

THE MUNCIE POST-DEMOCRAT

A Democratic weekly newspaper representing the Democracy of Muncie, Delaware county and the Eight Congressional District. The only Democratic newspaper in Delaware County.

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GEO. R. DALE, Owner and Publisher.

FRIDAY, JANUARY 6, 1922.

LIVELY TIMES AHEAD

Councilman Roy Friedly, republican lined up with the four democratic councilmen, tried to put Fred Fromont's favor for president of council Monday night, but failed, the vote standing seven to six in favor of Elliott. Failing to put over his candidate Mr. Friedly then began the fireworks, making the accusation that the four democrats had not been treated right in committee assignments, and that the Southside had been woefully neglected in the matter of appointments.

It was apparent from the way things started off Monday night that two well defined factions will battle for supremacy in the council—one favoring the acts and policies of the city administration and the other posing as critics of the crowd in control. If the vote taken Monday night means anything one is inclined to believe that flax pickers are slightly in the minority.

Councilman Friedly, who is the acknowledged leader of the Beveridge faction in Muncie and Delaware County, is evidently playing some kind of politics in stepping out as an insurgent at the initial council meeting.

The democrats themselves were not kicking because of their omission from certain committees, but Councilman Friedly seems to have taken up the cudgel for them.

His strictures against Mayor Quick, because of his alleged failure to recognize the Southside were somewhat out of order. Two laboring men, Jack Collins and Charley Fisher, were appointed members of the board of safety, Collins being a resident of the Southside.

Of course Mayor Quick should recognize the Southside in his appointments and in the following out of his policies, and we believe that he will do so.

We have just got through with a campaign in which one candidate for mayor shed tears by the bucketful over the woes of the despairing Southsiders. Is Councilman Friedly to step into the shoes left vacant when Roll Bunch heard the little birds singing and the referee counting ten?

William McCombs, late chairman of the Democratic national committee died, just after writing a book devoted to the vilification of ex-President Woodrow Wilson. We do not remember what the ailment was that caused the removal of McCombs from this mundane sphere, but it may have been thrombosis. Cursing Wilson seems to have been, in the light of mortality records of those who cursed him, a sort of a hazardous undertaking. We advise Senator Lodge to become vaccinated for thrombosis at once. God in his infinite wisdom and understanding seems to have taken His own plan of exterminating those who tried to drive to his grave a sick man whose bodily strength gave way after striving under the greatest load of responsibility ever carried by a living human since the world began.

Hooray! The Grand Old Party has redeemed its pledge to the people. Normalcy is now here. Rejoice and be glad. The factories are still down and the farmers are all busted, but the war tax has been removed from chewing gum and coca cola.

Charlie Murray, the great comedian and moving picture star spent several days in his home town, Muncie, this week. Muncie was honored by his presence. Charlie has made millions laugh and his name is a household word wherever movies are shown.

A BIG SAVING

The annual report of Chief Forester Greely shows the national forests are bringing in about \$5,000,000 a year from fees from grazing and the sale of timber and at the same time the supply of feed and lumber is not reduced. It is said in 50 years these national forests, which are so splendidly managed, will be worth ten times what they are now in direct returns. There was a time when nearly the entire United States was covered with valuable timber, but havoc was wrought through forest fires and ruthless cutting. The forestry association has long worked hard to improve the forest.

The saving announced speaks for itself and surely the fight was worth winning.

NEW TAX LAW EFFECTIVE

Some of the changes in the federal taxes voted by Congress recently became effective at the opening of the new year were welcomed, for many reasons, by the average man and woman. The pennies collected in change and also required to meet the vexatious stamp tax are no longer necessary at the drug store, when a supply of tooth paste, patent medicine, toilet preparations, or similar commodities are needed and one wonders how that busy individual who has been announcing how much yearly women spend for luxuries will get his figures. For all the money required in the so called luxury class, including also shoes and shirts and other clothing costing over certain prices has been eliminated. And this is not all the tax required for traveling by train, or boat, in sending freight, have been cut out, the income tax exemption increased at the same time—all of which are welcome. However there are still taxes.

