

## BLOOMINGTON PROGRESS.

ISSUED EVERY WEDNESDAY, at \$2 per year.

WILLIAM A. GARE, Editor and Proprietor.

### Our Next Governor.

The Republicans of Monroe will be gratified to learn that the name of GODLOVE S. ORTH, of Tippecanoe county, will be before the Convention on the 22d of February, for the nomination as Governor, and that his claims are so generally and favorably urged in various portions of the State.

Mr. ORTH has been long in public life, having but recently served his fourth term in Congress, where he was an active and faithful worker, participating in all the exciting discussions connected with, and growing out of the late rebellion, in which he proved himself a ready, able, and eloquent debater, equal to the most gifted in that body. He has made himself familiar with all questions of State and National Policy, by long service as a Legislator, and understands the wants of the people as thoroughly as any man in the State. Besides, he is one of the few who have returned to their constituency, after a service of eight years in Congress, with a character, although previously without reproach or blemish, still purer and stronger by having passed the ordeal of the besetting temptations incident to public life in Washington.

Even his life-long political opponents, in view of his life-long morality—his strict and unswerving political integrity, have never dared to utter a word against his personal character. In his nomination for the office of Governor, we make no experiment with an untried man. He has been tried, and has not been found wanting—always true to his friends and political principles as the needle to the pole, acquitting himself in every public position with credit to himself, and with honor to the State. Possessing all the elements of strength necessary for a successful canvass, we say give us ORTH, and the Republicans of Monroe will delight in doing an honor to the State by siding in his election in October.

—A mixture of assafoetida and brimstone is the odorous amulet worn by Newcastle ladies, to ward off those twin relics of barbarism: Small-Pox and Itch.

—Mrs. Wolf, of Terre Haute, put too much arsenic in her husband's coffee. He vomited himself out of danger, to the great disappointment of the partner of his joys and sorrows.

—Leonard Wewer, of Madison, while enjoying his New Year, had his pistol hang fire. He turned it round to see what was the matter, when it went off rather late and sent a ball through his hand.

—A gang of burglars entered a South Bend hotel the other night and left but one suit of clothes for thirty guests. They had breakfast from seven to ten next morning at that hotel, and the toilets were not conspicuous for fit.

—Mr. S. O. Taylor, of Lafayette, has a number of small white spots on various parts of his anatomy. The prevailing colors, however, are black and blue, illuminated with sanguinary gashes. He shaved his mule's tail!

—An Indianapolis gentleman and his wife had a little argument on Christmas eve, when he kindly said he would hang up her stockings for her, which he did, but inadvertently omitted to take her out of them. She stood on her head for nine minutes, when the neighbors interfered.

—Ed. Driscoll, of Lewis Creek, Shelby county, got upon a stump to see his way, and in drawing his gun up after him, by the muzzle, of course, the hammer caught against the stump with the usual result. He will die.

—If a wife gets jealous of a dressmaker it is better not to go to the extent of coveting her, else the frail dressmaker may elope with the frail husband, as it fell out at Anderson the other day. Such conduct bespeaks not an honest dressmaker.

—A missing thumb and a hole in the right leg, are reckoned as the results of foolin' with pistols at Franklin, last week. The hole is in the custody of Orion LaGrange, and the thumb isn't in the possession of William West.

—A lot of cattle were sold last week by Messrs. U. & G. Ayer to Zack Templeton & Bro. The lot of 180 head averaged 1,675 pounds, or a total of over three hundred thousand pounds. The sum of over \$17,000 was realized by the Ayer Bros. for the lot. The buyers say it was the fattest lot of cattle they ever heard of being shipped from Indiana.—Lafayette Dispatch.

—Some enterprising individual at Greencastle, has been selling Mrs. O'Leary's cow's tail at one dollar per inch. The cow's mother's tail was then brought forth and retailed at fifty cents an inch. The citizens began to smell a mouse when the individual brought forth the tail of

the grandmother of the first mentioned cow, and desired to dispose of it at twenty-five cents. There is no telling how far back he would have produced the tails of the ancestors of that cow if the indignant citizens had not cow-bided him and chased him out of town.

