

BLOOMINGTON PROGRESS.

\$2.00 per Year—In Advance.

WILLIAM A. GAGE, Editor and Proprietor

OFFICE, North Side of the Public Square, in Old Fellow's Hall Building.

It turns out now that Hendricks was not running for the Senate. That honor was to be left to Dan Voorhees, the tall Sycamore, and Hendricks was to have a place in Greeley's Cabinet. That is said to be the way the Democrats of the State had it fixed up. But then the Democrats didn't elect enough members of the Legislature by five or six, and Greeley lost some ten or twelve States that he expected to carry, and so he can't make a cabinet.

Approach of the Cholera.

The announcement that the cholera has appeared in Dresden, two Americans being among its victims in that city, brings to mind the predictions of various scientific men, that the development of the continental railway system would assist the propagation of this dreaded disease, which would likely assume grave proportions. Mons. Fernand Papillon, a distinguished French physician, who has recently published an essay on this subject, says that the Turkish and Persian Governments have shown a great deal of intelligence and activity in hindering the movements of pilgrims and other crowds of travellers who have hitherto been carrying the pestilence with them at their own will, and that substantial progress has been made in stopping inroads of the disease from its old quarters in Arabia, Egypt, and Constantinople.

So long as the large majority of travellers from the East, and between Turkey and Russia, came by sea, it was possible to place them under effectual supervision; but it seems to be impracticable to control the tide of railway travel. In Odessa, for instance, about thirty persons disembark daily from vessels and are placed in quarantine, while four hundred travellers arriving by rail enter the town without restriction. It is the same in Turkey. There is a rigid quarantine established for all who come by the Danube, by the Bosphorus, and by the ports of the Caucasus; but travellers leaving Russia by railway can go through to Constantinople by way of Vienna and Barrach, without interference from the authorities. M. Papillon believes that it is on the Russian side that the dangers are now most to be dreaded. It is thought that the cholera was carried to Dresden from Pesth, the two cities being in direct railway communication with each other.

The Tercentenary of Presbyterianism was celebrated recently in Philadelphia. Three centuries ago the first Presbytery of the Church was opened at Wadsworth, near London; and the first Presbyterian church in America was established by Francis Makemie, at Snowhill, Md., in 1634. Since that time Presbyterianism has extended its arms until it is one of the greatest religious bodies in the world—one of the greatest, for Methodism once humble, now disputes with Presbyterianism the palm of supremacy. It is pleasant to observe a growing feeling of union and brotherly love between the great religious bodies of the country, such as was evinced by the presence, at the late Methodist General Conference, of learned doctors of the Presbyterian Church. Some are sanguine enough to believe that another century may witness a union of all the Protestant bodies in the United States.

THE END.

Mr. Greeley passed a very restless night Thursday. He raved incoherently all night, threw his arms wildly about, and rolled and tossed from one side of the bed to the other. At 3 A. M. he remained unconscious, his extremities gradually became cold, and he was motionless in his bed. Dr. Choate, Miss Ida Greeley, Mr. and Mrs. John R. Stuart and Aunty Lanson were in constant attendance, but Mr. Greeley did not recognize them. During the afternoon he appeared to be praying. Once he said aloud, in a strong voice, "I know that my Redeemer liveth." An hour later he repeated several times, "I died before I was born," and at precisely 4 o'clock he alarmed those about him by saying, in his natural tone of voice, "It is done." They were his last words.

He then again relapsed into a state of total unconsciousness, his extremities colder, and his face bore the unmistakable imprint of death. He was pulseless at the wrist, and thus remained until 6 P. M.

The disease first developed itself violently two weeks ago, at a meeting of the trustees of the Tribune held at the residence of Mr. Samuel Sinclair. The next day Krackowizer was called in by Mr. Alvin J. Johnson. Then came the consultation and the unanimous verdict of the doctors that acute mania had set in. The seal placed upon Dr. Choate's lips in relation to the actual condition and treatment of his patient, and the development of the disease, deprived history of an important chapter in the life of Horace Greeley. Nervous excitement, disappointed hopes, and loss of sleep, doubtless produced the fatal disorder, while a terrible mental strain, proving too great for the exhausted physical system, hastened the result.

—It is stated that the cars on the L. N. A. & C. Railroad, are running on a streak of iron rust, instead of rails.—*Indianapolis Sentinel*.

—The small-pox is fearfully bad at Watson Station, on the O. & M. Railway. Eight deaths are reported in one family and three in another.

—The gushing young maidens of 35 and upward, wear an awning fringe of hair on the forehead, in the poodle dog style,—the latest thing out.—*N. A. Ledger*.

—It may be of interest to the general reader to know that the Presidential vote will be counted in Congress on the second Wednesday in February, by the two houses in joint session.

—The gushing young maidens of 35 and upward, wear an awning

LECTION OF U. S. SENATOR.

On Tuesday, Nov. 26th, at noon, the special order in the Senate being the election of a U. S. Senator, Mr. Taylor, of Tippecanoe, in behalf of the Republicans of Indiana, placed in nomination the distinguished statesman, Oliver P. Morton. Mr. Dittmore nominated Hon. James D. Williams. The roll was then called and the vote resulted as follows:

Senate—Morton, 27; Williams, 21.

House—Morton, 54; Williams, 41. Majority for Morton, 19.

DEATH OF HORACE GREENE.

The entire country was shocked by the announcement, on Saturday morning, that Horace Greeley was dead.

For several weeks he has exhibited symptoms of great nervous prostration, and a considerable degree of solicitude has been felt all over the United States, for his restoration to health. From the *Cincinnati Commercial*, we condense the following statements:

IN A PRIVATE ASYLUM.