New taxes of five per cent of the amount when the sale price exceeds given sums are placed on carpets and rugs, traveling articles, motor cars and wagons, smoking supplies, photographic articles, radio and cable messages, firearms, jewelry made of precious metals and slot vending machines.

Some special taxes retained are those on brokers, pawnbrokers, proprietors of public amusements, renters of public conveyances, and employers of child labor.

Stamp taxes still in force are those on stocks and bonds, and their sale, customhouse affairs, foreign insurance policies, powers of attorney, and playing cards.

WILL LEAVE BELGIUM

Ohio is getting to welcome home another of its distinguished citizens. Brand Whitlock, statesman and writer, is soon to leave Belgium, where he has represented this country as ambassador. Mr. Whitlock has become a prominent figure among the men of world's affairs and has not only won for himself a place high in the esteem of the people of his own country, but in Belgium, his official home, as well. Whitlock, who was in Belgium in those trying days of the World War, never hesitated in telling German military men how the world looked upon their military tactics and his writing of "Belgium under the German Heel" has been read by hundreds everywhere. The story of Belgium suffering was sent to America by Whitlock in such a manner which brought help promptly from this country through the Hoover commission. His work in Belgium, it is unofficially stated, is about completed. His leaving will be regretted by people of that country, but at the same time he will be cordially welcomed home. It is believed he will return to his literary work and the world come still closer in touch with this gifted man through his pen. Ohio has good reason to welcome its distinguished son.

OLD FASHIONED BREAD AND MILK BEST
FOOD FOR BABIES, IS EXPERT OPINION

American Boy Drinking Milk

By DR. H. E. BARNARD,
Director, American Institute of Baking.

The extraordinary interest every one is taking in the recently discovered vitamin content of food is stimulating the study of food as perhaps no other situation has ever done.

It was never easy for people to think in terms of calories or energy producing food units, but it is a simple matter to remember that children will not grow if they are deprived of the butter fat of milk, and that many children's disorders are due to too narrow a diet.

The interest manifested in a careful choice of the food supply is bound to be very helpful during the coming winter, and especially so in the case of families where economy is most necessary. Fortunately the best foods for children and for grown people too are the cheapest foods. It is not necessary to eat high priced foods in order to get the essential vitamins. Not only is milk an ideal food for children because of its high food value and cheap cost, but it is also rich in the vitamins.

A diet of bread and milk furnishes almost everything the child needs, for the bread supplements



French Children Enjoying Plain Bread

the milk and supplies the necessary starch and a very desirable form of protein for muscle building. The yeast used in making the bread is the richest of all known foods in the water soluble vitamins.

If in addition to the bread and milk diet, green vegetables are eaten, either in the form of salads or cooked, other important food elements are provided. Cabbage, spinach, carrots and turnips have a high vitamin content and they are also rich in essential minerals which the growing child needs. The popularity of the common fresh yeast cake, as a source of vitamins is in itself strong evidence that these little understood food accessories are quite as important in nutrition as fat, carbohydrates or protein.

FARMERS' OUTLOOK
FOR 1922 APPEARS
TO BE PROMISING

M. D. Lincoln, Executive Secretary of Bureau Federation, Discusses Future

What will the new year hold in store for farmers of Ohio, especially through the functioning of agricultural organizations?

This, according to M. D. Lincoln, executive secretary of the Ohio Farm Bureau Federation, is one of the questions that is being asked daily, both by those who have pinned their loyal faith to organization and by those timorous souls who have never yet satisfied themselves that there really is an agricultural Moses to lead the farming industry into the promised land of milk and honey.

"It is becoming more and more obvious to all," says Mr. Lincoln, "that there can be no revival of business and industry until the needs of farmers' produce advances or the prices of other things come down to the farm products level."

"Beyond the known, settled and fundamental principles of the federation, its actual program and policies for 1922 can only be determined upon after full and free discussion at the annual meeting of the organization Feb. 1 and 2. But certain details that will be worked upon are apparent."