### The One Term Principle.

Mr. Sumner has introduced into the Senate of the United States a preamble and resolution proposing an amendment to the Constitution, rendering a person who has once held the office of President ineligible to re-election. The preamble quotes Andrew Jackson, W. H. Harrison, Henry Clay, B. F. Wade, and others, in favor of the proposition. The idea is that if the President is ineligible for a second term, much of the abuses consequent upon the use of patronage will be prevented. The President, finding himself upon the topmost round of the ladder, will have no inducement to use the public patronage to advance his personal interests. This is the theory. It is assumed that Presidents do use patronage to secure a re-election, and if a re-election is prohibited, the alleged abuse of the patronage will be corrected. An evil weed is not destroyed by cutting off the tops. To destroy it it must be torn up by the roots. We may not expect, therefore, to destroy the evil of public patronage by amending the Constitution as to one man, while it will be used by a thousand other men as it is now used, as alleged, by the President. The best way, and the only sure way to correct the abuse is to strike at its root, by enacting a thorough system of civil service that will not permit removals except for cause, and that will provide that no officer in the civil service below the heads of departments, unless found to be incompetent or dishonest, shall be turned out. This would settle the whole question, and it is the only plan that can be made to succeed. Perhaps the people are not prepared for such a radical change. Perhaps Senators and Representatives are not prepared for it. It is important, however, that such a change should be brought about, and this is a far more important work than amending the Constitution so, very sacred that it should not be touched; we would not change it on every trifling occasion.

As Mr. Sumner's proposition provides that the amendment shall not take effect until after the 4th of March, 1873, it does not apply to President Grant. It may therefore be discussed upon its merits, without prejudice.

In the first place, then, we would inquire what harm has resulted from the Constitution as it is? In thirty years no President has been re-elected except Mr. Lincoln, and, considering the state of the country at the time he was chosen for a second term, it will now be generally conceded that a constitutional provision rendering him ineligible would have been unfortunate. There were fault finders then who complained of Mr. Lincoln. There were those who charged that he used the public patronage to promote his re-election, and there were more than a few who suggested precisely such an amendment to the Constitution as that proposed by Mr. Sumner; but we now see that such a clause in the national instrument at that time would have defeated the will of the people, which was clearly and unmistakably in favor of the re-election of Mr. Lincoln. He had proved a faithful servant, and the people knew it, hence, notwithstanding the labored movements in behalf of Mr. Chase, the National Republican Convention nominated him for re-election by acclamation.

We have great faith in the integrity and good sense of the people. We have more faith in the people than we have in men who think themselves wiser than the people, and would seek to tie the hands of those who, in this country, are the source of all power, and who pass upon the merits of men and make and unmake constitutions.

There has not been a time within the last thirty years when a President who fell short of public expectation could have been re-nominated. There was no power that could bring about such a result. Public patronage was of no avail. What was patronage worth to Polk, and Pierce, and Fillmore, and Buchanan, and Johnson? Their administrations were condemned by the people, and the patronage they controlled was as powerless in the face of public sentiment as chaff before the wind. So it would be in the case of President Grant, if he depended upon public patronage. If that were his only or main dependence, he would pass out of office and out of sight as did so many of his predecessors. The people of this great nation are not to be controlled in that way; and if the administrator of Grant were not approved by the people, there would be no occasion for the proposition submitted by Mr. Sumner. It is easy enough to attribute Grant's popularity to patronage; but patronage did not popularize the administrations of Polk, or Pierce, or Buchanan, or Fillmore, or Johnson. They controlled it as much as Grant does, and used it more unscrupulously than Grant does, but it did them no good; and Grant's patronage would do him no good had he no other support, or if that were his chief dependence.

