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WILLIAM A. GAGE, Editor and Proprietor

REPUBLICAN STATE TICKET.

For Governor: GEN. THOMAS M. BROWNE.

For Lieutenant Governor: LEONIDAS SEXTON.

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Secretary of State: W. W. CURRY.

Auditor of State: JAMES A. WILDMAN.

Treasurer of State: JOHN B. GLOVER.

Reporter of the Supreme Court: JAMES B. BLACK.

Clark of the Supreme Court: CHARLES SCHOLL.

Superintendent of Public Instruction: BENJ. W. SMITH.

Attorney General: JAMES C. DENNY.

For Congress—6th District: GEN. MORTON C. HUNTER, Of Monroe County.

Two sons of Mr. George Colclazer, of Bass Mills, Shelby county, got into a quarrel one day last week. Their father attempted to part them, when one of them drew a knife and cut the old gentleman in the neck severely, if not fatally.

Little Dick Hollis, of New Albany, never was a catcher of a base ball nine, and so was not sufficiently skillful to catch the bowler his little playmate wafted at him, and wears one eye in a sling and two front teeth in his pocket, in consequence.

The infant child of Mr. J. W. Young, of Monticello, fell against a red hot stove on last Thursday morning, and was nearly burned to death. It seems that the child had been in the habit of climbing into a high chair, and while its mother was absent in some other part of the house, the little fellow crawled to the chair, which was sitting near the stove and while climbing up, fell over against the stove.

A young man named Good, while engaged in adjusting a belt on the fly wheel of a saw mill, at Milton Station, ten miles east of Terre Haute, on the Indianapolis and St. Louis Railroad yesterday morning, was caught by the arm and revolved about the wheel at a rapid rate until he was literally torn to pieces, suffering instant death.

Among the incidents of the late conflagration in Spencer, it is related that a barrel of whisky was rolled out of a drug store when a citizen knocked in the head and with a bucket commenced throwing the contents on the fire. It is said that the fluid acted as well as the best Croton in extinguishing the conflagration.

The spring floods in the Ohio, if they ever come, will, it is believed, sweep away the last vestige of that old land-mark of the falls of the Ohio, Corn Island. Less than a quarter of an acre now remains. When General George Rogers Clark was on his expedition for the capture of Vincennes and Kaskaskia, Corn Island furnished him an encampment for his entire army of 2,500 men.

A dentist in this city has introduced a novel method of extracting teeth. He fastens his forceps firmly on the offending cussed or bicuspis acher, solders it tight, then attaches the forceps to a chain securely hitched to the stove leg; then with force and dexterity hurls a brick at the victim—we mean the patient's—head. The dodge that follows brings the tooth. We don't say positively that this is strictly so. There may be some mistake in details, but the principle is correct.—T. H. Express.

The supreme court of the state has decided that the fee and salary act as a whole is not invalid, but that so much of said act that required sheriffs and clerks to pay over to the county treasurer their fees, or any part thereof, is unconstitutional and void. Under this decision the clerks and sheriffs are entitled to and will retain all the fees they earn. The court has also decided that part of the act allowing witnesses \$1.50 per day is valid, and also the charges of 25 cents for indexing \$5.00 for jury fee and \$2.00 for docket fee, are legal under said act.

The remains of Jonathan Jennings, the first Governor of Indiana, are resting in an old grave yard at Charlestown, without even a poor headstone to mark his burial place. His grave, to-day, would be on the commons and entirely lost sight of, but for the kind care of a private citizen, the editor of the Clark County Record, who kept it enclosed and cared for. Politicians in Clark county have often tried to make capital by advocating the erection of a monument to Gov. Jennings. Efforts have been made to obtain legislative appropriations for the same purpose. But all these efforts have failed, and the Governor sleeps on in an unknown and unmarked grave.

The State Board of Agriculture at their meeting at Indianapolis, resolved to sell their present ground, and adopt the migratory plan. But it was resolved to hold the Fair at Indianapolis this year.

Hon. D. W. Voorhees, is now in favor of paying the public debt in greenbacks, we see. Times indeed, does "set all things right." We hope Daniel will yet denounce that spread-eagle, rebel peroration delivered before the young men of the University of Virginia.