Campaigns Completed

"First, 1922 will be the first year in the history of this comparatively new organization in which campaigns for organizing county bureaus under the uniform plan will not be necessary. All such work was finished during the recent summer months and early fall, and the federation will start in the new year with 88 bureaus well organized and having a total membership of 100,000. In many states organization work is still one of the major things on the program."

"Of course, membership efforts that, in efforts to increase present county memberships are bound to go on. Even with such a large enrollment we do not feel we have gone anywhere near the top. But the great work of selling the Farm Bureau to Ohio farmers and of organizing the counties on the three-year, \$10 basis is over."

"During the past we have had not only to build our plant and to provide the basic machinery for it, but have had also to work on a constructive program of delivering the goods. The accomplishments of the federation during the period that might well have been devoted solely to organization have, we believe, been praiseworthy. But now, with organization of membership pretty well behind us, the real work of the federation must go forward."

Business Organization

"The Farm Bureau is a business organization. Its function is to help farmers economically. Other organizations have the educational, fraternal and social features as their paramount fields of usefulness. With the Farm Bureau, however, the job is to help the farmer realize a better income from his products, to distribute them at the lowest possible cost consistent with fairness to all who handle them, and to do business in a sounder, more satisfactory manner."

"The way is open in Ohio for greater development of the co-operative marketing idea. We plan extension of livestock marketing, of the erection of commission houses on terminal

markets and of the elimination of useless expense between the producer and consumer, to the consequent benefit of both.

"No plans being fostered or developed by the Farm Bureau Federation are revolutionary in any respect. They have all been tried out and have proved successful by farmers in other parts of this country and in other countries. The whole plan is one of changing the ownership of the system of distribution of farm products and making it one of service to the producer and the consumer rather than one of private profit to individual middlemen."

Grain Marketing Plan

"A grain marketing plan is under way, with the solution of which many of the grain marketing difficulties will be done away with. The farmer will get a lower share of the consumer's dollar, and the consumer will pay only a price that allows the farmer a reasonable cost of production plus a fair profit."

"Organization of the large milk and cream producing industry of Ohio is an important part of the 1922 program. Heretofore in most sections of the state the farmer has had practically nothing to say about the price his dairy products would bring. We are rapidly and thoroughly organizing the milk farmers into co-operative marketing endeavors."

"In wool we have a highly satisfactory record of achievement to point to. The Ohio wool pool, so called, was the wonder of wool farmers everywhere. But the marketing plan for wool is still to be worked out to greater successes, we are confident."

"Fruits, vegetables and other commodities are being cared for by our departments, and the whole trend is toward successful and highly developed plans of selling collectively, a principle whose soundness cannot be successfully attacked."

Co-operative Buying

"Co-operative buying is, we believe, secondary to collective selling, yet it is an essential part of our endeavor. During 1921 we handled with pleasing results, through the Commercial Service Co., much fertilizer and other commodities."

"It is not the purpose of co-operative buying to eliminate the retail merchant in the country stores or to displace any agency that is rendering adequate service at a fair profit. Through the pooling of orders the farmer is only endeavoring to put himself on a bargaining par with other men, to eliminate unnecessary distribution costs and, by having a sufficient volume of business, secure for himself the best possible prices for the things which he must buy. This is only what all other manufacturers are doing and must do if the system is going to be efficient."

"One of the fundamentals to which serious attention has been given is that of proper and satisfactory financing of the agricultural industry. This, perhaps, can best be done through a central holding agency, or some such organization. Development of a financing program, I am sure, will occupy a great deal of our attention and thought during the early part of 1922."

"Legislation is a matter of which, certainly, we must not lose sight. But I am becoming more and more convinced that, even with the most favorable legislation, the great job

of the farmer is to help himself get to the point he desires to reach, which is economic betterment."