Furthermore, if this proposed amendment is a blow at the abuse of patronage, why is it not made more extensive? There are more abuses connected with the election

of United States Senators than with the election of President. All around Mr. Sumner there are Senators who bought their election with money or with patronage, or with both combined. What is the use of amending the Constitution as to the President if the Senatorial abuses are to be passed over? Is not the country in greater danger of being demoralized by a debauched Senate than by a debauched President? The President can easily be reached. The Senate not so easily.

It is far more important, therefore, to amend the Constitution so as to provide for the election of United States Senators by the people at large, than to attempt to amend it so as to tie the hands of the people in regard to candidates for the presidency.

In response to inquiries, the St. Louis Democrat says: "We do think Gen. Grant the strongest Republican candidate for Missouri. We do not believe that any other man would be as strong as Grant as against the Democratic party; the any-other man business has been on trial for a year, and has not developed a point. We do prefer the re-nomination of Grant, as at present advised, because we believe him to be stronger with the people than any other candidate yet suggested or within the realm of present possibilities."

The Ohio State Journal says: "When you find a man howling about Grant, and complaining that he shows a lack of appreciation of public men, it is safe to inquire what office that man wanted which he did not get."

We are glad to see in Harper's Weekly, a thoughtful article recommending the re-nomination of Mr. Colfax to the Vice-Presidency. It would be very hard to find in all the country a man more admirably qualified for the position. Mr. Colfax enjoys the confidence and respect of the people in a very remarkable degree, and even slander, which spares very few public men, has spared him. In addition to the qualities which Harper's Weekly ascribes to him, it ought to be said that Mr. Colfax possesses very rare merits as the Chairman of a Parliamentary body. As Speaker of the House, and again as President of the Senate, he has gained invaluable experience; his familiarity with Parliamentary usages is probably unexcelled; his fairness and impartiality have never been called in question; he possesses a temper which no provocation can ruffle; and he habitually lives up to that high standard which the people more and more look for in their public men. This is high praise, no doubt, but it falls short of Mr. Colfax's deserts. He does not seek re-nomination—in fact, he is very reluctant to accept it; but the people cannot afford to lose him at a time when services so distinguished as his are most necessary. We sincerely trust that Mr. Colfax will be chosen as our Vice-President at the next election.—N. Y. Times.

Mr. August Belmont, "bloated bondholder" and Chairman of the Democratic National Committee, writes that, under the existing state of affairs, he thinks it not advisable to call the Committee together at present, to take action with reference to holding a National Convention.

—Shel. Parks, of the Martinsville Gazette, was in town to-day. He came up to see Niason, and if he continues as he has commenced, he will see at least two Nilsons.—Indianapolis Commercial.

—A young man named Burke, inebriated, tried to stop a buzz saw by sitting down on it, at Franklin, last Wednesday. His sitting down didn't stop the saw, but the saw stopped his sitting down for some time to come. His wound is ten inches in length, cut to the bone.

—A gentleman named Eoff, whose country residence is in Jennings county, gently kicked the partner of his sorrows down cellar, and fanned her with a brick. He has removed his place of residence to the county seat, where his wife will visit him to give in her testimony, as soon as she is able.

—Rev. W. W. Curry is generally spoken of as a candidate for Secretary of State on the Republican ticket, by the press, and it looks as if he would walk over the course. Probably the fact that the office confers more dignity than salary will account for the paucity of candidates.

—Several weeks ago Dr. Wm. L. Young, eloped with the wife of C. H. Newby, all of Highland, Vermillion county. Several days ago the repentant Doctor returned and found his wife at the home of her parents. He begged her to forgive him, and share his bed and board again. She promised to do so if he would consent to live in Terre Haute, and he being agreeable to this proposition, leaving their three children in his charge, she went to Highland, ostensibly for the purpose of getting a few things she had left there, but really to take sweet revenge by running off with one Jon. Sampson, a shepherd of the Campbellite flock of that place.

—Joseph Buckhalter, of Lafayette, threw the wrong valise off the train of Conductor New, as he was passing through that city. The conductor called him as he was about to follow the valise and handed him over to the authorities. Michigan city yawns for him.