The medical treatment Mr. Greeley was receiving proved ineffectual. Medicine became of no avail and reason gave way. On Nov. 20, Dr. Brown, Superintendent of the Bloomingdale Asylum, and Dr. Geo. C. S. Choate, proprietor of a private asylum in Westchester county, were called to meet Dr. Krackoizer in consultation. A careful examination of the patient was made, and they unanimously pronounced him suffering from acute mania.

The shock was a severe blow to the few friends of the veteran journalist who were entrusted with the secret, but after due deliberation they became sufficiently reconciled to the fact to consent to Mr. Greeley's removal to Dr. Choate's residence, near Pleasantville, Westchester county.

The day after his arrival at Dr. Choate's the disease developed itself in all its intensity. The horrors of acute mania were hourly witnessed, and he was violent in his actions. The most skillful treatment at the hands of experienced physicians proved of no avail, and the patient gradually sank into a state of unconsciousness. The inflammation of the brain made the stomach sympathize with it to such an extent that Mr. Greeley refused, and was really unable to take food in any form. He gradually became worse and failed to recognize the few intimate friends and relatives who visited him. His daughter Ida was with him night and day. So violent did he become that it was found necessary to remove most of the furniture from the room. At one time he tore the watch, presented to him by the employees of the Tribune, apart, and again he threw a kerosene lamp upon the floor, setting the room on fire and narrowly escaping being burned to death. As his strength left him he became more quiet, but did not show any signs of consciousness till about an hour before his death.

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—In the next Michigan Senate there will be but one Democrat, and in the House but four.

THE GREAT BOSTON FIRE.

Statement of the Condition of the INSURANCE COMPANY
—OF—

NORTH AMERICA,

PHILADELPHIA.

ORGANIZED A. D. 1791.

Over 78 years successful battling with the

Fire Fiend.

Capital and Surplus, Nov. 11, 1872,

\$3,500,000!

Deducting all the losses in Boston, and there

still remains with the Company, as

security to Policy Holders, the

Magnificent sum of over

A Repository of Fashion, Pleasure and Instruction.

Harper's Bazar!

Notice of the Prices.

The Bazar is edited with a contribution of tact and talent that we seldom find in any journal; and the journal itself is the organ of the great world of fashion—*Boston Transcript*.

The Bazar commands itself to every member of the household—to the children by droll and pretty pictures to the young ladies by its fashion plates in endless variety, to the provident matron by its patterns for Children's clothes, to paternitars by its tasteful designs for embroidered slippers and linens, and dressing-gowns. In the reading room of the Bazar is a collection of great care, to suit the wants of the high-class reader.

The highest prices paid for all kinds of Country Produce, either in goods or cash.

Our Country Friends are especially requested to call and examine our stock before buying elsewhere.

May 15-72

W. M. TATE North-Western Family Grocery,

IN BUTLER'S BLOCK, TATE & FISH,

DEALERS IN
STAPLE AND OTHER GROCERIES.

PROVISIONS of all kinds, to suit the wants of Families—such as Flour, Corn, Meal, Bacon, Lard, Canned Fruits and Vegetables.

Tobacco and Cigars of the best brands, selected with great care, to suit the wants of the high-class reader.

The highest prices paid for all kinds of

Country Produce, either in goods or cash.

Our Country Friends are especially

requested to call and examine our stock before buying elsewhere.

May 15-72

Bloomington Plating Mill.

W. M. H. TURNER has procured all the necessary machinery for manufacturing Blinds, Sash, Doors, or anything else that is saved or turned in wool.

Particular attention given to Job Work, such as Carpenters require:

DRESSING, FLOORING, WEATHER

BOARD, GLASS, IRON, ETC.

The Bloomington Plating Mill is situated near the railroad track, just south of the College. We can compete with Cincinnati or Toledo.

May 15-72

An Elephant

IN BLOOMINGTON.

Wm. STEANE CHAS. H. McPHETERS

Street & Hardware

Have removed their Hardware Store to the

outh side of the square.

In Masonic Hall Building,

DESIGN OF THE ELEPHANT.

And hope to meet all their old friends in the new location.

In addition to keeping a full line of

HARDWARE,

IRON, STEEL,

PIENTS, OILS,

Doors, Sash, Glass, Putty, Chisel,

COLLARS, HAMMERS, &c.,

They will have a large supply of Agricultural Implements and Machines.

Mr. Stuart & McPheters now have the

Agency for the Buckeye Mower, and the

Champion Reaper and Mower.

Particular attention given to supplying

Builders' Hardware and Mechanic Tools

LOOK FOR THE SIGN OF

"THE BIG ELEPHANT,"

South Side of the Square, Bloomington, Indiana.

May 15-72

Books

and

STATIONERY.

Wall Paper.

(Trimmed Price.)

Prescriptions carefully prepared

with the purest Drugs. Remember, we

use none but pure Drugs and do not give

at prescriptions.

Bloomington, Ind., May 18, 1872

A CARD.

UNDERTAKERS.

BANTA & WHITAKER,

Manufacturers of all kinds of

Caskets, Cases and Coffins.

Also have for sale at the lowest possible

prices, METALLIC CASES.

Warren's East Side public agency, Bloomington, Indiana.

May 15-72

The Cheapest!

HENDERSON'S

FURNITURE WAREHOUSE,

North Side Public Square.

Furniture and Utensils, of the

best material, put down at the very

lowest prices.

COFFINS AND METALLIC CASES,

Ready made and ready trimmed, of all

prices, and sold cheaper than at any other

place in Bloomington.

My House will attend all Funerals, Free

of Charge.

E. J. HENDERSON.

Bloomington, Ind., June 14

WALTER A. FOLAND,