"What the farmer wants in legislation is only a square deal. We are asking only enough permissive legislation to allow us to do without discrimination, the things which other interests have been doing for a long time. There has been, however, too much looking toward legislation to cure economic ills. It will never do it, and the farmer must make up his mind to go into the markets of the world on a straight competitive basis, asking favors from no one and depending upon the merits of his proposition and the quality of his goods to secure for him a fair price."

Grange Is Friendly

"The cordial, friendly attitude of helpfulness, understanding and co-operation on the part of the Grange, as expressed by the retiring master, L. J. Taber, and his successor, Harry A. Caton, is one of the most prized of the federation's possessions. Together we expect to move. The fine relationships existing between our organizations and the state departments are, of course, to be counted as highly desirable assets."

"Farmers have been passing through the reconstruction crisis. It is seriously to be questioned whether we have reached finality in this regard. Prices are low, finances are unsatisfactory, and there are attacks from certain quarters. But, withal, it seems to me the farmers were never in better shape to go confidently toward a solution of their problems, and this is because they have reached that step so long unattainable, of understanding how to organize and to co-operate."

"So far as we can see, there is a good year in sight for the agricultural industry, not only of Ohio but also of the nation. We cordially wish for producer and consumer alike a very prosperous and happy new year."

U. S. TRADE WITH SOVIET POSSIBLE SOON, BELIEF

Washington, D. C., Jan. 8.—Resumption of trade relations with Russia is brought nearer by changes now going on in the Soviet form of government, it was stated in high Administration quarters here.

SECOND MUSHROOM CROP

Liverpool—The recent steaming heat of fall has produced a second mushroom crop as we can England. It is much better than the first.

CHURCH ANTI-WASTE

London—A committee of 17 members is now tabulating all the resources and expenses of the Church of England. The task will take two years. The committee will recommend methods to put the Church on a business basis and stop all waste.

RAT LICKS HAWK

Dublin—In a mid-air duel between a rat and a hawk at Carrickmacross the former was victor. The hawk carried the rat 200 feet above the ground, but they soon fell together. The rat scurried away, but the hawk was dying, its body being almost torn to shreds.

PRIZES FOR TAXPAYERS

Cleethornes, England—This village has established a system of prizes for those paying their taxes promptly. As a result 98 per cent of all taxes were paid the week they were due.

DAILY WALKS AT 100

Banbur, Eng.—Ex-Mayor John Harlock, who has just passed the century mark, takes long walks daily. He has been a magistrate for more than 50 years.

FOREIGN NEWS

Berlin—The German Cabinet has postponed dispatch of an answer to the Reparations Commission. This was the result of the reports of Dr. Walter Rathenau, who has declared his London visits failed to encourage a moratorium for a British promise to relieve reparations.

London—The death of Sir John Hare, noted English actor and manager, is announced here.

Tokio—Japan may refuse to ratify the quadruple Pacific treaty unless reservations excluding the home territories of signatory nations are adopted, it is clearly indicated here. High officials said Japan never can accept the agreement unless it is construed to mean protection of possessions alone and does not bind the signers to protect each other's home territory.

Cairo, Egypt—Although the situation here is under control, British military authorities have issued orders preparing against further disaffected natives. Among the precautions was a warning posted at Suez commanding patrolling airplane to drop smoke bombs on any assemblage discovered in the vicinity.

Rome—Census returns indicate Rome's population has reached 750,000.

Paris—The French Cabinet approved new instructions to their delegates at the Washington Arms Conference, which, however, does not alter in the least this Government's firm stand on the submarine issue. France refuses anything but equality in undersea tonnage with the United States and England.

Rome—Italy has signed a treaty for resumption of commercial relations with Russia. The Italian-Ukrainian treaty was signed at the same time.

Paris—The Chamber of Deputies voted confidence in the Briand Ministry on the Industrial Bank of China dispute.

Moscow—The All Russian Soviet Congress has voted confidence in Premier Lenin's internal and foreign policies. There was no open opposition.

Belfast—A civilian was killed and another civilian and a constable wounded in a new outbreak of shooting in the Marrowbone district here.