### Laughing Gas.

For some time past I have made a specialty of giving Laughing Gas, having given it to upwards of three thousand persons during the last year, in nearly every case giving perfect satisfaction. Ladies taking Gas should have their clothing loose, they should never take it while lying down. It is pleasant to breathe; it does not produce nausea, headache, or sickness. In a few minutes after taking it the person has entirely recovered from its effects.

### Artificial Teeth.

I make a first-class upper or lower set of teeth on rubber, for ten dollars. The quality of the work is strictly first-class, and I warrant it to be such. I buy all my teeth from Strong, Smith & Co., of this place; they are the only agents here for the best makes of teeth, and they sell none other. Cheap makes can be made for half the money. I do not use them. I also make work adapted to flat soft mouths; for an upper set of this work I charge from \$30 to \$50, guaranteeing that the patient shall eat on them as soon as they are placed in the mouth. See card in this paper. Jno. K. Kilgore, Dentist, 70 North Illinois street, Indianapolis, Ind.

### Republican State Convention.

A delegate State Convention of the Republican party of Indiana will be held in the city of Indianapolis on Thursday, the 22d of February, 1873, at 10 o'clock A. M., for the nomination of candidates for the State offices and one Congressman for the State at large, (if provided for by act of Congress,) for designating candidates for Presidential electors, for appointing delegates to the National Republican Convention, and the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the Convention.

The order of nomination is indicated as follows: Governor, Lieutenant Governor, Secretary of State, Auditor of State, Treasurer of State, Clerk of the Supreme Court, Superintendent of Public Instruction, Attorney General and Congressmen at large.

Upon the basis adopted by the Committee, the representation is fixed at one delegate for each one hundred votes, and one delegate for each fraction over fifty votes cast in the several counties in the State for Hon. M. F. Hoffman for Secretary of State at the general election of 1870.

By order of Central Committee, JOHN W. FOSTER, Chairman, J. C. BURNETT, Secretary.

## THE CHEAPEST GOODS

## W.O. FEE'S.

I will close out my stock of Heavy Boots and Shoes, a general assortment of Men's and Boys READY-MADE CLOTHING, including some fine all wool BEAVER OVERCOATS, Ladies' Beaver and VELVET CLOAKINGS, and many other articles AT LESS THAN COST. And at lower prices than any store in or out of town will sell such goods. I keep a line of the best

### Family Groceries.

My stock of General Merchandise is complete, and every article will be sold as cheap as can be had at any store in town when not sold cheaper.

Oct. 18, 1871. W. O. FEE.

### NOTICE of Application for the Extension of Corporate Limits.

Notice is hereby given, that the Board of Trustees of the Town of Bloomington, Indiana, will make application to the Commissioners of the County of Monroe and State of Indiana, at their March Term, A.D. 1873, for the extension of the Corporate Limits of said Town to the line of streets and bounds hereinafter given, a true and correct description of which will be found in the hands of the Auditor of said County. Said limits and bounds are as follows, viz: Commencing south of the present line at the southeast corner of Out-Lot No. 38, owned by Edwin Bullock, thence running due west to the intersection of an imaginary line running south from the west line of the Public Cemetery; thence due north to intersection of an imaginary line running west from the north line of the woodland, north of his residence, owned by Morton C. Hunter, purchased by him from Asher Labaree; thence due east to intersection of an imaginary line running south, between Out-Lot Nos. 82 and 83, owned by Mrs. M. A. Dunn and James W. Cook, respectively; thence due south to intersection of the section line running west between Out-Lot Nos. 95 and 97, owned respectively by John M. Suss and Mrs. Ellen Allen; thence due west to the place of beginning.

All persons interested are hereby notified, and will govern themselves accordingly.

By order of the Board of Trustees, JOHN WALDRON, Pres't of Board, JAMES F. FEE, Clerk of T. B. Bloomington, Ind., Jan. 17th, 1872.