For President, ULYSSES S. GRANT.
For Vice President, SCHUYLER COLFAX.
Subject to the decision of the National Republican Convention.

In a divorce case pending in Ohio the grounds of the husband's application are that his wife insists that he shall kill the old cat that has been with them for ten years. He says "it is not because he hates to part with the animal, but the job is too much to ask of him while he is in feeble health, as at present." He has drowned her twice, shot fourteen rifle balls through her vitals, given her half a pound of strychnine committed hari-kari on her with a pitchfork, and the only effect perceptible is a trifle more tone to her voice and a bay window over one eye. This is one of the most singular concatenations on record.

Indianapolis Business Interests.

Removal of the Wholesale House of

Vinnedge, Jones & Co., from 68 to 93 and 95 South Meridian St.

To the vast increasing wholesale trade of Meridian street during the past ten years is Indianapolis greatly indebted for her popularity abroad. Passing down Meridian street from Washington to the Depot, one can not but admire the many large and beautiful business blocks lately erected. It is also plainly discernible that while these buildings have been in a great measure built in ornamental style, they have been put up with an eye to the interest of the parties who occupy them. Judging from the manner in which the building at 93 and 95 has been erected, the present firm spared neither pains nor expense to have these rooms suited to meet the wants of their customers. Some seven years ago Mearns, Vinnedge, Jones & Co. started in the wholesale boot and shoe trade at 66 south Meridian street. Commencing with the determination to do and to conquer, they have built up a trade which has at last compelled them to seek larger and more commodious quarters, and candor compels us to say that in their removal to Nos. 93 and 95, they now occupy rooms that for adaptability to the boot and shoe business, are without equal in the State of Indiana. Plenty of room here enables the merchant to select his season's stock with the greatest of care, and, as for light, no house on Meridian street is equal to it. Parties, if they desired, could not examine goods out of doors with any more satisfaction than they can in any part of this building. Meridian street is taking high rank in the commercial interests of the West, and it will be a matter of great surprise to us if the sales of the wholesale boot and shoe house of Vinnedge, Jones & Co. do not increase during the year the sum of \$100,000. Indianapolis, with her railroad facilities, is without doubt the equal of Cincinnati, Chicago, or any point in the West, as a market for any class of goods, and it will be a great mistake with merchants generally, if in visiting the city they do not call on Vinnedge, Jones & Co., at 93 and 95 South Meridian street, and examine their first class stock of boots and shoes. We remind the merchants throughout the State that this firm are now receiving and opening their spring stock, and that they merit at least an inspection of their goods, for a more desirable assortment to select from cannot be found in Indianapolis.

From the Morgan Co. Republican.

The Spencer Case.

The case of the State against

Daniel O. Spencer, for homicide, is now being tried in the Circuit Court.

W. R. Harrison is, by agreement,

sitting as Judge, pro tem. Quite a

novel and nice law point was pre-

sented in the case, in which several

hours were consumed in arguing.

The defendant was indicted and

tried in Owen county some three

years ago, upon a charge of murder

in the second degree, but was ac-

quitted by the jury, of the charge of

murder, and found guilty of man-

slaughter only—at his own instance

a new trial was granted, and the

case sent to this county. Upon the

case being called for trial on Tues-

day morning, the defendant moved

to be discharged upon the ground

that he had been acquitted at the

former trial of the charge of mur-

der, and could not, under the con-

stitution, be again put in jeopardy

for that offense, but for man-slaughter

only, and as the indictment did not

charge him with the last mentioned

offense, there was nothing on paper

to which the State could compel

him to plead. The point was ably

argued by counsel, pro and con, but

the Court, without assigning any

reasons, overruled the defendant's

motion, and held him to answer the

charge—after which a jury was impaneled, without much delay, and the trial proceeded.

In a speech at the first grand rally

of the Republicans in the New

Hampshire canvass, at Concord, Ex-Governor Harriman said: "If General Grant had come up from the

South, and gone with fire and sword

through Pennsylvania, the Democ-

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trouble with the Democrats is that

Grant fought on the wrong side.

The finances of the nation are

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Over one hundred millions a year

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