Rio De Janeiro—The Brazilian Ministry of War has ordered the gunboat Missos to proceed to the upper Amazon "to guarantee the rights of Brazilian citizens in that locality which is threatened by Peruvian revolutionists in the Iquitos district."

Dublin—Demonstrations apparently proving that the Irish people overwhelmingly favor ratification of the peace treaty with England are reported throughout the South of Ireland during the holiday intermission in the Dai.

Vienna—So hard put is Austria in meeting her obligations to the Allies that the Reparations Commission has allowed the Government to mortgage the famous Gobel tapestries and other art objects of high value in order to obtain credit.

Berlin—The German Cabinet has postponed its answer to the Allied Reparations Commission regarding the threatened failure of the January and February payments.

Calcutta—The "Hartal"—India's boycott against the Prince of Wales—utterly smashed at a nuptial in honor of the British heir to the imperial throne, held here when tens of thousands acceded the Prince an enthusiastic reception.

SENATOR BOISE
PENROSE DEAD

Forced Nomination on Taft When Late Colonel Roosevelt Was Candidate

Washington—Senator Boise Penrose of Pennsylvania died here Saturday, after a brief illness. Senator Penrose, who was 61 years of age, had been complaining for some days, but it was stated repeatedly by his friends that his condition was improving and that he would be able to resume his duties in the senate next week. His recent work as chairman of the finance committee in handling tax and tariff legislation was a greater physical hardship, his friends said, than he himself had realized.

He had been ill for a long time but had recovered sufficiently to resume his place in the senate. Reports from Senator Penrose's apartments at Wardman Park hotel indicated that his condition was not so good and physicians were constantly with him. The first notice of his death, which occurred at 11:40 o'clock, was telephoned by a physician from his apartment to the hotel desk.

Prominent in Senate
He was one of the most prominent members of the senate and was known as an old line Republican. Senator Penrose, one of the most interesting personalities in the upper house, which he entered in 1897 as the successor to the late Senator J. Donald Cameron, was one of the wealthiest bachelors in the senate. An "Old Guard" Republican, he was a member of the four important senate committees, namely, the finance committee, of which he was chairman, banking and currency, immigration and naval affairs.

KILLS HIGH IN AIR

Geneva—Going suddenly insane, Edw. Heller, a young Swiss student, drove his sister out on a sixth floor balcony and stabbed her to death. Hundreds of spectators on the street below watched the murder, powerless to intervene, and then saw Heller plunge from the balcony to his death.

LOVE POTION OR POISON?

Brussels—Mme. Elizabeth van Maldeghe, arrested for poisoning her husband, said that she had given him "love potions" to make him love her more. The police, however, have arrested Emil Langer as her accomplice and declare the woman planned to marry him.

RETURNS AFTER 17 YEARS

Bagdad—Lawrence Penton, an English lad, who was kidnapped from his parents seventeen years ago when only five years old, has returned to his family. His abductor was a Persian who took the lad to Teheran. On his death bed he revealed the fact that he had stolen Lawrence.

WILL HAVE OYSTER SUPPER

Members of Brown Township Farm Bureau, and their families are requested to be present on Monday evening, Jan. 29th at 6 P. M. in the dining hall of the centralized school where an oyster supper will be served. The regular program will be given at 7:30 and a good attendance is desired. Oscar Pearson will deliver the main address.

NOTICE

To the Lake Erie & Western Railroad Company, and to All Others Concerned:
You are hereby notified that on the 28th day of December, 1921, the Board of Public Works, duly and legally adopted a resolution concerning the building of a subway under the tracks of the Lake Erie & Western Railroad Company, where the same intersects with Nichols Avenue, in the City of Muncie, Indiana, and the adoption of the Resolution Concerning the Same.

D. R. No. 324, 1921.
To the Lake Erie & Western Railroad Company, and to All Others Concerned:
You are hereby notified that on the 28th day of December, 1921, the Board of Public Works, duly and legally adopted a resolution concerning the building of a subway under the tracks of the Lake Erie & Western Railroad Company, where the same intersects with Nichols Avenue, in the City of Muncie, Indiana, and the adoption of the Resolution Concerning the Same.