### For Sale—House on Lot.

HOUSE contains six large and commodious rooms. There is a Cistern, Cellar and Stable. Situated in the northeast part of Bloomington, joining corner of 8th and Lincoln streets, lies beautifully and high fronting the south, and is well supplied with fruit trees and evergreens. For particulars call on or address J. M. FERRIS, Bloomington, Ind. Jan. 13-2w

## THE MANUFACTURE OF THE Reliance Wringer.

Have had unusual opportunities of securing precisely what is wanted, and of producing a perfect machine. They have brought out an entirely new Wringer, which they call the "PROVIDENCE."

New. 1871. Perfect.

A great improvement over all other Wringers.



It Saves Labor. It Saves the Clothes. It saves time. It will save five or six cents. It wrings faster than by hand.

We consider the Providence superior to all others, for the following reasons: 1st. The rollers of large and best quality of White Rubber, are all secured to their Shafts in the most permanent manner, by the Moulton Process, making the best Roller in the world.

2d. The Patent Metal Journal Casings prevent any wear upon the Journals. [The wooden journals in which the iron shafts of other machines run, soon wear, and the efficiency of the Wringer is thereby greatly reduced.]

3d. The Double Spiral Cogs used on this Wringer give the utmost ease and steadiness in working, while the double stop prevents them from loosening or being thrown out of gear. We furnish either single or double gear "Providence," as desired.

4th. The Adjustable Curved Clamp, readily adjusts this Machine to tubs of any size or thickness, making a perfect fastening. No wooden pegs or rubber straps on the Clamps.

5th. Simplicity, Strength and Beauty, are combined in this Machine, with all the requisites of a first-class Wringer.

PROVIDENCE TYPE CO. PROVIDENCE, R. I.

11 Warren Street, New York.

Sixty-five first Prize Medals Awarded.

### THE GREAT

### Baltimore Piano

Wm. Knabe & Co., MANUFACTURERS OF GRAND SQUARE AND UPRIGHT PIANO FORTES, BALTIMORE, MD.

These instruments have been before the Public for nearly Thirty Years, and upon their excellent tone and unimpaired character, which has been pronounced by those unqualified in TONE.

TOUCH, WORKMANSHIP, AND DURABILITY. All our Square Pianos have our new improved Overstrung Scale and the Agraffe Tackle.

We would call special attention to our late patented improvement in Grand Pianos and Square Grands, found in no other Piano, which brings the Piano never before than has yet been obtained. Every Piano fully warranted for five years. Lists promptly furnished upon application to WM. KNABE & Co., Baltimore, Md. Or any of our regular established agents.

### Removal.

WILLIAM EMERY HAS REMOVED HIS Saddle and Harness Shop

From his Old Stand on Fifth Street, to the new one on Call Ave. just opposite to the Orchard House Building, where he will keep on hand and

Manufacture to Order all kinds of Carriage, Wagon and Buggy Harness, Saddles, Collars, Whips and Saddlery Hardware.

All kinds of Repairing done on short notice. Bloomington, Ind., June 11, 1871.

### Notice to Contractors.

Sealed Proposals!

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received by the Trustees of Public Schools of the City of Bloomington, Monroe county, Ind., until

THURSDAY, January 25th, 1873, for the building of a first-class Three Story Brick School House. Plans, specifications and detail drawings may be seen at the Office of Moly & Pierce, in Bloomington, and at the office of B. M. Knapp & Son, Architects, room No. 6 Old Fellows Hall, Indianapolis.

Bids will be received separately for the carpenter work, hardware and lumber, for the galvanizing iron, tinning and slating, for the painting and glass, for the wrought-iron work, including iron stairs, and for the entire work.

The right to reject all bids is reserved.

J. M. MUCKY, } Trustees, G. M. CHASE, } Trustees, Bloomington, Ind., Jan. 18, 1872.

### Notice to Non-Residents.

The State of Indiana, Monroe county in the Monroe Common Pleas Court, April Term, 1872.

David Adams, } Civil Action, vs. James Martin, } and John Martin, }

Now comes the Plaintiff, J. J. Smith Hunter, his Attorney, and files an affidavit that said James Martin, one of said defendants, is a non-resident of the State of Indiana.

