles of shades of Dress Goods, Cloaks, Foulmans, Shawls, Dress Trimmings, Notions, Hats, Caps, Carpets, Oil Cloths, Queensware, etc. A large stock of Boots and Shoes, best makes. It will pay you to call and see them.

☞A large stock of Mens' and Boys' Clothing at less than cost.☜

Deficiency in hearing is the cause of my closing business.

I hereby tender my sincere thanks to the citizens of Monroe county for the liberal patronage they have bestowed on me for the last forty years, and I now invite all to come and share in the bargains I propose to give in closing out my stock of goods. W. O. FEE.
Nov 16-82.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY virtue of a certified copy of a decree and execution to me directed, from the Clerk's office of Monroe Circuit Court, in a cause wherein Isaac P. Hopewell is plaintiff, and P. G. Pauley et al are defendants, requiring me to make the sum of eight thousand seven hundred and fifty-five dollars and forty cents ($8 755 40) with interest on said decree and costs, I will expose at public sale, to the highest bidder, on

SATURDAY, January 14th, 1882,

between the hours of 10 o'clock A. M. and 4 o'clock P. M. of said day, at the door of the court house of said Monroe county, Indiana, the rents and profits for a term not exceeding seven years, of the following described Real Estate, situate in the county of Monroe and State of Indiana, to-wit:

The southeast quarter of section (31) thirty-one, township (9) nine, range one (1) west, containing one hundred and sixty (160) acres.

Also, a part of the southwest quarter of the southwest quarter of section (32) thirty-two, township (9) nine, range (1) one west, containing (5 48-100) five acres and forty-eight hundredths of an acre.

Beginning where the lands of Jesse Draper and Ellis Stone join, running thence west (32) thirty-two poles and (16) sixteen links, thence north (28) twenty-eight poles, thence east (29) twenty-nine poles and (8) eight links, thence south (6°) six degrees, east (28) twenty-eight poles to the place of beginning.

If such rents and profits will not sell for a sufficient sum to satisfy said decree, interest and costs, I will at the same time and place, expose at public sale, the fee-simple of said Real Estate or so much thereof as may be sufficient to discharge said decree, interest and costs.

Said sale will be made with relief from valuation and appraisement laws.

SILAS GRIMES,
dec14-81 Sheriff of Monroe county.
James B. Mulky, att'y.

FRI[illegible]
LAW. [illegible] Office [illegible] Allen's [illegible] tention given to settlement [illegible] estates. Collections prompt[illegible] Capt. Hedley or Judge Pearson will [illegible] in attendance at each term of court. [illegible]

BUSKIRK & DUNCAN, Attorneys at Law, Bloomington, Ind. Office in Bank corner, up-stairs, on south side of square. Will practice in all the courts of the State. Special attention given to Probate business, and to the collection of prompt remittance of claims.

JAMES B. MULKY, Attorney at Law, Bloomington, Indiana, (will practice in the various courts of the State. Special attention given to the collection of claims. To settlement of estates, and all Probate business, given careful attention. Office over Lee's store, opposite Progress Block, corner 6th st. and college avenue.

LOUDEN & MIERS, Attorneys at Law Bloomington, Indiana. Office up-stairs over First National Bank. All business of a legal nature given careful attention in all courts. Title to Real estate carefully examined by ☞ of Louden's Abstract. A specialty made of the collection and remittance of claims of all kinds.

EAST & EAST, Attorneys, at Law, Bloomington, Ind. Office, on ground floor, east side public square. Probate business and collections given prompt attention. Will practice in courts of all adjoining counties. Business solicited.

ROGERS & HENLEY, Attorneys and Collectors. Office in Mayor's Office building. Special attention given to settling decedents' estates, and to all kinds of probate business. Also, abstracting.

W. R. SADLER, Attorney at Law Bloomington, Indiana, in the Bee Hive Building, up-stairs, in the northwest corner. Collections made promptly.

The Chicago & North-Western Railway is the oldest, best equipped, and hence the best Railway of the Northwest, and best route between Chicago and points in Northern Illinois, Iowa, Wyoming, Nebraska, California, Arizona, Utah, Colorado, Nevada, and for Council Bluffs, Denver, Leadville, Salt Lake, Deadwood, Sioux City, Des Moines, Columbus, and all points in the Territories, and the west. Milwaukee, Green Bay, Oshkosh, Marquette, Fond du Lac, Houghton, Nenah, Menasha, Minneapolis, Huron, Volga, Watertown, Watertown, Winona, LaCrosse, Owatonna, and all points in Minnesota, Dakota, Wisconsin and the Northwest.

At Council Bluffs the trains of the Chicago & North-Western and the U. P. Ry's depart from, arrive at and use the same joint depot.

At Chicago, close connections are made with the Lake Shore, Michigan Central, Baltimore & Ohio, Ft. Wayne and Pennsylvania, and Chicago & Grand Trunk Railways, and Kankakee & Panhandle routes. Close connection made at all Junction Points. It is the only line running *Pullman Hotel Dining Cars* between Chicago & Council Bluffs. PULLMAN SLEEPERS on all night trains.

Insist upon Ticket Agents selling you tickets by this road. Examine your tickets and refuse to buy if they do not read over the Chicago & North-Western Ry.

If you wish the best traveling accommodations you will buy your ticket by this route, ☞AND WILL TAKE NONE OTHER. All Ticket Agents sell tickets by this line. Marvin Hughitt, 2d V. P. & General Manager, Chicago, Ills.

TAKE THE

THE GREAT

BURLINGTON ROUTE.

☞No other line runs Three Through Passenger Trains Daily between Chicago, Des Moines, Council Bluffs, Omaha, Lincoln, St. Joseph, Atchison, Topeka and Kansas City. Direct connections for all points in Kansas, Nebraska, Colorado, Wyoming, Montana, Nevada, New Mexico, Arizona, Idaho, Oregon and California.

The Shortest, Speediest and Most Comfortable Route via Hannibal to Fort Scott, Denison, Dallas, Houston, Austin, San Antonio, Galveston and all points in Texas.

The unequaled inducements offered by this Line to Travelers and Tourists, are as follows: The celebrated Pullman (15-wheel) Palace Sleeping Cars, run only on this Line, C., B. & Q. Palace Drawing-Room Cars, with Horton's Reclining Chairs. No extra charge for Seats in Reclining Chairs. The famous C., B. & Q. Palace Dining Cars. Gorgeous Smoking Cars, fitted with Elegant High-Backed Rattan Reversing Chairs for the exclusive use of 1st class passengers.

Steel Track and Superior Equipment, combined with their Great Through Car Arrangement, makes this, above all others, the favorite Route to the South, South-West, and the Far West.

Try it,