Whereas, on the 28th day of October, 1921, this board adopted a resolution requiring the Lake Erie & Western Railroad Company to prepare and file with this board, plans and specifications for a subway, in particular covering all work required to be done in constructing a subway underneath its tracks where the same intersects with Nichols Avenue in the City of Muncie, and for all work required to be done in the construction of such improvement, the same to be so filed within sixty (60) days from said date, and also at the same time to file with the board an itemized estimate of the cost of such subway, and to be specified in said plans and specifications, and

Whereas, on the 2nd day of November, 1921, said railroad company, filed its written remonstrance remonstrating against the filing of said plans and specifications, and itemized costs of said subway, and

Whereas, since said time and day, more than sixty (60) days have elapsed since the resolution was served upon said company, and said railroad company having failed to comply with the order of this board in the premises, and

Whereas, in view of said refusal by said railroad company to comply with the order of this board, and said resolution, this board now resolves, to, and within one hundred twenty (120) days, cause such plans and specifications, and itemized costs, to be prepared and filed with this board, and the city civil engineer, hereby directed to prepare and file with this board, plans and specifications, and itemized estimate of costs of such subway, as indicated in said resolution provided.

And be it further resolved, that the remonstrance heretofore referred to be, and the same is in all things overruled. Adopted this 28th day of December, 1921. Signed by ALFRED DAVIS, R. MILIT RETHERFORD, CHAS. EMERSON.

Board of Public Works
And notice is hereby further given that on the 2nd day of January, 1922, the City of Muncie by its city civil engineer, filed with the Board of Public Works, plans and specifications, and itemized estimates of the costs of the construction of said subway, which are now on file in the office of the Board of Public Works, and the Board of Public Works, on the 23rd day of January, 1922, being the date on which the said board shall receive and hear remonstrances if any, and thereupon take final action, modify or change such resolution, as may be deemed proper, and shall at said hearing, order, allow or disallow the estimates of the costs as placed on file by said city.

Dated this 28th day of December, 1922.

B. F. BRADY, CHARLES F. BOWDEN, J. R. MURPHY, Board of Public Works.

Jan. 6-13.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS

State of Indiana, Delaware County, SS:—In Delaware Superior Court, November Term, 1921.

In Re: The Petition of Harriet C. Newell, et al., for Drainage, No. 62, filed with the Board of Public Works, plans and specifications, and itemized estimates of the costs of the construction of said subway, which are now on file in the office of the Board of Public Works, and the Board of Public Works, on the 23rd day of January, 1922, being the date on which the said board shall receive and hear remonstrances if any, and thereupon take final action, modify or change such resolution, as may be deemed proper, and shall at said hearing, order, allow or disallow the estimates of the costs as placed on file by said city.

Dated this 28th day of December, 1922. B. F. BRADY, CHARLES F. BOWDEN, J. R. MURPHY, Board of Public Works.

Jan. 6-13.

BANK STATEMENT

O. W. STORER, President of the Muncie Banking Co., Bank at Muncie, in the State of Indiana, at the close of its business on Dec. 31st, 1921.

Resources	
Loans and Discounts	\$7,415.10
Other Bonds and Securities	11,680.83
Furniture and Fixtures	1,000.00
Due from Banks and Trust Co's	8,095.84
Cash on Hand	500.54
Current Expenses	424.01
Total Resources	\$21,396.52
Liabilities	
Capital Stock—paid in	\$10,000.00
Surplus	4,082.93
Undivided Profits	470.02
Demand Deposits	6,843.57
Total Liabilities	\$21,396.52

State of Indiana, County of Delaware, SS:—I, O. W. Storer, President of the Muncie Banking Co., do solemnly swear the above statement is true.

O. W. STORER, Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 5th day of January, 1922.

THEODORE T. HAPNER, Notary Public. My commission expires Sept. 28, 1922.