Notice is therefore hereby given said defendant, James Martin, that unless he be and appear on the first day of the next Term of the Monroe Common Pleas Court, to be held on the first Monday of April, A.D. 1872, at the Court House in Bloomington, in said county, and State, and answer or demur to said complaint, the same will be heard and determined in his absence.

[J.S.] Witness my name and the seal of said Court, affixed at Bloomington, this 16th day of January, A.D. 1872.

JOHN R. EAST, Clerk.

### Notice to Non-Residents.

The State of Indiana, Monroe County, in the Monroe Common Pleas Court, April Term, 1872.

James L. Canada vs. Sidney Seymour. Now comes the Plaintiff by Mulky & Pitzer, Attorneys, and files his complaint herein, together with an affidavit that said Defendant, Sidney Seymour, is not a resident of the State of Indiana.

Notice is therefore hereby given said defendant, that unless he be and appear on the first day of the next term of the Monroe Common Pleas Court, to be held on the 2d Monday of April, A.D. 1872, at the Court House in Bloomington, in said county and State, and answer or demur to said complaint, and proceedings in attachment under said complaint, the same will be heard and determined in his absence.

Witness my name, and the seal of said Court, affixed at Bloomington, this 9th day of January, A.D. 1872.

JOHN R. EAST, Clerk. Jan. 13, 1872, 3w.

## Administrator's Sale.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that the undersigned Administrator, with the will annexed, will sell at PRIVATE SALE, clear of all liens and encumbrances except the Taxes for the year 1872, the following described real estate in Van Buren township, Monroe County, Indiana, to-wit:

Part of the southeast quarter of section 28, town 8, range 2 west, commencing at the northeast corner of said tract; thence west until it strikes Indian Creek; thence with the meanders of said Creek until it strikes the section line between the south west quarter of section 28 and the southeast quarter of section 29; thence south to the section corner; thence east to the southeast corner; thence north to the beginning corner, containing about one hundred and twenty-five acres. Appraised at \$2,500.

Also, part of the southeast quarter of section 23, town 8, range 2 west, that lies north and west of Indian Creek in the northwest corner of said section, containing 35 acres.

Also, the east part of the southeast quarter of section twenty-nine, town 8, range 2 west, containing eighty acres, and lays east of the Bloomington and Stanford road.

Also 10 acres out of the southeast corner of the northeast quarter of said section, town 8, range 2 west, and more particularly described in the petition of the Administrator. Appraised at \$3,750.

Applications of purchasers will be received at the late residence of said deceased upon said premises, up to the 31st day of March, next.

TERMS.—One-fourth cash, residue in three equal payments of twelve, eighteen and twenty-four months, the purchaser giving note at six per cent. interest, valuing and secured by good freshhold securities.

WILLIAM H. RICHARDSON, Adm'r of the Will annexed, Of William C. Suddler, deceased. J. S. SMITH Hunter, Atty.

## Administrator's Sale.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that the undersigned Administrator of the estate of Solomon Horst, deceased, will sell at Private Sale, clear of all encumbrances except the taxes for the year 1872, the following real estate, to-wit:

A part of the east half of the northeast quarter of section 4, town 5, north, range 1 west, beginning at a point on the east line of said quarter, that is 24 rods north of the southeast corner thereof; thence north with said east line to the northeast corner of said quarter; thence west 80 rods to the northwest corner of said half quarter; thence south with the west line of said half quarter to a point 24 rods north of the southwest corner of said half quarter; thence east, parallel with the south line of said half quarter, to the place of beginning, containing 67 1/2 acres, more or less, situated in Clear Creek township, Monroe county, Indiana, and appraised by the acre at \$28, or \$1,897 50 for the whole tract.

Application of purchasers will be received at my residence in Perry township, in said county, up to the 14th day of February, 1872. But if the said real estate is not sold on said day at private sale then and in that case I will, at 1 o'clock P. M. on Monday, the 28th day of February, A. D. 1872, at the late residence of said deceased (which is near this land) offer for sale at Public Auction, the aforesaid described real estate.

Upon sale by either mode one-fourth cash will be required in hand, and the residue in equal payments due in 12, 18 and 24 months, with notes at 6 per cent. interest, valuing and secured by good freshhold securities.

JANUARY 22, 1872. J. S. SMITH Hunter, Atty.

## Notice of Sale of Land.

NOTICE is hereby given, that by virtue of an Order of the Monroe County Common Pleas Court, the undersigned Administrator of the estate of James Good, deceased, will offer for sale at public auction, on the premises, in Salt Creek township, on

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 25th, 1872, the following described real estate, to-wit:

The northwest quarter of the southwest quarter of section fourteen (14), of township eight (8), range one (1) east, containing forty (40) acres, more or less, in Monroe county, Indiana.

Also, part of the northeast quarter of the southeast quarter of section fifteen (15), township eight (8), range one (1) east, containing forty (40) acres, more or less, in Monroe county, Indiana.

TERMS.—One-third cash, the residue in equal payments, at twelve and eighteen months, with notes at interest, valuing and secured by good freshhold securities.

Sale to begin at 2 o'clock P. M. JAMES B. CLARK, Administrator.

## THE AMERICAN WASHER.

PRICE \$5.00. The American Washer saves Money, Time and Drudgery.

The fatigue of Washing day no longer troubles, but Economy, Efficiency, and Clean Clothing are secured.

In calling attention to this little machine a few of the invaluable qualities, not possessed by any other washing machine yet invented, are here enumerated.

It is the smallest, most compact, most portable, most simple in construction, most easily operated. A child ten years old, with a few hours practice, can thoroughly comprehend and effectually use it. There is no twisting, no tearing, no rubbing, no laying in adapting! It is always ready for use! It is a perfect little wonder! It is a miniature giant, doing more work and at a better quality than the most elaborate and costly. One half of the labor is fully saved by its use, and the clothes will last one-half longer than by the old plan of the rub board. It will also wash the largest blanket. Three shirts at a time, washing thoroughly. In a word, the value of any fabric, from a quilt to a Lace Curtain, or Cambric Handkerchief, are equally within the capacity of the LITTLE GEM! It can be fastened to any tub and taken off at will.

No matter how deep rooted a prejudice may exist against Washing Machines, the moment this little machine is seen to perform its wonders, all doubts of its cleansing efficiency and utility are banished, and the doubter and detractor at once become the true friends of the machine.

We have testimonials without end setting forth its numerous advantages over all others, and from hundreds who have thrown aside the unwieldy, useless machines, which have signally failed to accomplish the object promised in prominent and loud sounding advertisements.

It is as perfect for washing as a wringer is for wringing. The price, another paramount inducement to purchasers, has been placed within the reach of every household, and there is no article of domestic economy that will repay the small investment so soon.

\$5.50. All that is asked for this GREAT LABOR SAVER, is a fair trial. We guarantee each machine to do its work perfectly.

Sole Agents for the United States, A. H. PRAXIS & CO., 513 Market St., Phil. Pa.

The largest and cheapest WOODEN WARE HOUSE in the United States.

## NOTICE.

W. H. JONES, Ex-Recorder, will give prompt attention to the business of Conveyancing, Searching the Records of Deeds and Mortgages in Monroe county, and furnishing abstracts of title to Real Estate, &c.

What Jones knows, he knows; and in the main, he knows more than Jones. The thing more for Jones, than many can say for themselves, and tell the truth.

Office—up stairs, at the Court House in Bloomington, convenient to the Records.

1872-3w



## HENRY ROTT'S BAKERY, CONFECTIONERY and CANDY MANUFACTORY



## BREAD, CAKES AND CANDIES made Daily.

Will Duplicate any bill in his line of trade

---freight paid here.

AGENCY FOR THE

Celebrated Baltimore Oysters—The best Sold.

## PERINGS, AT 97 COLLEGE AVE., ARE RECEIVING A NICE ASSORTMENT OF SHOES,